

# **AIR-COOLED SCROLL CHILLER**

INSTALLATION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE

Supersedes: QTC3-NM1 (1115)

Form QTC3-NM1 (916)

035-24487-000

# QTC3055T - QTC3205T WITH BRAZED PLATE HEAT EXCHANGER STYLE B (60 HZ) 4-10 FAN 55 - 200 TON 195 - 700 KW



R-410A





# **IMPORTANT!**

# READ BEFORE PROCEEDING!

# **GENERAL SAFETY GUIDELINES**

This equipment is a relatively complicated apparatus. During rigging, installation, operation, maintenance, or service, individuals may be exposed to certain components or conditions including, but not limited to: heavy objects, refrigerants, materials under pressure, rotating components, and both high and low voltage. Each of these items has the potential, if misused or handled improperly, to cause bodily injury or death. It is the obligation and responsibility of rigging, installation, and operating/service personnel to identify and recognize these inherent hazards, protect themselves, and proceed safely in completing their tasks. Failure to comply with any of these requirements could result in serious damage to the equipment and the property in

which it is situated, as well as severe personal injury or death to themselves and people at the site.

This document is intended for use by owner-authorized rigging, installation, and operating/service personnel. It is expected that these individuals possess independent training that will enable them to perform their assigned tasks properly and safely. It is essential that, prior to performing any task on this equipment, this individual shall have read and understood the on-product labels, this document and any referenced materials. This individual shall also be familiar with and comply with all applicable industry and governmental standards and regulations pertaining to the task in question.

## SAFETY SYMBOLS

The following symbols are used in this document to alert the reader to specific situations:



Indicates a possible hazardous situation which will result in death or serious injury if proper care is not taken.



Identifies a hazard which could lead to damage to the machine, damage to other equipment and/or environmental pollution if proper care is not taken or instructions and are not followed.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which will result in possible injuries or damage to equipment if proper care is not taken.



Highlights additional information useful to the technician in completing the work being performed properly.



External wiring, unless specified as an optional connection in the manufacturer's product line, is not to be connected inside the control cabinet. Devices such as relays, switches, transducers and controls and any external wiring must not be installed inside the micro panel. All wiring must be in accordance with Quantech<sup>TM</sup>' published specifications and must be performed only by a qualified electrician. Quantech will NOT be responsible for damage/problems resulting from improper connections to the controls or application of improper control signals. Failure to follow this warning will void the manufacturer's warranty and cause serious damage to property or personal injury.

# **CHANGEABILITY OF THIS DOCUMENT**

In complying with Quantech's policy for continuous product improvement, the information contained in this document is subject to change without notice. Quantech makes no commitment to update or provide current information automatically to the manual or product owner. Updated manuals, if applicable, can be obtained by contacting the nearest Quantech sales office.

Operating/service personnel maintain responsibility for the applicability of these documents to the equipment. If there is any question regarding the applicability of these documents, the technician should verify whether the equipment has been modified and if current literature is available from the owner of the equipment prior to performing any work on the chiller.

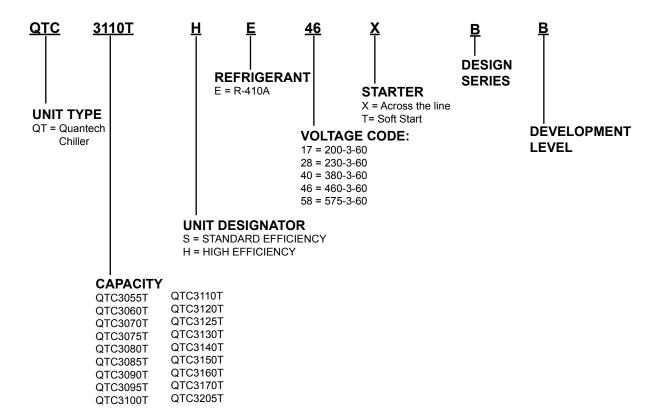
#### **CHANGE BARS**

Revisions made to this document are indicated with a line along the left or right hand column in the area the revision was made. These revisions are to technical information and any other changes in spelling, grammar or formatting are not included.

# **ASSOCIATED LITERATURE**

Manual Description	Form Number
Renewal Parts - QTC3070T-QTC3110 Style B 60 Hz	QTC3-RP3
Equipment Standard Limited Warranty	QTC-NM2

# **NOMENCLATURE**



# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

SECTION 1 - GENERAL CHILLER INFORMATION AND SAFETY	11
Introduction	11
Warranty	11
Handling	11
Safety And Quality	11
About This Manual	12
Misuse Of Equipment	12
SECTION 2 – PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	15
Introduction	
General System Description	
Communications	
Building Automation System Interface	
Power Panel	
Accessories And Options	
Accessories And Options	10
SECTION 2 DISCINIC HANDLING AND STORAGE	24
SECTION 3 – RIGGING, HANDLING AND STORAGE	
Lifting Weights	
Delivery and Storage	
Inspection	
Moving the Chiller	
Unit Removal From Shipping Container	
Lifting Using Lugs	
Lifting Using Shackles	32
SECTION 4 – INSTALLATION	
Installation Checklist	
Startup/Commissioning	
Location And Clearances	
Spring Isolators (Optional)	
Compressor Mounting	
Remote Cooler Option	
Chilled Liquid Piping	
Pipework Arrangement	
Wiring	
Relief Valves	
High Pressure Cutout	38
Single-Point Supply Connection – Terminal Block, Non-Fused	
Disconnect Switch Or Circuit Breaker	39
SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA	43
Operational Limitations (English)	
Physical Data QTC3055T – QTC3205T 60Hz	46
Physical Data QTC3055T – QTC3205T 60Hz	47
Electrical Data	48
Compressor Heaters	48
Electrical Notes	56
Dimensions	96

# TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONT'D)

	Weight Distribution And Isolator Mounting Positions	103
	Clearances	
	Isolator Locations	105
	Isolator Information	108
SE	ECTION 6 - COMMISSIONING	
	Preparation – Power Off	
	Preparation – Power On	116
SE	ECTION 7 – UNIT CONTROLS	121
	Introduction	121
	IPU II And I/O Boards	121
	Transformer	
	Display	
	Keypad	
	Unit Switch	
	Battery Back-Up	
	Programming # Of Compressors	
	Status Key	
	Display/Print Keys	
	Entry Keys	
	Setpoints Keys	
	Schedule/Advance Day Key	
	Program Key	
	Unit Keys	
	Bacnet, Modbus, N2 And E-Link Communications	
		-
SE	ECTION 8 – UNIT OPERATION	163
	Unit Operating Sequence	163
	Capacity Control	
	Suction Pressure Limit Controls	164
	Discharge Pressure Limit Controls	164
	Leaving Chilled Liquid Control	
	Leaving Chilled Liquid Control Override To Reduce Cycling	
	Leaving Chilled Liquid System Lead/Lag and Compressor Sequencing	
	Return Chilled Liquid Control	
	Return Chilled Liquid System Lead/Lag and Compressor Sequencing	
	Anti-Recycle Timer	
	Anti-Coincidence Timer	
	Evaporator Pump Control And Hydro Kit Pump Control	
	Evaporator Heater Control	
	Pumpdown Control	
	Standard Condenser Fan Control	
	Load Limiting	
	Compressor Run Status	
	Alarm Status	
	Remote BAS/EMS Temperature Reset Using A Voltage Or Current Signal	
	,	

# TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONT'D)

SECTION 9 - SERVICE AND TROUBLESHOOTING	173
Clearing History Buffers	
Service Mode	
Service Mode – Outputs	
Service Mode – Chiller Configuration	174
Service Mode – Analog And Digital Inputs	
Control Inputs/Outputs	
Checking Inputs And Outputs	
Optional Printer Installation	
Troubleshooting	
SECTION 10 – MAINTENANCE	185
Compressors	
Condenser Fan Motors	
Condenser MCHX Cleaning	
Operating Parameters	186
On-Board Battery Back-Up	
Brazed Plate Heat Exchanger (Evaporator) Heater	
Overall Unit Inspection	
Temperature	

# **LIST OF FIGURES**

FIGURE 1 - Unit Components (Front)	20
FIGURE 2 - Unit Components (Side)	21
FIGURE 3 - Power Panel Components	22
FIGURE 4 - Power Panel / Control Components	23
FIGURE 5 - Process And Instrumentation Diagram	29
FIGURE 6 - Unit Rigging/Lifting Points	33
FIGURE 7 - Chilled Liquid System	37
FIGURE 8 - Single-Point Supply Connection – Terminal Block, Non-Fused Disconnect Switch Or	
Circuit Breaker Or Circuit Breaker	
FIGURE 9 - Control Wiring Inputs	
FIGURE 10 - Control Wiring Outputs	
FIGURE 11 - Elementary Wiring Diagram	
FIGURE 12 - Elementary Wiring Diagram	
FIGURE 13 - Elementary Wiring Diagram	
FIGURE 14 - Elementary Wiring Diagram	
FIGURE 15 - Fan Wiring, Standard Low Sound Or Ultra Quiet, QTC3070T - QTC3205T	
FIGURE 16 - Fan Wiring, Standard Low Sound Or Ultra Quiet, QTC3070T - QTC3205T	70
FIGURE 17 - Fan Wiring, High Air Flow	72
FIGURE 18 - Fan Wiring, High Air Flow	74
FIGURE 19 - Single And Dual Point Wiring Options	
FIGURE 20 - Pump Wiring	79
FIGURE 21 - Compressor Wiring	80
FIGURE 22 - Compressor Wiring	82
FIGURE 23 - Power Options Connection Diagram	84
FIGURE 24 - Power Options Connection Diagram	86
FIGURE 25 - Power Panel	
FIGURE 26 - Power Panel	90
FIGURE 27 - Micro Panel Connections	92
FIGURE 28 - Micro Panel Connections	94
FIGURE 29 - Sample Printout Supplied In The Isolator Package And In The Chiller Panel Literature Packet.	103
FIGURE 30 - Unit Clearances – All Models	104
FIGURE 31 - Status Key Messages Quick Reference List	128
FIGURE 32 - Operation Data	132
FIGURE 33 - Setpoints Quick Reference List	
FIGURE 34 - Unit Keys Options Programming Quick Reference List	
FIGURE 35 - Micro Panel Connections	152
FIGURE 36 - Leaving Water Temperature Control Example	164
FIGURE 37 - Setpoint Adjust	
FIGURE 38 - Condenser Fan Locations	168
FIGURE 39 - Microboard Layout	176
FIGURE 40 - I/O Board Relay Contact Architecture	180
FIGURE 41 - Printer To Microboard Electrical Connections	181

# **LIST OF TABLES**

TABLE 1 - Canadian Registration Numbers	16
TABLE 2 - Complete Pin Number Description	
TABLE 3 - Temperatures And Flows	43
TABLE 4 - Ethylene And Propylene Glycol Correction Factors	44
TABLE 5 - Physical Data (English) 60 Hz	46
TABLE 6 - Micropanel Power Supply	48
TABLE 7 - Voltage Range	48
TABLE 8 - Pump Electrical Data (60 hz)	49
TABLE 9 - Electrical Data Without Pumps	50
TABLE 10 - Transformer Load	52
TABLE 11 - Wiring Lugs	54
TABLE 12 - Cooling Setpoint, Programmable Limits And Defaults	140
TABLE 13 - Program Key Limits And Default	142
TABLE 14 - Minimum, Maximum And Default Values	152
TABLE 15 - Values Required For Bas Communication	153
TABLE 16 - Real Time Error Numbers	154
TABLE 17 - Bacnet And Modbus Communications Data Map	155
TABLE 18 - E-Link Communications Data Map	
TABLE 19 - Sample Compressor Staging For Return Water Control	
TABLE 20 - Return Chilled Liquid Control For 4 Compressors (6 Steps)	165
TABLE 21 - Lead/Lag Return Chilled Liquid Control For 4 Compressors (6 Steps)	166
TABLE 22 - QTC3 Standard Condenser Fan Control Using Discharge Pressure Only	
(2, 3, Or 4 Fans Per System)	169
TABLE 23 - QTC3 Standard Condenser Fan Control Using Discharge Pressure Only	470
(5 Or 6 Fans Per System)	
TABLE 24 - Compressor Operation Load Limiting	
TABLE 25 - I/O Digital Inputs	
TABLE 26 - I/O Digital Outputs	
TABLE 27 - I/O Analog Inputs	
TABLE 28 - I/O Analog Outputs	
TABLE 29 - Outdoor Air Sensor Temperature/Voltage/Correlation	
TABLE 30 - Entering/Leaving Chilled Liquid Temp. Sensor, Temperature/Voltage Correlation	
TABLE 31 - Pressure Transducers	
TABLE 32 - Troubleshooting	
TABLE 33 - SI Metric Conversion	189

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# SECTION 1 - GENERAL CHILLER INFORMATION AND SAFETY

#### INTRODUCTION

QTC3 chillers are manufactured to the highest design and construction standards to ensure high performance, reliability and adaptability to all types of air conditioning installations.

Rigging and lifting should only be done by a professional rigger in accordance with a written rigging and lifting plan. The most appropriate rigging and lifting method will depend on job specific factors, such as the rigging equipment available and site needs. Therefore a professional rigger must determine the rigging and lifting method to be used, and it is beyond the scope of the manual to specify rigging and lifting details.

This manual contains all the information required for correct installation and commissioning of the unit, together with operating and maintenance instructions. The manuals should be read thoroughly before attempting to operate or service the unit.

All procedures detailed in the manuals, including installation, commissioning and maintenance tasks must only be performed by suitably trained and qualified personnel.

The manufacturer will not be liable for any injury or damage caused by incorrect installation, commissioning, operation or maintenance resulting from a failure to follow the procedures and instructions detailed in the manuals.

## **WARRANTY**

Quantech warrants all equipment and materials against defects in workmanship and materials for a period of eighteen months from date of shipment, or 12 months from date of start-up, whichever occurs first, unless labor or extended warranty has been purchased as part of the contract.

The warranty is limited to parts only replacement and shipping of any faulty part, or sub-assembly, which has failed due to poor quality or manufacturing errors. All claims must be supported by evidence that the failure has occurred within the warranty period, and that the unit has been operated within the designed parameters specified.

All warranty claims must specify the unit model, serial number, order number and run hours/starts. Model and

serial number information is printed on the unit identification plate.

The unit warranty will be void if any modification to the unit is carried out without prior written approval from Quantech.

For warranty purposes, the following conditions must be satisfied:

- The initial start of the unit must be carried out by trained personnel from an Authorized Quantech Service Center (see SECTION 6 – COMMIS-SIONING).
- Only genuine approved spare parts, oils, coolants, and refrigerants must be used.
- All the scheduled maintenance operations detailed in this manual must be performed at the specified times by suitably trained and qualified personnel (see SECTION 10 MAINTENANCE).
- Failure to satisfy any of these conditions will automatically void the warranty (see *Warranty* on this page).

#### **HANDLING**

These units are shipped as completely assembled units containing full operating charge, and care should be taken to avoid damage due to rough handling.

#### SAFETY AND QUALITY

#### Standards for Safety and Quality

QTC3 chillers are designed and built within an ISO 9002 accredited design and manufacturing organization. The chillers comply with the applicable sections of the following Standards and Codes:

- ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 15 Safety Code for Mechanical Refrigeration.
- ANSI/NFPA Standard 70 National Electrical Code (N.E.C.).
- ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code Section VIII Division 1
- ARI Standard 550/590 Positive Displacement Compressors and Air Cooled Rotary Screw Water Chilling Packages.

- ASHRAE 90.1 Energy Efficiency compliance.
- Conform to Intertek Testing Services, formerly ETL, for construction of chillers and provide ETL/cETL listing label.
- Manufactured in facility registered to ISO 9002.
- OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Act.

In addition, the chillers conform to Underwriters Laboratories (U.L.) for construction of chillers and provide U.L./cU.L. Listing Label.

# Responsibility for Safety

Every care has been taken in the design and manufacture of the unit to ensure compliance with the safety requirements listed above. However, the individual rigging, lifting, maintaining, operating or working on any machinery is primarily responsible for:

- Personal safety, safety of other personnel, and the machinery.
- Correct utilization of the machinery in accordance with the procedures detailed in the manuals.

#### **ABOUT THIS MANUAL**

The following terms are used in this document to alert the reader to areas of potential hazard.



A WARNING is given in this document to identify a hazard, which could lead to personal injury. Usually an instruction will be given, together with a brief explanation and the possible result of ignoring the instruction.



A CAUTION identifies a hazard which could lead to damage to the machine, damage to other equipment and/or environmental pollution. Usually an instruction will be given, together with a brief explanation and the possible result of ignoring the instruction.



A NOTE is used to highlight additional information, which may be helpful to you but where there are no special safety implications.

The contents of this manual include suggested best working practices and procedures. These are issued for guidance only, and they do not take precedence over the above stated individual responsibility and/or local safety regulations.

This manual and any other document supplied with the unit are the property of Quantech which reserves all rights. They may not be reproduced, in whole or in part, without prior written authorization from an authorized Quantech representative.

#### **MISUSE OF EQUIPMENT**

# **Suitability for Application**

The unit is intended for cooling water or glycol solutions and is not suitable for purposes other than those specified in these instructions. Any use of the equipment other than its intended use, or operation of the equipment contrary to the relevant procedures may result in injury to the operator, or damage to the equipment.

The unit must not be operated outside the design parameters specified in this manual.

# **Structural Support**

Structural support of the unit must be provided as indicated in these instructions. Failure to provide proper support may result in injury to the operator, or damage to the equipment and/or building.

#### **Mechanical Strength**

The unit is not designed to withstand loads or stresses from adjacent equipment, pipework or structures. Additional components must not be mounted on the unit. Any such extraneous loads may cause structural failure and may result in injury to the operator, or damage to the equipment.

#### **General Access**

There are a number of areas and features, which may be a hazard and potentially cause injury when working on the unit unless suitable safety precautions are taken. It is important to ensure access to the unit is restricted to suitably qualified persons who are familiar with the potential hazards and precautions necessary for safe operation and maintenance of equipment containing high temperatures, pressures and voltages.

## **Pressure Systems**

The unit contains refrigerant vapor and liquid under pressure, release of which can be a danger and cause injury. The user should ensure that care is taken during installation, operation and maintenance to avoid damage to the pressure system. No attempt should be made to gain access to the component parts of the pressure system other than by suitably trained and qualified personnel.

#### **Electrical**

The unit must be grounded. No installation or maintenance work should be attempted on the electrical equipment without first switching power OFF, isolating and locking-off the power supply. Servicing and maintenance on live equipment must only be performed by suitably trained and qualified personnel. No attempt should be made to gain access to the control panel or electrical enclosures during normal operation of the unit.

# **Rotating Parts**

Fan guards must be fitted at all times and not removed unless the power supply has been isolated. If ductwork is to be fitted, requiring the wire fan guards to be removed, alternative safety measures must be taken to protect against the risk of injury from rotating fans.

# **Sharp Edges**

The fins on the air-cooled condenser coils have sharp metal edges. Reasonable care should be taken when working in contact with the coils to avoid the risk of minor abrasions and lacerations. The use of gloves is recommended.

Frame rails, brakes, and other components may also have sharp edges. Reasonable care should be taken when working in contact with any components to avoid risk of minor abrasions and lacerations.

## Refrigerants and Oils

Refrigerants and oils used in the unit are generally non-toxic, non-flammable and non-corrosive, and pose no special safety hazards. Use of gloves and safety glasses is, however, recommended when working on the unit. The build up of refrigerant vapor, from a leak for example, does pose a risk of asphyxiation in confined or enclosed spaces and attention should be given to good ventilation.

Use only the refrigerant specifically designated for the unit. Any other type of refrigerant may cause damage to the equipment and will void the warranty.

# **High Temperature and Pressure Cleaning**

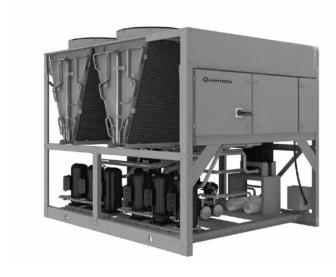
High temperature and pressure cleaning methods (e.g. steam cleaning) should not be used on any part of the pressure system as this may cause operation of the pressure relief device(s). Detergents and solvents, which may cause corrosion, should also be avoided.

# **Emergency Shutdown**

In case of emergency, the control panel is fitted with a Unit Switch to stop the unit in an emergency. When operated, it removes the low voltage 120VAC electrical supply from the unit controller, thus shutting down the unit.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# **SECTION 2 – PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**



#### INTRODUCTION

QTC3 Air-Cooled Scroll Chillers provide chilled water for all air conditioning applications using central station air handling or terminal units. They are completely self-contained and are designed for outdoor (roof or ground level) installation. Each complete packaged unit includes hermetic scroll compressors, a liquid cooler, air cooled condenser, a charge of Zero Ozone Depletion Potential Refrigerant R-410A and a weather resistant microprocessor control center, all mounted on a rugged steel base.

The units are completely assembled with all interconnecting refrigerant piping and internal wiring, ready for field installation.

Prior to delivery, the packaged unit is pressure-tested, evacuated, and fully charged with Refrigerant R-410A and oil. After assembly, a complete operational test is performed with water flowing through the cooler to assure that the refrigeration circuit operates correctly.

The unit structure is heavy-gauge, galvanized steel. This galvanized steel is coated with baked-on powder paint, which, when subjected to ASTM B117 1000 hour, salt spray testing, yields a minimum ASTM 1654 rating of "6". Units are designed in accordance with NFPA 70 (National Electric Code), ASHRAE/ANSI 15 Safety code for mechanical refrigeration, ASME, and rated in accordance with ARI Standard 550/590.

#### **GENERAL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION**

## Compressors

The chiller has suction-gas cooled, hermetic, scroll compressors. The QTC3 compressors incorporate a compliant scroll design in both the axial and radial direction. All rotating parts are statically and dynamically balanced. A large internal volume and oil reservoir provides greater liquid tolerance. Compressor crankcase heaters are also included for extra protection against liquid migration.

# **Brazed Plate Heat Exchanger**

The compact, high efficiency Brazed Plate Heat Exchanger (BPHE) is constructed with 316L stainless steel corrugated channel plates with a filler material between each plate. It offers excellent heat transfer performance with a compact size and low weight, reducing structural steel requirements on the job site.

The heat exchanger is manufactured using a precisely controlled vacuum-brazing process that allows the filler material to form a brazed joint at every contact point between the plates, creating complex channels. The arrangement is similar to older plate and frame technology, but without gaskets and frame parts.

Water inlet and outlet connections are grooved for compatibility with field supplied ANSI/AWWA C-606 couplings.

The evaporator is equipped with a thermostat-controlled heater. The heater provides freeze protection for the evaporator down to -20°F (-29°C) ambient. The evaporator is covered with 3/4" flexible, closed-cell, foam insulation (K=0.25).

A 1/16" (1.6mm) mesh wye-strainer is provided as standard for installation upstream of the heat exchanger to prevent clogging from water system debris.

# Canadian Registration Number (CRN) Application & Proof of Conformance

Since all QTC3 brazed plate evaporators are categorized as pressure "H" fittings per CSA-B51, a CRN label or marking is not provided on the evaporator. According to the Canadian Standards Association's Boiler, Pressure Vessel, and Pressure Piping Code B-51 (2009 version), a product registered as a category "H" fitting does not require a label or marking displaying the CRN.

**TABLE 1 - CANADIAN REGISTRATION NUMBERS** 

CANADIAN PROVINCE	CRN#
BC	OH13953.51
AB	OH13953.52
ON	OH13953.5
PQ/MB/SK	OH13953.56
NB	OH13953.57
NS	OH13953.58
PEI	OH13953.59
NF	OH13953.50
NU	OH13953.5N
NWT	OH13953.5T
YU	OH13953.5Y

#### Condenser

# Microchannel Condenser (MCHX)

MCHX Condensers are made of a single material to avoid galvanic corrosion due to dissimilar metals. MCHX and headers are brazed as one piece. Integral sub cooling is included. The design working pressure of the MCHX is 650 PSIG (45 bar). MCHX Condenser is easily washable with clear water.

#### **Fans**

The condenser fans are composed of corrosion resistant aluminum hub and glass-fiber reinforced polypropylene composite blades molded into a low noise airfoil section. They are designed for maximum efficiency and are statically and dynamically balanced for

vibration free operation. They are directly driven by independent motors, and positioned for vertical air discharge. The fan guards are constructed of heavy gauge, rust resistant, coated steel. All blades are statically and dynamically balanced for vibration free operation.

#### Motors

The fan motors are Totally Enclosed Air-Over, and are current protected. They feature ball bearings that are double sealed and permanently lubricated.

#### **Control Center**

All controls are contained in a NEMA 3R/12 cabinet with hinged outer door and includes a Liquid Crystal Display with Light Emitting Diode backlighting for outdoor viewing:

- Two display lines
- Twenty characters per line

# Display/Print Keys

- Color coded 12-button non-tactile keypad with sections for display and print of typical information:
- Chilled liquid temperatures
- Ambient temperature
- System pressures (each circuit)
- Operating hours and starts (each compressor)
- Print calls up to the liquid crystal display
- Operating data for the systems
- History of fault shutdown data for up to the last six fault shutdown conditions.
- An RS-232 port, in conjunction with this press-toprint button, is provided to permit the capability of hard copy print-outs via a separate printer (by others).

# Entry Keys

This section is used to enter setpoints or modify system values.

#### Setpoints Keys

Updating can be performed to:

- Chilled liquid temperature setpoint and range
- Remote reset temperature range
- Set daily schedule/holiday for start/stop
- · Manual override for servicing
- Low and high ambient cutouts

- Number of compressors
- · Low liquid temperature cutout
- · Low suction pressure cutout
- High discharge pressure cutout
- Anti-recycle timer (compressor start cycle time)
- Anti-coincident timer (delay compressor starts)

## **Unit Keys**

This section is used to:

- Set time
- · Set unit options

## Oper Data Key

The microprocessor control center is capable of displaying the following:

- Return and leaving liquid temperature
- Low leaving liquid temperature cutout setting
- · Low ambient temperature cutout setting
- · Outdoor air temperature
- English or Metric data
- · Suction pressure cutout setting
- · Each system suction pressure
- Discharge pressure (optional)
- Liquid Temperature Reset via a Johnson Controls ISN DDC or Building Automation System (by others) via a 4 to 20 milliamp or 0 to 10VDC input
- Anti-recycle timer status for each system
- Anti-coincident system start timer condition
- Compressor run status
- No cooling load condition
- Day, date and time
- Daily start/stop times
- Holiday status
- Automatic or manual system lead/lag control
- Lead system definition
- · Compressor starts and operating hours
- (each compressor)
- Status of hot gas valves, evaporator heater and fan operation
- Run permissive status
- · Number of compressors running
- Liquid solenoid valve status

- Load and unload timer status
- Water pump status

Provisions are included for: pumpdown at shutdown; optional remote chilled water temperature reset and two steps of demand load limiting from an external building automation system. Unit alarm contacts are standard.

The operating program is stored in non-volatile-memory, battery backed RAM to eliminate chiller failure due to AC powered failure/battery discharge. Programmed setpoints are retained in lithium battery-backed RTC memory for 5 years minimum.

#### COMMUNICATIONS

- Native communication capability for BACnet (MS/TP) and Modbus.
- Optional communication available for N2 and LON via eLink Gateway option.

# BUILDING AUTOMATION SYSTEM INTERFACE

The Microprocessor Board can accept a 4 to 20 milliamp, or 0 to 10 VDC input to reset the leaving chiller liquid temperature from a Building Automation System.

- The standard unit capabilities include remote start-stop, remote water temperature reset via a PWM 4 to 20 milliamp or 0 to 10VDC input signal or up to two stages of demand (load) limiting depending on model.
- The standard control panel can be directly connected to a Johnson Controls Building Automated System.

#### **POWER PANEL**

Each panel contains:

- Compressor power terminals
- Compressor motor starting contactors per I.E.C.
- Control power terminals to accept incoming for 115-1-60 control power
- Fan contactors and overload current protection

The power wiring is routed through liquid-tight conduit to the compressors and fans.

#### **ACCESSORIES AND OPTIONS**

## **Power Options**

# Single-Point Non-Fused Disconnect Switch

Unit-mounted disconnect switch with external, lockable handle (in compliance with Article 440-14 of N.E.C.), can be supplied to isolate the unit power voltage for servicing. Separate external fusing must be supplied, by others in the power wiring, which must comply with the National Electrical Code and/or local codes.

# Single-Point Circuit Breaker

A unit mounted circuit breaker with external, lockable handle (in compliance with N.E.C. Article 440-14), can be supplied to isolate the power voltage for servicing. (This option includes the Single-Point Power connection.)

#### Control Transformer

Converts unit power voltage to 115-1-60 (2.0 or 3.0 KVA capacity). Factory mounting includes primary and secondary wiring between the transformer and the control panel. (**Factory-mounted**)

# **Control Options**

# Ambient Kit (Low)

Units will operate to 30°F (-1.1°C). This accessory includes all necessary components to permit chiller operation to 0°F (-18°C). (This option includes the Discharge Pressure Transducer/Readout Capability option.) For proper head pressure control in applications below 30°F (-1°C) where wind gusts may exceed 5 mph, it is recommended that Optional Condenser Louvered Enclosure Panels also be included. (**Factory-mounted**)

# Language LCD and Keypad Display

Spanish, French, German, and Italian unit LCD controls and keypad display available. Standard language is English.

# Compressor, Piping, Evaporator Options Low Temperature Glycol

Replaces standard Thermostatic Expansion Valves with Electronic Expansion Valves to achieve leaving glycol temperatures as low as 10°F (-12°C). Required for any leaving liquid temperature below 30°F (-1°C). Electronic Expansion Valves permit operation at both low temperatures and comfort cooling applications without a capacity loss or derate at either condition. (Factory installed)

# Chicago Code Relief Valves

Unit will be provided with relief valves to meet Chicago code requirements. (Factory-Mounted)

#### Service Suction Isolation Valve

Service suction (ball-type) isolation valves are added to unit per system (discharge service ball-type isolation valve is standard on each circuit). (Factory-Mounted)

# Hot Gas By-Pass

Permits continuous, stable operation at capacities below the minimum step of compressor unloading to as low as 5% capacity (depending on both the unit and operating conditions) by introducing an artificial load on the cooler. Hot gas by-pass is installed on only refrigerant system #1 on two-circuited units. (Factory-Mounted)

## Flanges (ANSI/AWWA C-606 couplings Type)

Consists of (2) Flange adapters for grooved end pipe (standard 150 psi [10.5 bar] cooler). (Not available on optional DX cooler 300 PSIG DWP waterside.) (**Field-mounted**)

#### Flow Switch

A thermal-dispersion-type flow switch provides accurate, low-maintenance-flow proving and is included standard. It is factory-wired and installed in the extension pipe between evaporator outlet and edge of chiller. The extension pipe is secured to the chiller frame for shipping to avoid risk of damage to evaporator and is easily attached to the evaporator at startup using the supplied ANSI/AWWA C-606 connector. The flow switch can be deleted if alternate or existing flow switch is field supplied.

#### Hydro-Kit

Factory installed Hydro-Kit suitable for water and glycol systems with up to 35% glycol at leaving temperatures down to 20°F. The hydro-kit option is available in a single or dual configuration (dual as standby duty only), with totally enclosed permanently lubricated pump motors.

The hydro-kit option comes standard with a balancing valve, discharge check valve, discharge shutoff valve, thermal dispersion flow switch, pressure ports, inlet wye-strainer, bleed and drain valves and frost protection.

Service shut off valves, additional pressure ports and expansion tanks are optional within the hydro-kit option.

## **Condenser and Cabinet Options**

MCHX Condenser protection against corrosive environments is available by choosing any of the following options. For additional application recommendations, refer to FORM 150.12-ES1. (Factory-Mounted)

# Post-Coated Dipped MCHX Condenser

The unit MCHX is available with post dipped-epoxy MCHX condenser coils. This is recommended for seashore and other corrosive applications (with the exception of strong alkalies, oxidizers and wet bromine, chlorine and fluorine in concentrations greater than 100 ppm).

# **Enclosure Panels (Unit)**

Tamperproof Enclosure Panels prevent unauthorized access to units. Enclosure Panels can provide an aesthetically pleasing alternative to expensive fencing. Additionally, for proper head pressure control, Johnson Controls recommends the use of Condenser Louvered Panels for winter applications where wind gusts may exceed five miles per hour. The following types of enclosure panels are available:

- Wire Panels (Full Unit) Consists of welded wire-mesh guards mounted on the exterior of the unit. Prevents unauthorized access, yet provides free air flow. (Factory-Mounted)
- Wire/Louvered Panels Consists of welded wire-mesh panels on the bottom part of unit and louvered panels on the condenser section of the unit. (Factory-Mounted)
- Louvered Panels (MCHX Condenser Only)
   Louvered Panels are mounted on the sides and ends of the MCHX condenser for protection.
   (Factory-Mounted)
- Louvered Panels (Full Unit) Louvered panels surround the front, back, and sides of the unit. They prevent unauthorized access and visually screen unit components. Unrestricted air flow is permitted through generously sized louvered openings. This option is applicable for any outdoor design ambient temperature up to 115°F (46°). (Factory-Mounted)

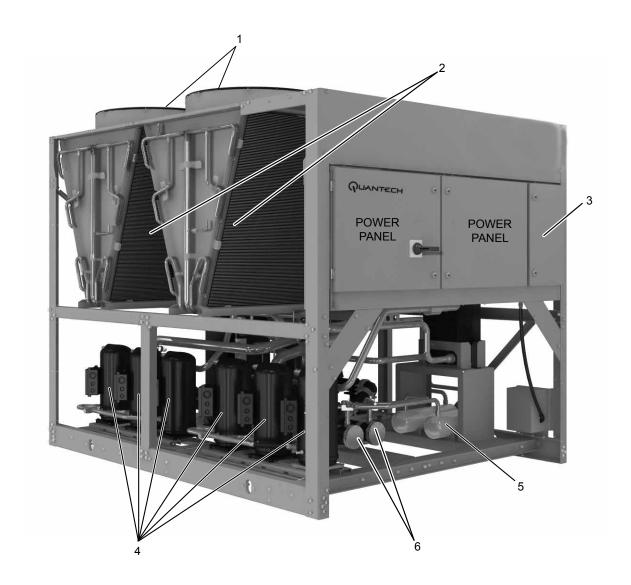
#### **Sound Attenuation**

The following sound attenuation option is recommended for residential or other similar sound sensitive locations:

• Ultra Quiet Fans – The chiller is equipped with specially designed fans and motors to provide lower sound levels yet retain appropriate airflow. The result is reduced fan generated sound with minimal effect on the chiller capacity or efficiency at standard AHRI conditions. The fans are three-bladed for 60Hz and five-bladed for 50Hz.

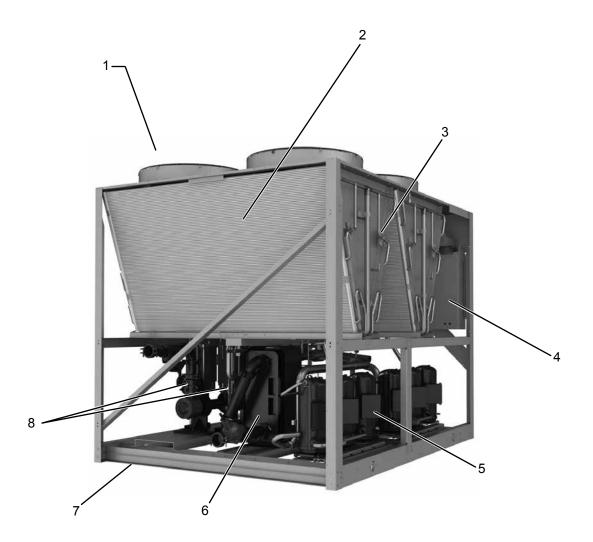
#### Vibration Isolators

Level adjusting, spring type 1" (25.4mm) or seismic deflection or neoprene pad isolators for mounting under unit base rails. (**Field-mounted**)



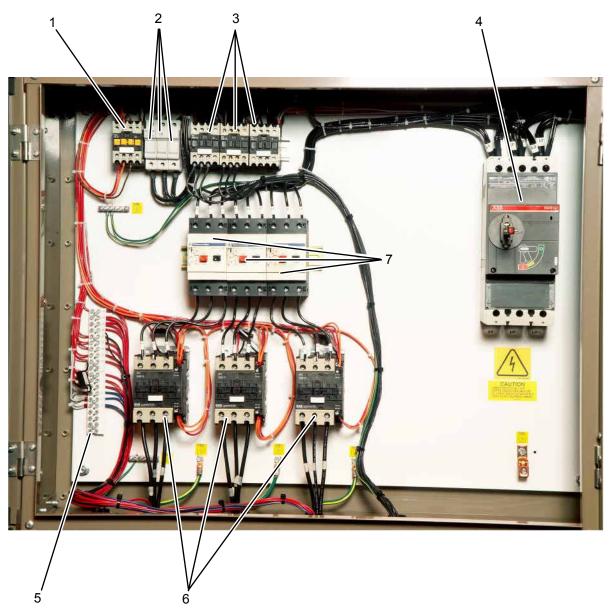
ITEM	DESCRIPTION		
1	Fan Assemblies		
2	MCHX Condenser		
3	Control Panel		
4	Compressors		
5	Receiver Included with Optional Heat Recovery Condenser		
6	Filter Driers		

# FIGURE 1 - UNIT COMPONENTS (FRONT)



ITEM	DESCRIPTION		
1	Fan Deck		
2	MCHX Condenser		
3	Coil Headers		
4	Control and Power Panels		
5	Compressors		
6	Brazed Plate Evaporator		
7	Formed Steel Base Rails		
8	Hydro-Kit Pumps And Motors (Optional)		

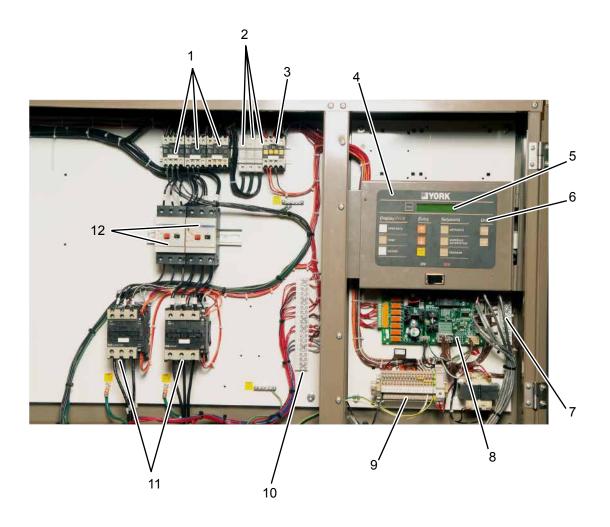
FIGURE 2 - UNIT COMPONENTS (SIDE)



LD13248

ITEM	DESCRIPTION		
1	Fan Contactor		
2	Fan Fuses		
3	Fan Contactor		
4	Disconnect Switch (Optional)		
5	XTBF1		
6	Compressor Contactors		
7	Compressor Overloads		

# FIGURE 3 - POWER PANEL COMPONENTS



LD13248

ITEM	DESCRIPTION		
1	Fan Contactor		
2	Fan Fuses		
3	Control Relay		
4	Microcomputer Control Center		
5	Display		
6	Keypad		
7	XTBC1		
8	Microboard		
9	XTCB2		
10	XTBF2		
11	Compressor Contactors		
12	Compressor Overloads		

FIGURE 4 - POWER PANEL / CONTROL COMPONENTS

# PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (PIN)

**TABLE 2 - COMPLETE PIN NUMBER DESCRIPTION** 

FEATURE	FEATURE DESCRIPTION	OPTION	OPTION DESCRIPTION
MODEL	Model (PIN 1-4)		QTC3
		055T	055T
		060T	060T
		070T	070T
		075T	075T
		080T	080T
		085T	085T
		090T	090T
		095T	095T
CAPACITY	Capacity	100T	100T
	(PIN 5-8)	110T	110T
		120T	120T
		125T	125T
		130T	130T
		140T	140T
		150T	150T
		160T 170T	160T 170T
		205T	205T
	Unit Designator	S S	Standard Efficiency
UNIT	(PIN 9)	Н	High Efficiency
REF.	Refrigerant (PIN 10)	E	R-410A
	i tomgoram (r m ro)	17	200/3/60
		28	230/3/60
VOLTO	Voltage	40	380/3/60
VOLTS	(PIN 11 & 12)	46	460/3/60
		50	380-415/3/50
		58	575/3/60
STARTER	Starter	X	Across the Line starter
	(PIN 13)	Т	Soft Start
		A	Design Series A (MicroChannel) Copeland Compressor
DESIGN	Design Series	В	Design Series C (MicroChannel CE/ETL Panel) Copeland Compressor
	(PIN 14)	С	Design Series D (MicroChannel) Bitzer Compressor
		D	Design Series F (MicroChannel CE/ETL Panel) Bitzer Compressor
DEV	Development Level (PIN 15)	В	Development Level B
DOM: ED	Power Field	SD	SP NF Disconnect Switch
POWER	(PIN 16 &17)	BX	SP Circuit Breaker w/ Lockable Handle
		Х	No Control Transformer Required
TRANS	Cntrl Transformer	Т	Control Transformer Required
	(PIN 18)	Q	Special Control Transformer Required
	Power Factor Capacitor	Х	No Power Capacitor required
PFC	(PIN 19)	С	Power Capacitor required
	(1 114 13)	Q	Special Power Capacitor required

TABLE 2 - COMPLETE PIN NUMBER DESCRIPTION (CONT'D)

FEATURE	FEATURE DESCRIPTION	OPTION	OPTION DESCRIPTION
		Н	High Ambient Kit Standard (factory)
	Ambient Kits	Α	Both Low/High Ambient Kit required (factory)
AMB	(PIN 20)	В	Both Low/High Ambient Kit w/Sunshield (factory)
	(111420)	S	High Ambient Kit w/Sunshield (factory)
		Q	Special Ambient Kit required
	Bas Reset/Offset (PIN 21)	X	BAS Reset/Offset required (standard)
BAS		L	LON E-Link Kit (factory)
		Q	Special BAS Reset/Offset required
		Х	English
		S	Spanish
		С	Chinese (Simplified) (Not Applicable to eLogia)
LCD	Language (PIN 22)	Е	English with Chinese Displayed Board (Not Applicable to eLogia)
		F	French
		G	German
		ī	Italian
	Readout Kits	В	Both Discharge & Suction Pressure Transducer Readout required
RDOUT	(PIN 23)	Q	Special Pressure Readout required
		c	European Saftey Code ( CE )
SAFETY	Safety Codes (PIN 24)	G	China Safety Code (GB) (Not Applicable to eLogia)
5/ ti 2 i i		L	N American Safety Code (cUL/cETL)
		X	X
SENSOR	PIN 25	Q	Special Quote
	Motor Current Module	C	Motor Current Module
PUMP	(PIN 26)	Q	Special Quote
	Remote Panel	X	No Remote Panel required
REMOTE	(PIN 27)	Q	Special Remote Panel required
	Sequence Kit	X	No Sequence Kit required
SEQ	(PIN 28)	Q	Special Sequence Kit required
TEMP	Leaving Water Temp (PIN 29,30)	NUM	Leaving Water Temp = Temp/Num Deg.
	(1 114 29,30)	X	No Chicago Code Kit required
	Chicago Code Kit (PIN 31)	В	Both Chicago Code & Serv Isolation
		С	Chicago Code & Servisolation  Chicago Code Kit required
CHICAGO		G	Both Suction Service Valve and Dual Relief Valve (Europe only)
CHICAGO		R	Dual Relief Valves no Suction Service Valve (Europe only)
		S	Service Isolation Valves
		Q	
	<u> </u>	X	Special Chicago Code Kit required
\/\\\/\\	Valves (PIN 32)	E	Standard Valves Req'd
VALVES			Electronic Expansion Valve
	Hot Gas Bypass (PIN 33)	Q	Special Optional Valves Req'd
HGBP		X	No Hot Gas Bypass required
		1	Hot Gas Bypass required - 1 circuit
	PIN 34	Q	Special Hot Gas Bypass required
GAUGE		X	X One sint Overte
	PIN 35	Q	Special Quote
OVERLOAD		X	X
		Q	Special Quote
PIN36	PIN 36	X	X
		Q	Special Quote

TABLE 2 - COMPLETE PIN NUMBER DESCRIPTION (CONT'D)

FEATURE	FEATURE DESCRIPTION	OPTION	OPTION DESCRIPTION
HTR	Crankcase Heater	Н	Crankcase Heater Standard
IIIK	(Pin 37)	Q	Special Crankcase Heater required
DWP	DWP	Х	150psig DWP Waterside
DVVF	(PIN 38)	Q	Special Quote
	Insulation	Х	Standard Insulation
INS	(PIN 39)	D	Double Thick Insulation
		Q	Special Insulation required
	Flanges (PIN 40)	Х	No Flanges required
FLANGES		V	Victaulic Flanges required
		Q	Special Flanges required
	Flow Switch (PIN 41)	Х	No Flow Switch required
FLOW		S	One Flow Switch Required
		Υ	Flow Switch With Extension Kit
		Α	ASME Pressure Vessel Codes
	Vessel Codes (PIN 42)	E	PED Pressure Vessel Codes
VESSEL		G	GB Pressure Vessel Codes
	, ,	Q	Special Quote
	Cooler	Х	Standard Cooler required
CLR	(PIN 43)	Q	Special Cooler required
	(1 114 10)	X	X
PIN44	PIN 44	Q	Special Quote
		X	Aluminum Coils
COILS	Coils	P	Post-Coated Dipped Coils
00.20	(PIN 45)	Q	Special Coils
	Heat Recovery (PIN 46)	X	No Option required
HEAT		Н	Heat Recovery
112/11		Q	Special Quote
	Fan Motors	X	TEAO Fan Motors
FANMOTORS	(PIN 47)	Q	Special Fan Motors required
	Enclosure Panels (PIN 48)	X	No Enclosure required
		1	Wire (Full Unit) Encl Panels (factory)
		2	Wire (Full Unit) Encl Panels (field)
		3	Wire/Louvered Encl Panels (factory)
		4	Wire/Louvered Encl Panels (field)
ENCL		5	Louvered (Cond only) Encl Panels (factory)
		6	Louvered (Cond only) Encl Panels (field)
		7	Louvered (Full Unit) Encl Panels (factory)
		8	Louvered (Full Unit) Encl Panels (field)
		Q	Special Enclosure Panels
	Acoustic Blanket	X	No Acoustic Blanket required
ACOUSTIC	(PIN 49)	Q	Special Acoustic Blanket required
	SR Documents (PIN 50)	X	No Documents Required
		A	Base, Material & Witness Documents
		В	Base Document
SRDOCS		M	Base & Material Documents
		W	Base & Witness Documents
		Q	Special Quote
		X	X
PIN 51	PIN 51	Q	Special Quote
	I	<u> </u>	Opecial Quote

TABLE 2 - COMPLETE PIN NUMBER DESCRIPTION (CONT'D)

FEATURE	FEATURE DESCRIPTION	OPTION	OPTION DESCRIPTION
	Sound Fans (PIN 52)	Х	Standard Low Sound Fans required
		Е	Low Sound Fans required (Vendor Specific)
FANS		L	Ultra Quiet Fans required
		U	Ultra Quiet Fans required (Vendor Specific)
		Q	Special Sound Fans required
PAINT	PIN 53	Х	X
PAINT		Q	Special Quote
		Х	No Isolators required
	Note that the state of the stat	1	1" Deflection Isolators required
ISOL	Vibration Isolators (PIN 54)	N	Neoprene Isolators required
	(1 114 34)	S	2" Deflection Isolators required
		Q	Special Isolators required
PIN 55	PIN 55		Marketing Purposes Only!
PIN 56	PIN 56		Marketing Purposes Only!
		Х	No Containerization required with Shipping Bag
	Ship Instructions (PIN 57)	Α	Buy American Act Compliance with Shipping Bag
		В	Both Buy American Act Compliance and Container Shipped without Shipping Bag (Factory Prep)
		С	Container Shipped without Shipping Bag (Factory Load)
		D	Container Shipped with Shipping Bag (Factory Load US Port)
		E	Container Shipped with Shipping Bag (Factory Load Mexico Port)
SHIP		F	Container Shipped with Shipping Bag (Factory Prep)
SHIP		G	Both Buy America Act Compliance and Container Shipped with Shipping Bag (Factory Prep)
		М	Container Shipped without Shipping Bag (Factory Load Mexico Port)
		N	No Containerization required without Shipping Bag
		Р	Container Shipped without Shipping Bag (Factory Prep)
		U	Buy American Act Compliance without Shipping Bag
		Q	Special quote
PIN 58	PIN 58		Marketing Purposes Only!

TABLE 2 - COMPLETE PIN NUMBER DESCRIPTION (CONT'D)

FEATURE	FEATURE DESCRIPTION	OPTION	OPTION DESCRIPTION
		Х	No Pump required
		А	Pump Kit A required
		В	Pump Kit B required
		С	Pump Kit C required
		D	Pump Kit D required
		E	Pump Kit E required
		F	Pump Kit F required
		G	Pump Kit G required
		Н	Pump Kit H required
		I	Pump Kit I required
	Pump Package	J	Pump Kit J required
PKG	(PIN 59)	K	Pump Kit K required
	(1 114 39)	L	Pump Kit L required
		М	Pump Kit M required
		N	Pump Kit N required
		0	Pump Kit O required
		Р	Pump Kit P required
		R	Pump Kit R required
		S	Pump Kit S required
		Т	Pump Kit T required
		U	Pump Kit U required
		V	Pump Kit V required
		Q	Special quote
	Pump Package Options (PIN 60)	X	No option required
		1	Single Pump, standard
PKGOPT		2	Single Pump, full feature
T NGOL T		3	Dual Pump, standard
		4	Dual Pump, full feature
		Q	Special quote
PIN 61	PIN 61		Marketing Purposes Only!
	Mfg Location	GZ	Guangzhou, China
LOC		MTY	Monterrey, Mexico
		SAT	San Antonio, Texas

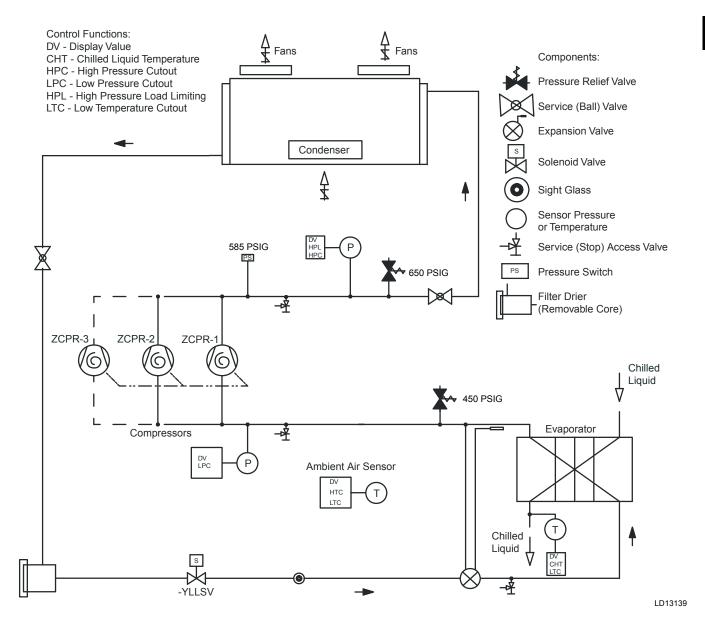
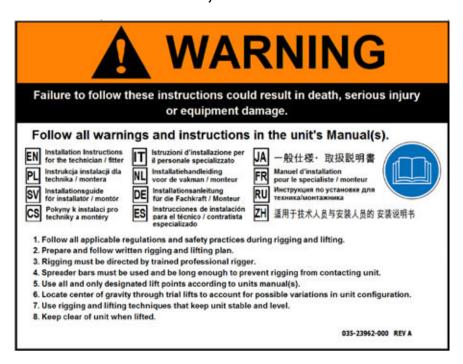


FIGURE 5 - PROCESS AND INSTRUMENTATION DIAGRAM

Low pressure liquid refrigerant enters the cooler and is evaporated and superheated by the heat energy absorbed from the chilled liquid passing through the cooler shell. Low pressure vapor enters at the compressor where pressure and superheat are increased. The high pressure vapor is fed to the air cooled condenser coil and fans where the heat is removed. The fully condensed and subcooled liquid passes through the expansion valve where pressure is reduced and further cooling takes place before entering to the cooler.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# **SECTION 3 – RIGGING, HANDLING AND STORAGE**



I D19197



Rigging and lifting should only be done by a professional rigger in accordance with a written rigging and lifting plan. The most appropriate rigging and lifting method will depend on job specific factors, such as the rigging equipment available and site needs. Therefore, a professional rigger must determine the rigging and lifting method to be used, and it is beyond the scope of this manual to specify rigging and lifting details.

#### LIFTING WEIGHTS

Refer to the unit nameplate for unit shipping weight. Note that weight may vary depending on unit configuration at the time of lifting. Refer to the Physical Data tables within this manual for further information regarding shipping and operating weights.

#### **DELIVERY AND STORAGE**

To ensure consistent quality and maximum reliability, all units are tested and inspected before leaving the factory. Units are shipped completely assembled and containing refrigerant under pressure. Units are shipped without export crating unless crating has been specified on the Sales Order.

If the unit is to be put into storage, prior to installation, the following precautions should be observed:

- The chiller must be "blocked" so that the base is not permitted to sag or bow.
- Ensure that all openings, such as water connections, are securely capped.
- Do not store where exposed to ambient air temperatures exceeding 43°C (110°F).

- The condensers should be covered to protect the coils and fins from potential damage and corrosion, particularly where building work is in progress.
- The unit should be stored in a location where there is minimal activity in order to limit the risk of accidental physical damage.
- To prevent inadvertent operation of the pressure relief devices the unit must not be steam cleaned.
- It is recommended that the unit is periodically inspected during storage.

#### INSPECTION

Remove any transit packing and inspect the unit to ensure that all components have been delivered and that no damage has occurred during transit. If any damage is evident, it should be noted on the carrier's freight bill and a claim entered in accordance with the instructions given on the advice note.

Major damage must be reported immediately to your local Quantech representative.

#### **MOVING THE CHILLER**

Prior to moving the unit, ensure that the installation site is suitable for installing the unit and is easily capable of supporting the weight of the unit and all associated services.



The unit must only be lifted by the base frame at the points provided. Never move the unit on rollers, or lift the unit using a forklift truck.

Care should be taken to avoid damaging the condenser cooling fins when moving the unit.

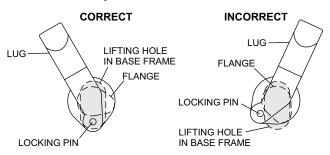
# UNIT REMOVAL FROM SHIPPING CONTAINER

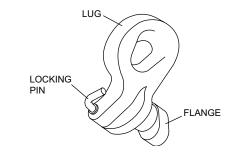
- 1. Place a clevis pin into the holes provided at the end of each base rail on the unit. Attach chains or nylon straps through the clevis pins and hook onto a suitable lift truck for pulling the unit out of the container. (chain shown)
- 2. Slowly place tension on the chains or straps until the unit begins to move and then slowly pull the unit from the container. Be sure to pull straight so the sides do not scrape the container.
- 3. Place a lifting fixture on the forks of the lift truck and reattach the chain or strap. Slightly lift the front of the unit to remove some weight from the floor of the container. Continue pulling the unit with an operator on each side to guide the lift truck operator.
- 4. Pull the unit until the lifting locations are outside of the container. Place 4 X 4 blocks of wood under the base rails of the unit. Gently rest the unit on the blocks and remove the chains and lift truck
- 5. Attach lifting rigging from the crane and slowly complete the removal from the container then lift up and away.



#### LIFTING USING LUGS

Units are provided with lifting holes in the base frame which accept the accessory lifting lug set as shown in the figure below. The lugs (RH and LH) should be inserted into the respective holes in the base frame and turned so that the spring loaded pin engages into the hole and the flanges on the lug lock behind the hole. The lugs should be attached to the cables/chains using shackles or safety hooks.





#### LIFTING USING SHACKLES

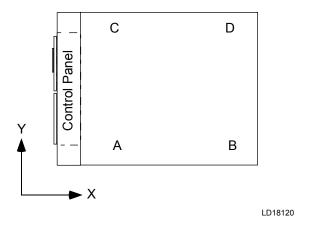
The shackles should be inserted into the respective holes in the base frame and secured from the inside.

Use spreader bars to avoid lifting chains hitting the chiller. Various methods of spreader bar arrangements may be used, keeping in mind the intent is to keep the unit stable and to keep the chains from hitting the chiller and causing damage.

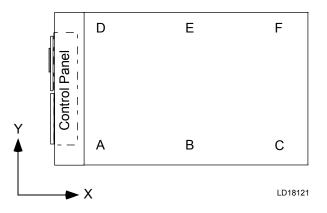
Never lift the chiller using a forklift or by hooking to the top rails. Use only the lifting holes provided.

Lifting Instructions are placed on a label on the chiller and on the shipping bag.

32



4 Fan Units



5 - 10 Fan Units

# FIGURE 6 - UNIT RIGGING/LIFTING POINTS

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# **SECTION 4 – INSTALLATION**



To ensure warranty coverage, this equipment must be commissioned and serviced by an authorized qualified service person experienced in chiller installation. Installation must comply with all applicable codes, particularly in regard to electrical wiring and other safety elements such as relief valves, HP cutout settings, design working pressures, and ventilation requirements consistent with the amount and type of refrigerant charge.

Lethal voltages exist within the control panels. Before servicing, open and tag all disconnect switches.

#### **INSTALLATION CHECKLIST**

The following items, 1 through 6, must be checked before placing the units in operation.

- 1. Inspect the unit for shipping damage.
- 2. Follow a detailed rigging plan as developed by a qualified rigger. Use spreader bars to avoid damage to the unit.
- 3. Open the unit only to install water piping system. Do not remove protective covers from water connections until piping is ready for attachment. Check water piping to ensure cleanliness.
- 4. Pipe unit using good piping practice (see ASHRAE handbook section 215 and 195).
- 5. Check to see that wiring is tight and meets NEC and local codes.
- 6. Check to see that the unit is installed and operated within limitations (Refer *Operational Limitations* (English) on page 43).

#### STARTUP/COMMISSIONING

The following pages outline detailed procedures to be followed to install and start-up the chiller.

#### **LOCATION AND CLEARANCES**

Units are designed for outdoor installations on ground level, rooftop, or beside a building. Location should be selected for minimum sun exposure and to insure adequate supply of fresh air for the condenser. The units must be installed with sufficient clearances for air entrance to the condenser coil, for air discharge away from the condenser, and for servicing access.

In installations where winter operation is intended and snow accumulations are expected, additional height must be provided to ensure normal condenser air flow.

Clearances are listed in Figure 30 on page 104.

#### **Foundation**

The unit should be mounted on a flat and level foundation, floor, or rooftop capable of supporting the entire operating weight of the equipment. See *Physical Data QTC3055T - QTC3205T 60Hz on page 46* for operating weight. If the unit is elevated beyond the normal reach of service personnel, a suitable catwalk must be capable of supporting service personnel, their equipment, and the compressors.

#### **Ground Level Locations**

It is important that the units be installed on a substantial base that will not settle. A one piece concrete slab with footers extended below the frost line is highly recommended. Additionally, the slab should not be tied to the main building foundations as noise and vibration may be transmitted. Mounting holes (5/8" dia.) are provided in the steel channel for bolting the unit to its foundation (see *Dimensions on page 96*).

For ground level installations, precautions should be taken to protect the unit from tampering by or injury to unauthorized persons. Screws and/or latches on access panels will prevent casual tampering. However, further safety precautions such as a fenced-in enclosure or locking devices on the panels may be advisable.

#### **Rooftop Locations**

Choose a spot with adequate structural strength to safely support the entire weight of the unit and service personnel. Care must be taken not to damage the roof.

Consult the building contractor or architect if the roof is bonded. Roof installations should have wooden beams (treated to reduce deterioration), cork, rubber, or spring type vibration isolators under the base to minimize vibration.

#### **Noise Sensitive Locations**

Efforts should be made to assure that the chiller is not located next to occupied spaces or noise sensitive areas where chiller noise level would be a problem. Chiller noise is a result of compressor and fan operation.

# **SPRING ISOLATORS (OPTIONAL)**

When ordered, isolators will be furnished. Identify the isolator, locate at the proper mounting point, and adjust per instructions.

#### **COMPRESSOR MOUNTING**

The compressors are mounted on four (4) rubber isolators. The mounting bolts should not be loosened or adjusted at installation of the chiller.

#### REMOTE COOLER OPTION

Not available at this time.

#### **CHILLED LIQUID PIPING**

General – When the unit(s) has been located in its final position, the unit water piping may be connected. Normal installation precautions should be observed in order to receive maximum operating efficiencies. Piping should be kept free of all foreign matter. All chilled water evaporator piping must comply in all respects with local plumbing codes and ordinances.

Since elbows, tees and valves decrease pump capacity, all piping should be kept as straight and as simple as possible. All piping must be supported independent of the chiller.



Consideration should be given to compressor access when laying out water piping. Routing the water piping too close to the unit could make compressor servicing/ replacement difficult.

Hand stop valves should be installed in all lines to facilitate servicing.

Piping to the inlet and outlet connections of the chiller should include high-pressure rubber hose or piping loops to ensure against transmission of water pump vibration. The necessary components must be obtained in the field.

Drain connections should be provided at all low points to permit complete drainage of the cooler and system water piping.

A small valve or valves should be installed at the highest point or points in the chilled water piping to allow any trapped air to be purged. Vent and drain connections should be extended beyond the insulation to make them accessible.

The piping to and from the cooler must be designed to suit the individual installation. It is important that the following considerations be observed:

- The chilled liquid piping system should be laid out so that the circulating pump discharges directly into the cooler. The suction for this pump should be taken from the piping system return line and not the cooler. This piping scheme is recommended, but is not mandatory.
- 2. The inlet and outlet cooler connection sizes are provided in *Table 5 on page 46* (Physical Data).
- 3. A 1/16" mesh strainer is provided at the cooler inlet line just ahead of the cooler. This is important to protect the cooler from entrance of large particles which could cause damage to the evaporator.
- 4. All chilled liquid piping should be thoroughly flushed to free it from foreign material before the system is placed into operation. Use care not to flush any foreign material into or through the cooler.
- 5. As an aid to servicing, thermometers and pressure gauges should be installed in the inlet and outlet water lines
- 6. The chilled water lines that are exposed to outdoor ambients should be wrapped with supplemental heater cable and insulated to protect against freezeup during low ambient periods, and to prevent formation of condensation on lines in warm humid locations. As an alternative, ethylene glycol should be added to protect against freeze-up during low ambient periods.
- 7. A chilled water flow switch, (either by Quantech or others) MUST be installed in the leaving water piping of the cooler. If the factory wired flow switch and extension pipe kit is not selected, the field installed flow switch must be installed so that there is a straight horizontal run of at least 5 diameters on each side of the switch. Adjust the flow switch paddle to the size of the pipe in which it is to be installed (see manufacturer's instructions furnished with the switch). The switch is to be wired to Terminals 13 and 14 of XTBC1 located in the control panel, as shown on the unit wiring diagram.



The Flow Switch MUST NOT be used to start and stop the chiller (i.e. starting and stopping the chilled water pump). It is intended only as a safety switch.

#### PIPEWORK ARRANGEMENT

The following are suggested pipework arrangements for single unit installations, for multiple unit installations, each unit should be piped as shown.

Recommendations of the Building Services Research Association.

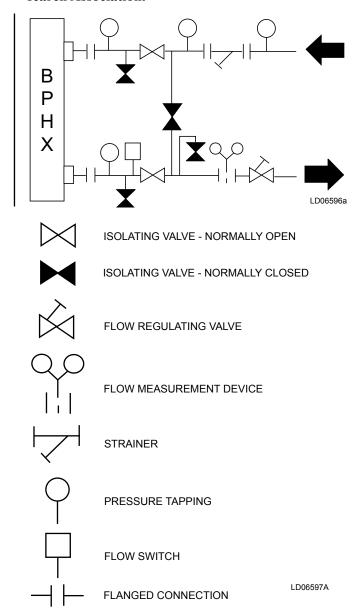


FIGURE 7 - CHILLED LIQUID SYSTEM

#### Fan Discharge Ducting

The following duct work recommendations are intended to ensure satisfactory operation of the unit. Failure to follow these recommendations could cause damage to the unit, or loss of performance, and may invalidate the warranty.

When ducting is to be fitted to the fan discharge it is recommended that the duct should be the same cross-sectional area as the fan outlet and straight for at least three feet (1 meter) to obtain static regain from the fan. Duct work should be suspended with flexible hangers to prevent noise and vibration being transmitted to the structure. A flexible joint is also recommended between the duct attached to the fan and the next section for the same reason. Flexible connectors should not be allowed to concertina.

The unit is not designed to take structural loading. No significant amount of weight should be allowed to rest on the fan outlet flange, deck assemblies or condenser coil module. No more than 3 feet (1 meter) of light construction duct work should be supported by the unit. Where cross winds may occur, any duct work must be supported to prevent side loading on the unit.

If the ducts from two or more fans are to be combined into a common duct, back-flow dampers should be fitted in the individual fan ducts. This will prevent recirculation of air when only one of the fans is running.

Units are supplied with outlet guards for safety and to prevent damage to the fan blades. If these guards are removed to fit duct work, adequate alternative precautions must be taken to ensure persons cannot be harmed or put at risk from rotating fan blades.

#### **WIRING**

Liquid Chillers are shipped with all factory-mounted controls wired for operation.

**Field Wiring** — Power wiring must be provided through a fused disconnect switch to the unit terminals (or optional molded disconnect switch) in accordance with N.E.C. or local code requirements. Minimum circuit ampacity and maximum dual element fuse size are given in the Electrical Data tables.

Copper power wiring only should be used for supplying power to the chiller. This is recommended to avoid safety and reliability issues resulting from connection failure at the power connections to the chiller. Aluminum wiring is not recommended due to thermal characteristics that may cause loose terminations resulting from the contraction and expansion of the wiring. Aluminum oxide may also build up at the termination causing hot spots and eventual failure. If aluminum wiring is used to supply power to the chiller, AL-CU compression fittings should be used to transition from aluminum to copper. This transition should be done in

an external box separate to the power panel. Copper conductors can then be run from the box to the chiller.

A 120-1-60, 15 amp source must be supplied for the control panel through a fused disconnect when a control panel transformer (optional) is not provided (Refer to *Figure 8 on page 39*).

See unit wiring diagrams for field and power wiring connections, chilled water pump starter contacts, alarm contacts, compressor run status contacts, PWM input, and load limit input. Refer to SECTION 8 – UNIT OP-ERATION for a detailed description of operation concerning aforementioned contacts and inputs.

#### **RELIEF VALVES**

Relief valves are located on both the high and low pressure side of the piping. High side relief valve pressure setting is 650 PSIG. Low side relief valve pressure setting is 450 PSIG.

#### **HIGH PRESSURE CUTOUT**

A high pressure cutout is installed in the discharge piping of each system. The cutout opens at 585 PSIG plus or minus 10 PSIG and closes at 440 PSIG plus or minus 25 PSIG.

#### **Evaporator Pump Start Contacts**

Terminal block XTBC2 – Terminals 23 (115VAC) to 24, are normally- open contacts that can be used to switch field supplied power to provide a start signal to the evaporator pump contactor. The contacts will be closed when any of the following conditions occur:

- 1. Low Leaving Chilled Liquid Fault
- 2. Any compressor is running
- 3. Daily schedule is not programmed OFF and the Unit Switch is ON

The pump will not run if the micro panel has been powered up for less than 30 seconds, or if the pump has run in the last 30 seconds, to prevent pump motor overheating. Refer to *Figure 10 on page 41* and unit wiring diagram.

#### **System Run Contacts**

Contacts are available to monitor system status. Normally-open auxiliary contacts from each compressor contactor are wired in parallel with XTBC2 – Terminals 25 to 26 for system 1, and XTBC2 – Terminals 27 to 28 for system 2. Refer to *Figure 4 on page 23*, *Figure 10 on page 41* and unit wiring diagram.

#### Alarm Status Contacts

Normally-open contacts are available for each refrigerant system. These normally-open contacts close when the system is functioning normally. The respective contacts will open when the unit is shut down on a unit fault, or locked out on a system fault. Field connections are at XTBC2 - Terminals 29 to 30 (system 1), and Terminals 31 to 32 (system 2).

#### **Remote Start/Stop Contacts**

To remotely start and stop the chiller, dry contacts can be wired across terminals 13 and 51 on XTBC1. Refer to *Figure 4 on page 23*, *Figure 9 on page 40* and unit wiring diagram.

#### **Remote Emergency Cutoff**

Immediate shutdown of the chiller can be accomplished by opening a field-installed dry contact to break the electrical circuit between Terminals 5 to L on terminal block XTBC2. The unit is shipped with a factory jumper installed between Terminals 5 to L, which must be removed if emergency shutdown contacts are installed. Refer to *Figure 9 on page 40* and unit wiring diagram.

#### **Remote Temp Reset Input**

The Remote Temp Reset input allows reset of the chilled liquid setpoint by supplying a voltage or current signal field wiring should be connected to XTBC1 – Terminals A+ to A-. A detailed explanation is provided in SECTION 7 – UNIT CONTROLS. Refer to Figure 3 on page 22, Figure 4 on page 23 and unit wiring diagram.

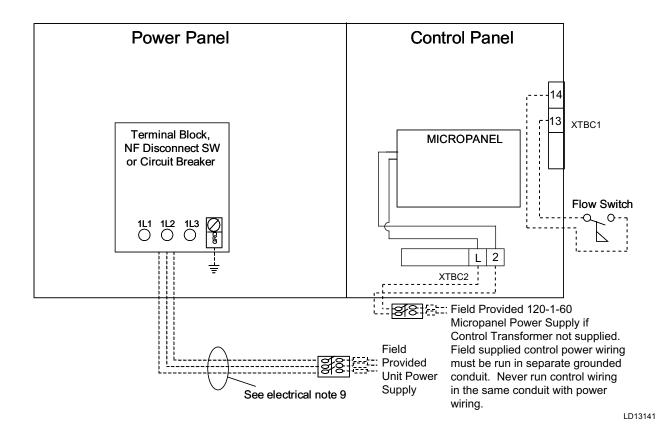
#### **Load Limit Input**

Load limiting is a feature that prevents the unit from loading beyond a desired value. The unit can be "load limited" either 33%, 40%, 50%, 66% or 80%, depending on the number of compressors on unit. The field connections are wired to XTBC1 – Terminals 13 to 21, and work in conjunction with the PWM inputs. A detailed explanation is provided in SECTION 7 – UNIT CONTROLS. Refer to Figure 4 on page 23, Figure 9 on page 40 and unit wiring diagram.



When using the Load Limit feature, the PWM feature will not function – SIMULTANEOUS OPERATION OF LOAD LIMITING AND TEMPERATURE RESET (PWM INPUT) CANNOT BE DONE.

## SINGLE-POINT SUPPLY CONNECTION – TERMINAL BLOCK, NON-FUSED DISCONNECT SWITCH OR CIRCUIT BREAKER





It is possible that multiple sources of power can be supplying the unit power panel. To prevent serious injury or death, the technician should verify that NO LETHAL VOLTAGES are present inside the panel AFTER disconnecting power, PRIOR to working on equipment.



The unit evaporator heater uses 120VAC. Disconnecting 120VAC power from the unit, at or below freezing temperatures, can result in damage to the evaporator and unit as a result of the chilled liquid freezing.

FIGURE 8 - SINGLE-POINT SUPPLY CONNECTION – TERMINAL BLOCK, NON-FUSED DISCONNECT SWITCH OR CIRCUIT BREAKER OR CIRCUIT BREAKER

#### **USER CONTROL WIRING INPUTS**

A INTERNAL WIRIN	NG TO OPTIONAL REMOTE TEMP. RESET BOARD
14 FI OW SWITCH	
50	
21	
13 REMOTE UNLOAD ST	EP 1
20 PWM REMOTE TEMP	RESET
13	
19 INTERNAL WIRING TO	2-KCR CONTROL RELAY
<del>   </del>	O 1-KCR CONTROL RELAY
13	
51 REMOTE START / STO	OP .
XTBC1	LD13130



All externally supplied contacts must be capable of switching 24VDC / 115 VAC. Gold contacts are recommended. If supplied contacts are from a Relay / Contactor (Inductive Load), the coil of the Relay / Contactor must be suppressed. Typical suppressor is P/N 031-00808-000.

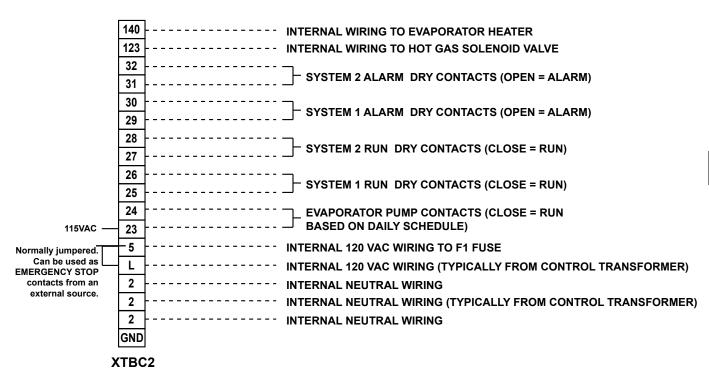


It is possible that multiple sources of power can be supplying the unit power panel. To prevent serious injury or death, the technician should verify that NO LETHAL VOLTAGES are present inside the panel AFTER disconnecting power, PRIOR to working on equipment.



The unit evaporator heater uses 120VAC. Disconnecting 120VAC power from the unit, at or below freezing temperatures, can result in damage to the evaporator and unit as a result of the chilled liquid freezing.

#### **USER CONTROL WIRING OUTPUTS**



LD13242



All chiller supplied contacts are rated at 115VAC, 100VA, resistive load only, and must be suppressed at the load by user if powering an inductive load (Relay / Contactor Coil). Typical suppressor P/N is 031-00808-000.



It is possible that multiple sources of power can be supplying the unit power panel. To prevent serious injury or death, the technician should verify that NO LETHAL VOLTAGES are present inside the panel AFTER disconnecting power, PRIOR to working on equipment.



The unit evaporator heater uses 120VAC. Disconnecting 120VAC power from the unit, at or below freezing temperatures, can result in damage to the evaporator and unit as a result of the chilled liquid freezing.

FIGURE 10 - CONTROL WIRING OUTPUTS

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA OPERATIONAL LIMITATIONS (ENGLISH)

**TABLE 3 - TEMPERATURES AND FLOWS** 

UNIT	TEMPER	RATURE	WATER FLOW	WATER FLOW	AIR ON CON	DENSER (°F)
DESIGNATION	MIN¹	MAX <sup>2</sup>	(GPM) MIN	(GPM) MAX	MIN <sup>3</sup>	MAX <sup>4</sup>
•		S	TANDARD EFFICI	ENCY		
QTC3070TSE	40	55	60	285	0	125
QTC3075TSE	40	55	100	355	0	125
QTC3085TSE	40	55	100	385	0	125
QTC3095TSE	40	55	100	385	0	125
QTC3110TSE	40	55	150	625	0	125
QTC3125TSE	40	55	150	625	0	125
QTC3140TSE	40	55	150	625	0	125
QTC3160TSE	40	55	150	625	0	125
			HIGH EFFICIEN	CY		
QTC3055THE	40	55	60	285	0	125
QTC3060THE	40	55	60	285	0	125
QTC3080THE	40	55	150	625	0	125
QTC3090THE	40	55	100	385	0	125
QTC3100THE	40	55	100	385	0	125
QTC3120THE	40	55	100	385	0	125
QTC3130THE	40	55	150	625	0	125
QTC3150THE	40	55	150	625	0	125
QTC3170THE	40	55	150	150 625		125
QTC3205THE	40	55	230	625	0	125

#### NOTES:

- 1. For leaving liquid temperature below 40°F (4°C) (to 10°F [-12°C]) optional low temperature glycol kit required. Contact your nearest Quantech Office for application requirements.
- 2. For leaving liquid temperature higher than 55°F (13°C), contact the nearest Quantech Office for application guidelines.
- 3. The evaporator is protected against freezing to -20°F (-29°C) with an electric heater as standard.
- 4. For operation at temperatures above 115°F (46°C), the optional High Ambient Kit will need to be installed on the system.



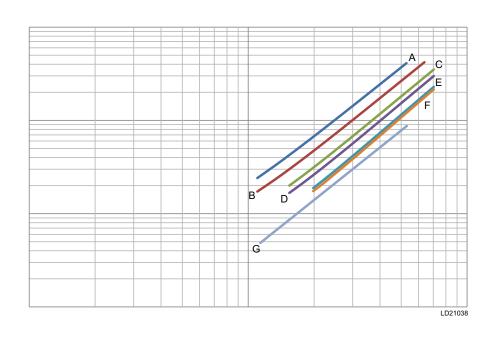
Excessive flow will cause damage to the cooler. Do not exceed maximum cooler flow. Special care should be taken when multiple chillers are fed by a single pump.

QUANTECH 43

### **HEAT EXCHANGER FLOW, GPM**

### **QTC3 EVAPORATOR PRESSURE DROP CURVE**

WATER PRESSURE DROP (PSI)



#### WATER FLOW RATE (GPM)

EVAPORATOR	MODELS
Α	QTC3055THE, QTC3060THE, QTC3070TSE
В	QTC3075TSE
C	QTC3085TSE, QTC3095TSE,
C	QTC3090THE, QTC3100THE, QTC3120THE
D	QTC3080THE, QTC3125TSE,
	QTC3160TSE, QTC3150THE
E	QTC3110TSE, QTC3140TSE, QTC3130THE
F	QTC3170THE
G	QTC205THE

TABLE 4 - ETHYLENE AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL CORRECTION FACTORS

#### **ETHYLENE GLYCOL**

EIHTLEN	IE GLYC	OL			
% WEIGHT	TONS	COMPR KW	GPM F/ TON	PRESS DROP	FREEZE PT
10.0	1.0	1.0	24.3	1.0	26.2
20.0	1.0	1.0	25.1	1.1	17.9
30.0	1.0	1.0	25.9	1.2	6.7
40.0	1.0	1.0	26.9	1.4	-8.1
50.0	1.0	1.0	28.0	1.6	-28.9

#### PROPYLENE GLYCOL

% WEIGHT	TONS	COMPR KW	GPM F/ TON	PRESS DROP	FREEZE PT
10.0	1.0	1.0	24.0	1.0	26.0
20.0	1.0	1.0	24.3	1.1	19.0
30.0	1.0	1.0	24.9	1.3	9.0
40.0	1.0	1.0	25.6	1.4	-6.0
50.0	0.9	1.0	26.6	1.7	-28.0

**NOTE:** Water Pressure Drop Curves may extend past the minimum and maximum water flow ranges.

QUANTECH

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

### PHYSICAL DATA QTC3055T - QTC3205T 60HZ

TABLE 5 - PHYSICAL DATA (ENGLISH) 60 HZ

				QT	C3			
<b>REFRIGERANT R-410A</b>			STAN	DARD EFF	ICIENCY L	JNITS		
	070TSE	075TSE	085TSE	095TSE	110TSE	125TSE	140TSE	160TSE
NOMINAL RATINGS <sup>3</sup>								
TONS	70.8	77.8	81.8	95.6	118.1	125.7	142.6	167.4
KW INPUT	77.5	86.3	93.0	111.5	134.6	142.6	165.0	192.1
EER	10.4	10.0	9.8	9.6	9.8	9.6	9.6	9.6
IPLV	16.1	15.6	15.7	14.5	15.0	15.7	15.6	15.6
GENERAL UNIT DATA								
Length	116.1	116.1	116.1	142.7	142.7	187.7	187.7	232.7
Width	88	88	88	88	88	88	88	88
Height	94.2	94.2	94.2	94.2	94	94.2	94.2	94.2
Number Of Refrigerant Circuits	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
REFRIGERANT CHARGE, OPER	ATING							
R-410A, CKT1/CKT2, LBS	43/43	47/44	57/57	55/58	54/62	75/71	75/70	90/87
Oil Charge, CKT1/CKT2, Gallons	2.58/2.58	3.28/2.58	3.28/2.76	3.28/3.33	3.33/3.33	4.99/2.76	4.99/3.33	4.99/4.99
Shipping Weight	3578	3898	4168	4791	5183	6148	6414	7734
Operating Weight	3623	3954	4241	4864	5293	6232	6524	7818
COMPRESSORS, SCROLL TYPE							•	
Compressors Per Circuit	3/3	3/3	3/3	3/2	3/2	3/3	3/2	3/3
Compressors Per Unit	6	6	6	5	4	6	5	6
NOMINAL TONS PER COMPRES	SOR	•					•	•
Circuit 1	13	15	15	15	32	32	32	32
Circuit 2	13	13	15	32	32	15	32	32
CONDENSER	•	•					•	•
Total Face Area Ft <sup>2</sup>	106.9	106.9	106.9	133.6	160.3	213.8	213.8	267.2
Number Of Rows	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fins Per Inch	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
CONDENSER FANS, LOW SOUN	D.							•
Number Of Fans, CKT 1/CKT 2	2/2	2/2	2/2	3/2	3/3	4/4	4/4	5/5
Fan HP	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fan RPM	1160	1160	1160	1160	1160	1160	1160	1160
Total Chiller CFM	62400	62400	62400	78000	93600	124800	124800	156000
EVAPORATOR							•	
Water Volume, Gallons	5.4	6.7	8.8	8.8	13.2	10.0	13.2	10.0
Maximum Water Side Pressure, PSIG	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
Maximum Refrigerant Side Pressure, PSIG	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450
Minimum Chiller Water Flow Rate, GPM	60	100	140	100	150	150	150	150
Maximum Chiller Water Flow Rate, GPM	285	355	385	385	625	625	625	625
Water Connections Size, Inches	3	3	3	3	3	4*	4*	4*

NOTES:

1. kW = Compressor Input Power.

2. EER = Chiller EER (includes power from compressors, fans, and the control panels 0.8 kW).

3. Rated in accordance with AHRI Standard 550/590 at an air on condenser temperature of 95°F and a leaving chilled water temperature of 44°F.

4. Additional rating information can be provided by your local Quantech technical support.

### PHYSICAL DATA QTC3055T - QTC3205T 60HZ

TABLE 5 - PHYSICAL DATA (ENGLISH) 60 HZ (CONT'D)

					QT	C3				
<b>REFRIGERANT R-410A</b>				HIG	H EFFICI	ENCY UN	IITS			
	055THE	060THE	080THE	090THE	100THE	120THE	130THE	150THE	170THE	205THE
NOMINAL RATINGS <sup>3</sup>										
TONS	57.0	62.3	78.8	85.7	98.3	116.0	129.5	144.5	172.5	194.5
KW INPUT	64.4	71.9	91.0	83.6	106.1	122.0	138.9	153.0	194.2	210.9
EER	10.6	10.4	10.4	11.0	10.1	10.3	10.2	10.2	9.8	10.1
IPLV	15.6	15.6	16.1	16.1	15.7	15.7	15.9	15.5	15.6	16.1
GENERAL UNIT DATA										
Length	100.2	100.2	100.2	142.7	142.7	187.7	187.7	232.7	232.7	274.4
Width	88.0	88.0	88.0	88	88	88	88	88	88	88.3
Height	94.2	94.2	94.2	94.2	94.2	94.2	94.2	94.2	94.2	94.2
Number Of Refrigerant Circuits	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
REFRIGERANT CHARGE, OPE	ERATING									
R-410A, CKT1/CKT2, LBS	43/43	43/43	44/44	59/55	45/65	75/71	83/73	90/82	94/92	95/95
Oil Charge, CKT1/CKT2, Gallons	2.58/2.58	2.89/2.58	2.58/2.58	2.76/2.76	3.28/3.33	3.33/3.33	4.99/2.76	4.99/3.33	4.99/4.99	4.2/4.2
Shipping Weight	3508	3704	4061	4718	4953	5869	6259	7344	7882	9205
Operating Weight	3552	3748	4145	4791	5026	5942	6369	7428	8001	9333
COMPRESSORS, SCROLL TY	PE									
Compressors Per Circuit	2/2	3/2	3/3	3/3	3/2	2/2	3/3	3/2	3/3	3/3
Compressors Per Unit	4	5	6	6	5	4	6	5	6	6
NOMINAL TONS PER COMPR	ESSOR									
Circuit 1	15	13	15	15	15	32	32	32	32	35
Circuit 2	15	15	13	15	32	32	15	32	32	35
CONDENSER										
Total Face Area Ft <sup>2</sup>	106.9	106.9	106.9	160.3	160.3	213.8	213.8	267.2	267.2	320.7
Number Of Rows	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fins Per Inch	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
CONDENSER FANS, LOW SO	UND									
Number Of Fans, CKT 1/CKT 2	2/2	2/2	2/2	3/3	4/2	4/4	5/3	6/4	5/5	6/6
Fan HP	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2.0
Fan RPM	1160	1160	1160	1160	1160	1160	1160	1160	1160	1160
Total Chiller CFM	62400	62400	62400	93600	93600	124800	124800	156000	156000	187200
EVAPORATOR										
Water Volume, Gallons	5.4	5.4	10	8.8	8.8	8.8	13.2	10.0	14.3	12.6
Maximum Water Side Pressure, PSIG	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
Maximum Refrigerant Side Pressure, PSIG	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450
Minimum Chiller Water Flow Rate, GPM	60	60	150	100	100	100	150	150	150	230
Maximum Chiller Water Flow Rate, GPM	285	285	625	385	385	385	625	625	625	625
Water Connections Size, Inches	3	3	3	3	3	4*	4*	4*	4*	5

NOTES:

1. kW = Compressor Input Power.

2. EER = Chiller EER (includes power from compressors, fans, and the control panels 0.8 kW).

3. Rated in accordance with AHRI Standard 550/590 at an air on condenser temperature of 95°F and a leaving chilled water temperature of 44°F.

4. Additional rating information can be provided by your local Quantech technical support.

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA**

**TABLE 6 - MICROPANEL POWER SUPPLY** 

UNIT VOLTAGE		CONTROL POWER	MCA	OVER CURRE SEE	NF DISC SW	
MODELS W/O	UNIT VOLTAGE		NOTE A	MIN	MAX	
CONTROL TRANS	VOLIAGE	115-1-60/50	15A	10A	15A	30 A / 240V
	-17	200-1-60	15A	10A	15A	30 A / 240V
	-28	230-1-60	15A	10A	15A	30 A / 240V
MODELS W/ CONTROL	-40	380-1-60	15A	10A	15A	30 A / 480V
TRANS	-46	460-1-60	15A	10A	15A	30 A / 480V
INANS	-50	380/415-1-60	15A	10A	15A	30A / 415V
	-58	575-1-60	15A	10A	15A	30 A / 600V

A. Minimum #14 AWG, 75 °C, Copper Recommended

B. Minimum and Maximum Over Current Protection, Dual Element Fuse or Circuit Breaker



It is possible that multiple sources of power can be supplying the unit power panel. To prevent serious injury or death, the technician should verify that NO LETHAL VOLTAGES are present inside the panel AFTER disconnecting power, PRIOR to working on equipment.



The unit evaporator heater uses 120VAC. Disconnecting 120VAC power from the unit, at or below freezing temperatures, can result in damage to the evaporator and unit as a result of the chilled liquid freezing.

#### **Voltage Limitations**

The following voltage limitations are absolute and operation beyond these limitations may cause serious damage to the compressor.

**TABLE 7 - VOLTAGE RANGE** 

	VOLTAGE RANGE												
VOLTAGE CODE	UNIT POWER	MIN.	MAX.										
-17	200-208/3/60	180	220										
-28	230-3-60	207	253										
-40	380-3-60	342	440										
-46	460-3-60	414	506										
-50	380/415-3-50	342	440										
-58	575-3-60	517	633										

#### **COMPRESSOR HEATERS**

Compressor heaters are standard. ZP180 compressors utilize 70W heaters; ZP235, compressor use 120W heaters and ZP285 and ZP385 utilize 150W heaters. If power is OFF more than two hours, the crankcase heat-

ers must be energized for 18-24 hours prior to restarting a compressor. This will assure that liquid slugging and oil dilution does not damage the compressors on start.

TABLE 8 - PUMP ELECTRICAL DATA (60 HZ)

						PUN	IP ELEC	TRICAL D	ATA			
PUMP MODEL	HORSE	RPM	208-3	-60HZ	230-3	-60HZ	380-3	-60HZ	460-3	-60HZ	575-3	-60HZ
MODEL	OWER		FLA	LRA	FLA	LRA	FLA	LRA	FLA	LRA	FLA	LRA
Α	5	3600	N/A	N/A	12.0	92.0	7.1	55.5	6.0	46.0	4.8	36.8
В	7.5	3600	N/A	N/A	17.6	126.0	10.6	78.0	8.8	63.0	7.0	50.4
С	10	3600	N/A	N/A	23.6	162.0	14.3	102.0	14.0	81.0	9.4	64.8
D	15	3600	N/A	N/A	35.0	232.0	20.9	143.0	17.5	116.0	14.0	92.8
Е	5	1800	N/A	N/A	13.0	92.0	7.9	55.5	6.5	46.0	5.2	36.8
F	15	3600	N/A	N/A	35.0	232.0	20.9	143.0	17.5	116.0	14.0	92.8
G	7.5	3600	N/A	N/A	17.6	126.0	10.6	78.0	8.8	63.0	7.0	50.4
Н	10	3600	N/A	N/A	23.6	162.0	14.3	102.0	14.0	81.0	9.4	64.8
I	15	3600	N/A	N/A	35.0	232.0	20.9	20.9 143.0		17.5 116.0		92.8
J	5	1800	N/A	N/A	13.0	92.0	7.9	55.5	6.5	46.0	5.2	36.8
K	15	3600	N/A	N/A	35.0	232.0	20.9	143.0	17.5	116.0	14.0	92.8
L	20	3600	N/A	N/A	45.0	290.0	28.7	190.0	22.5	145.0	18.0	116.0
М	3	1800	N/A	N/A	8.0	64.0	4.7	38.0	4.0	32.0	3.2	25.6
N	7.5	3600	N/A	N/A	17.6	126.0	10.6	78.0	8.8	63.0	7.0	50.4
0	10	3600	N/A	N/A	23.6	162.0	14.3	102.0	14.0	81.0	9.4	64.8
Р	15	3600	N/A	N/A	35.0	232.0	20.9	143.0	17.5	116.0	14.0	92.8
R	5	1800	N/A	N/A	13.0	92.0	7.9	55.5	6.5	46.0	5.2	36.8
S	10	1800	N/A	N/A	24.0	162.0	15.1	102.0	12.0	81.0	9.6	64.8
Т	15	1800	N/A	N/A	36.4	232.0	22.0	143.0	18.2	116.0	14.6	92.8
U	7.5	1800	N/A	N/A	18.4	126.0	11.1	78.0	9.2	63.0	7.4	50.4
V	20	3600	N/A	N/A	45.0	290.0	28.7	190.0	22.5	145.0	18.0	116.0

#### NOTE:

Reference PIN 59 for Pump Model.

Use this table along with Table 9 Electrical Data without Pumps to determine electrical data of the unit plus the pump.

49

**TABLE 9 - ELECTRICAL DATA WITHOUT PUMPS** 

CHILLER MODEL	VOLTAGE CODE	MIN CKT. AMPS	MIN N/F DISC SW	MIN DUAL ELEM FUSE & MIN CB	MAX DUAL ELEM FUSE MAX CB	
	208	301	400	300	300	
	230	297	400	300	300	1
055T	380	162	200	175	175	]
	460	141	200	150	150	1
	575	106	150	110	110	1
	208	331	400	350	350	
	230	327	400	350	350	1
060T	380	183	250	200	200	1
	460	161	200	175	175	1
	575	116	150	125	125	1
	208	359	400	350	350	
	230	354	400	350	350	1
070T	380	204	250	225	225	1
0.01	460	179	200	175	175	1
	575	124	150	125	125	-
	208	388	600	400	400	
	230	384	600	400	400	-
075T	380	214	250	225	225	{
0/51	460	187	200	200	200	-
	575	137	150	150	150	-
	t	388		400	400	-
	208		400 400	400	400	
0007	230	384				
T080	380	214	250	225	225	-
	460	187	200	200	200	-
	575	137	150	150	150	1
	208	416	600	450	450	
	230	412	600	450	450	ļ
085T	380	224	250	250	250	
	460	195	200	200	200	ļ
	575	149	150	150	150	
	208	431	600	450	450	
	230	427	600	450	450	
090T	380	233	250	250	250	ļ
	460	203	250	225	225	
	575	155	200	150	150	
	208	475	600	500	500	]
	230	471	600	500	500	[
095T	380	273	400	300	300	
	460	231	250	250	250	]
	575	178	200	200	200	
	208	483	600	500	500	]
	230	478	600	500	500	]
100T	380	278	400	300	300	]
	460	235	250	250	250	]
	575	181	200	200	200	
	208	522	600	600	600	]
	230	517	600	600	600	
110T	380	313	400	350	350	]
	460	261	400	300	300	1
	575	202	250	225	225	1

TABLE 9 - ELECTRICAL DATA WITHOUT PUMPS (CONT'D)

			SY	STEM:	# 1				SYSTEM # 2								
СОМ	PR 1	СОМ	PR 2	СОМ	PR 3	STD	LOW	FANS	СОМ	PR 1	СОМ	PR 2	СОМ	PR 3	STD	FLOW	FANS
RLA	LRA	RLA	LRA	RLA	LRA	QTY	FLA	LRA	RLA	LRA	RLA	LRA	RLA	LRA	QTY	FLA	LRA
57.7	284	57.7	284			2	7.6	44	57.7	284	57.7	284			2	7.6	44
57.7	330	57.7	330			2	7.4	37	57.7	330	57.7	330			2	7.4	37
30.9	192	30.9	192			2	4.5	23.1	30.9	192	30.9	192			2	4.5	23.1
26.9	180	26.9	180			2	4	19	26.9	180	26.9	180			2	4	19
21.5	132	21.5	132			2	2.9	15.3	21.5	132	21.5	132			2	2.9	15.3
57.7	284	57.7	249			2	7.6	44	57.7	284	57.7	249			2	7.6	44
57.7	330	57.7	288			2	7.4	37	57.7	330	57.7	288			2	7.4	37
30.9	192	30.9	139			2	4.5	23.1	30.9	192	30.9	139			2	4.5	23.1
26.9	180	26.9	180			2	4	19	26.9	180	26.9	180			2	4	19
21.5	132	21.5	132			2	2.9	15.3	21.5	132	21.5	132			2	2.9	15.3
48.5	249	48.5	249	48.5	249	2	7.6	44	48.5	249	48.5	249	48.5	249	2	7.6	44
48.5	249	48.5	249	48.5	249	2	7.4	37	48.5	249	48.5	249	48.5	249	2	7.4	37
27.6	159	27.6	159	27.6	159	2	4.5	23.1	27.6	159	27.6	159	27.6	159	2	4.5	23.1
24.4	145	24.4	145	24.4	145	2	4	19	24.4	145	24.4	145	24.4	145	2	4	19
17.4	109	17.4	109	17.4	109	2	2.9	15.3	17.4	109	17.4	109	17.4	109	2	2.9	15.3
48.5	249	48.5	249	48.5	249	2	7.6	44	48.5	249	48.5	249	48.5	249	2	7.6	44
48.5	288	48.5	288	48.5	288	2	7.4	37	48.5	288	48.5	288	48.5	288	2	7.4	37
27.6	159	27.6	159	27.6	159	2	4.5	23.1	27.6	159	27.6	159	27.6	159	2	4.5	23.1
24.4	145	24.4	145	24.4	145	2	4	19	24.4	145	24.4	145	24.4	145	2	4	19
17.4	109	17.4	109	17.4	109	2	2.9	15.3	17.4	109	17.4	109	17.4	109	2	2.9	15.3
48.5	249	48.5	249	48.5	249	2	7.6	44	48.5	249	48.5	249	48.5	249	2	7.6	44
48.5	288	48.5	288	48.5	288	2	7.4	37	48.5	288	48.5	288	48.5	288	2	7.4	37
27.6	159	27.6	159	27.6	159	2	4.5	23.1	27.6	159	27.6	159	27.6	159	2	4.5	23.1
24.4	145	24.4	145	24.4	145	2	4	19	24.4	145	24.4	145	24.4	145	2	4	19
17.4	109	17.4	109	17.4	109	2	2.9	15.3	17.4	109	17.4	109	17.4	109	2	2.9	15.3
57.7	284	57.7	284	57.7	284	2	7.6	44	57.7	284	57.7	284	57.7	284	2	7.6	44
57.7	330	57.7	330	57.7	330	2	7.4	37	57.7	330	57.7	330	57.7	330	2	7.4	37
30.9	192	30.9	192	30.9	192	2	4.5	23.1	30.9	192	30.9	192	30.9	192	2	4.5	23.1
26.9	180	26.9	180	26.9	180	2	4	19	26.9	180	26.9	180	26.9	180	2	4	19
21.5	132	21.5	132	21.5	132	2	2.9	15.3	21.5	132	21.5	132	21.5	132	2	2.9	15.3
57.7	284	57.7	284	57.7	284	3	7.6	44	57.7	284	57.7	284	57.7	284	3	7.6	44
57.7	330	57.7	330	57.7	330	3	7.4	37	57.7	330	57.7	330	57.7	330	3	7.4	37
30.9	192	30.9	192	30.9	192	3	4.5	23.1	30.9	192	30.9	192	30.9	192	3	4.5	23.1
26.9	180	26.9	180	26.9	180	3	4	19	26.9	180	26.9	180	26.9	180	3	4	19
21.5	132	21.5	132	21.5	132	3	2.9	15.3	21.5	132	21.5	132	21.5	132	3	2.9	15.3
106.2	523	106.2	523			3	7.6	44	106.2	523	106.2	523			3	7.6	44
106.2	578	106.2	578			3	7.4	37	106.2	578	106.2	578			3	7.4	37
64.3	355	64.3	355			3	4.5	23.1	64.3	355	64.3	355			3	4.5	23.1
53.1	290	53.1	290			3	4	19	53.1	290	53.1	290			3	4	19
42.5	255	42.5	255			3	2.9	15.3	42.5	255	42.5	255			3	2.9	15.3
106.2	523	106.2	523			2	7.6	44	106.2	523	106.2	523			2	7.6	44
106.2	578	106.2	578			2	7.4	37	106.2	578	106.2	578			2	7.4	37
64.3	355	64.3	355			2	4.5	23.1	64.3	355	64.3	355			2	4.5	23.1
53.1	290	53.1	290			2	4	19	53.1	290	53.1	290			2	4	19
 42.5	255	42.5	255			2	2.9	15.3	42.5	255	42.5	255			2	2.9	15.3
106.2	523	106.2	523			3	7.6	44	106.2	523	106.2	523			3	7.6	44
106.2	578	106.2	578			3	7.4	37	106.2	578	106.2	578			3	7.4	37
64.3	355	64.3	355			3	4.5	23.1	64.3	355	64.3	355			3	4.5	23.1
53.1	290	53.1	290			3	4	19	53.1	290	53.1	290			3	4	19
42.5	255	42.5	255			3	2.9	15.3	42.5	255	42.5	255			3	2.9	15.3

TABLE 9 - ELECTRICAL DATA WITHOUT PUMPS (CONT'D)

CHILLER MODEL	VOLTAGE CODE	MIN CKT. AMPS	MIN N/F DISC SW	MIN DUAL ELEM FUSE & MIN CB	MAX DUAL ELEM FUSE MAX CB	
	208	537	600	600	600	
	230	532	600	600	600	]
120T	380	322	400	350	350	1
	460	269	400	300	300	1
	575	204	250	225	225	1
	208	579	800	600	600	
	230	577	800	600	600	1
125T	380	338	400	400	400	1
	460	285	400	300	300	1
	575	226	250	250	250	1
	208	579	800	600	600	
	230	577	800	600	600	1
130T	380	338	400	400	400	1
	460	285	400	300	300	1
	575	226	250	250	250	1
	208	618	800	700	700	
	230	617	800	700	700	1
140T	380	374	400	400	400	1
	460	311	400	350	350	1
	575	246	400	300	300	1
	208	634	800	700	700	
	230	632	800	700	700	1
150T	380	383	400	400	400	1
	460	319	400	350	350	1
	575	252	400	300	300	1
	208	740	800	800	800	
	230	738	800	800	800	1
160T	380	447	600	500	500	1
	460	372	400	400	400	1
	575	295	400	350	350	1
	208	740	800	800	800	
	230	738	800	800	800	1
170T	380	447	600	500	500	1
1701	460	372	400	400	400	1
	575	295	400	350	350	1
	208	734	1000	800	800	†
	230	731	1000	800	800	1
205	380	443	600	500	500	1
200	460	369	600	400	400	1
	575	292	400	300	300	1

**TABLE 10 - TRANSFORMER LOAD** 

	V	Ά
VOLT	2000	3000
208	9.6	14.4
230	8.7	13.0
380	5.3	7.9
460	4.3	6.5
575	3.5	5.2

TABLE 9 - ELECTRICAL DATA WITHOUT PUMPS (CONT'D)

SYSTEM # 1						SYSTEM # 2											
COMPR 1 COMPR 2 COMPR 3			PR 3	STD	FLOW	FANS	СОМ	PR 1	СОМ	PR 2	СОМ	PR 3	STD	LOW	FANS		
RLA	LRA	RLA	LRA	RLA	LRA	QTY	FLA	LRA	RLA	LRA	RLA	LRA	RLA	LRA	QTY	FLA	LRA
106.2	523	106.2	523			4	7.6	44	106.2	523	106.2	523			4	7.6	44
106.2	578	106.2	578			4	7.4	37	106.2	578	106.2	578			4	7.4	37
64.3	355	64.3	355			4	4.5	23.1	64.3	355	64.3	355			4	4.5	23.1
53.1	290	53.1	290			4	4	19	53.1	290	53.1	290			4	4	19
42.5	255	42.5	255			4	2.9	15.3	42.5	255	42.5	255			4	2.9	15.3
57.7	284	57.7	284	57.7	284	4	7.6	44	57.7	284	57.7	284	57.7	284	4	7.6	44
57.7	330	57.7	330	57.7	330	4	7.4	37	57.7	330	57.7	330	57.7	330	4	7.4	37
30.9	192	30.9	192	30.9	192	4	4.5	23.1	30.9	192	30.9	192	30.9	192	4	4.5	23.1
26.9	180	26.9	180	26.9	180	4	4	19	26.9	180	26.9	180	26.9	180	4	4	19
21.5	132	21.5	132	21.5	132	4	2.9	15.3	21.5	132	21.5	132	21.5	132	4	2.9	15.3
57.7	284	57.7	284	57.7	284	3	7.6	44	57.7	284	57.7	284	57.7	284	3	7.6	44
57.7	330	57.7	330	57.7	330	3	7.4	37	57.7	330	57.7	330	57.7	330	3	7.4	37
30.9	192	30.9	192	30.9	192	3	4.5	23.1	30.9	192	30.9	192	30.9	192	3	4.5	23.1
26.9	180	26.9	180	26.9	180	3	4	19	26.9	180	26.9	180	26.9	180	3	4	19
21.5	132	21.5	132	21.5	132	3	2.9	15.3	21.5	132	21.5	132	21.5	132	3	2.9	15.3
106.2	523	106.2	523			4	7.6	44	106.2	523	106.2	523			4	7.6	44
106.2	578	106.2	578			4	7.4	37	106.2	578	106.2	578			4	7.4	37
64.3	355	64.3	355			4	4.5	23.1	64.3	355	64.3	355			4	4.5	23.1
53.1	290	53.1	290			4	4	19	53.1	290	53.1	290			4	4	19
42.5	255	42.5	255			4	2.9	15.3	42.5	255	42.5	255			4	2.9	15.3
106.2	523	106.2	523			4	7.6	44	106.2	523	106.2	523			4	7.6	44
106.2	578	106.2	578			4	7.4	37	106.2	578	106.2	578			4	7.4	37
64.3	355	64.3	355			4	4.5	23.1	64.3	355	64.3	355			4	4.5	23.1
53.1	290	53.1	290			4	4	19	53.1	290	53.1	290			4	4	19
42.5	255	42.5	255			4	2.9	15.3	42.5	255	42.5	255			4	2.9	15.3
106.2	523	106.2	523	106.2	523	5	7.6	44	106.2	523	106.2	523	106.2	523	5	7.6	44
106.2	578	106.2	578	106.2	578	5	7.4	37	106.2	578	106.2	578	106.2	578	5	7.4	37
64.3	355	64.3	355	64.3	355	5	4.5	23.1	64.3	355	64.3	355	64.3	355	5	4.5	23.1
53.1	290	53.1	290	53.1	290	5	4	19	53.1	290	53.1	290	53.1	290	5	4	19
42.5	255	42.5	255	42.5	255	5	2.9	15.3	42.5	255	42.5	255	42.5	255	5	2.9	15.3
106.2	523	106.2	523	106.2	523	5	7.6	44	106.2	523	106.2	523	106.2	523	5	7.6	44
106.2	578	106.2	578	106.2	578	5	7.4	37	106.2	578	106.2	578	106.2	578	5	7.4	37
64.3	355	64.3	355	64.3	355	5	4.5	23.1	64.3	355	64.3	355	64.3	355	5	4.5	23.1
53.1	290	53.1	290	53.1	290	5	4	19	53.1	290	53.1	290	53.1	290	5	4	19
42.5	255	42.5	255	42.5	255	5	2.9	15.3	42.5	255	42.5	255	42.5	255	5	2.9	15.3
102.8	574	102.8	574	102.8	574	6	7.6	44	102.8	574	102.8	574	102.8	574	6	7.6	44
102.8	635	102.8	635	102.8	635	6	7.4	37	102.8	635	102.8	635	102.8	635	6	7.4	37
62.2	355	62.2	355	62.2	355	6	4.5	23.1	62.2	355	62.2	355	62.2	355	6	4.5	23.1
51.4	280	51.4	280	51.4	280	6	4	19	51.4	280	51.4	280	51.4	280	6	4	19
41.1	225	41.1	225	41.1	225	6	2.9	15.3	41.1	225	41.1	225	41.1	225	6	2.9	15.3

#### NOTE:

- Reference PIN 59 for Pump Model.
- Use this table along with Table 8 Pump Electrical Data to determine electrical data of the unit plus the pump.
  Does not include control transformer.

53 QUANTECH

**TABLE 11 - WIRING LUGS** 

CHILLER	VOLTS	1 PT SUPPLY T. BLOCK				MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKER 1 PT. SUPPLY			
MODEL	VOLIS	INSTALLED LUG	INSTALLED LUG	ALTERNATE LUG	INSTALLED LUG	ALTERNATE LUG			
	208	(1) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500			
	230	(1) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500			
QTC3055T	380	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 6 - 350	-	(1) 6 - 350	-			
	460	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 6 - 350	-	(1) 6 - 350	-			
	575	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 6 - 350	-	(1) 6 - 350	-			
	208	(2) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500			
	230	(2) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500			
QTC3060T	380	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 6 - 350	-			
	460	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 6 - 350	-	(1) 6 - 350	-			
	575	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 6 - 350	-	(1) 6 - 350	-			
	208	(2) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500			
	230	(2) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500			
QTC3070T	380	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 6 - 350	-	(1) 6 - 350	-			
	460	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 6 - 350	-	(1) 6 - 350	-			
	575	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 6 - 350	-	(1) 6 - 350	-			
QTC3075T	208	(2) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500			
	230	(2) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500			
	380	(1) # 6 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	(1) 6 - 350	-			
	460	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 6 - 350	-	(1) 6 - 350	-			
	575	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 6 - 350	-	(1) 6 - 350	-			
	208	(2) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500			
	230	(2) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500			
QTC3080T	380	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500			
	460	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 6 - 350	-			
	575	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 6 - 350	-	(1) 6 - 350	-			
	208	(2) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400			
	230	(2) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400			
QTC3085T	380	(1) # 6 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500			
	460	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 6 - 350	-			
	575	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 6 - 350	-	(1) 6 - 350	-			
	208	(2) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400			
	230	(2) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400			
QTC3090T	380	(1) # 6 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500			
	460	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 6 - 350	-			
	575	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 6 - 350	-	(1) 6 - 350	-			
	208	(2) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400			
	230	(2) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400			
QTC3095T	380	(1) # 6 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500			
QTC3100T	460	(1) # 6 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500			
	575	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 6 - 350	-	(1) 6 - 350	-			

**TABLE 11 - WIRING LUGS (CONT'D)** 

CHILLER	VOLTS	1 PT SUPPLY T. BLOCK	_	ASE SWITCH UPPLY	MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKER 1 PT. SUPPLY		
MODEL	VOLIS	INSTALLED LUG	INSTALLED LUG	ALTERNATE LUG	INSTALLED LUG	ALTERNATE LUG	
	208	(2) # 6 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	
07004407	230	(2) # 6 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	
QTC3110T QTC3120T	380	(1) # 6 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	
Q1C31201	400/460	(1) # 6 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	
	575	(1) # 6 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	
	208	(2) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	
07024257	230						
QTC3125T QTC3130T	380	(2) # 6 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	
Q1031301	400/460	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	
	575	(1) # 6 - 500	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	
	208	(3) 2/0 - 400	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	
QTC3140T	230	(3) 2/0 - 400	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	
QTC31401 QTC3150T	380	(2) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	
Q1031301	400/460	(2) # 6 - 500	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	
	575	(1) # 6 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	
	208	(4) 4/0 - 500	(4) 4/0 - 500	-	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	
QTC3160T	230	(4) 4/0 - 500	(4) 4/0 - 500	-	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	
QTC3170T QTC3205T	380	(2) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	
	460	(2) # 6 - 500	(2) 250 - 500	(3) 2/0 - 400	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	
	575	(1) # 6 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	(2) 3/0 - 250	(1) 250 - 500	

FORM QTC3-NM1 (916) ISSUE DATE 9/30/2016

#### **ELECTRICAL NOTES**

#### **NOTES**

- 1. Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA) is based on 125% of the rated load amps for the largest motor plus 100% of the rated load amps for all other loads included in the circuit, per N.E.C. Article 430-24. If the optional Factory Mounted Control Transformer is provided, add the following MCA values to the electrical tables for the system providing power to the transformer: -17, add 2.5 amps; -28, add 2.3 amps; -40, add 1.5 amps, -46, add 1.3 amps; -58, add 1 amps.
- 2. The minimum recommended disconnect switch is based on 115% of the rated load amps for all loads included in the circuit, per N.E.C. Article 440.
- 3. Minimum fuse size is based upon 150% of the rated load amps for the largest motor plus 100% of the rated load amps for all other loads included in the circuit to avoid nuisance trips at start-up due to lock rotor amps. It is not recommended in applications where brown outs, frequent starting and stopping of the unit, and/or operation at ambient temperatures in excess of 95°F (35°C) is anticipated.
- 4. Maximum fuse size is based upon 225% of the rated load amps for the largest motor plus 100% of the rated load amps for all other loads included in the circuit, per N.E.C. Article 440-22.
- Circuit breakers must be UL listed and CSA certified and maximum size is based on 225% of the rated load amps for the largest motor plus 100% of

- the rated load amps for all other loads included in the circuit. Otherwise, HACR-type circuit breakers must be used. Maximum HACR circuit breaker rating is based on 225% of the rated load amps for the largest motor plus 100% of the rated load amps for all other loads included in the circuit.
- 6. The "INCOMING WIRE RANGE" is the minimum and maximum wire size that can be accommodated by the unit wiring lugs. The (2) preceding the wire range indicates the number of termination points available per phase of the wire range specified. Actual wire size and number of wires per phase must be determined based on the National Electrical Code, <u>using copper connectors only</u>. Field wiring must also comply with local codes.
- A ground lug is provided for each compressor system to accommodate a field grounding conductor per N.E.C. Table 250-95. A control circuit grounding lug is also supplied.
- 8. The supplied disconnect is a "Disconnecting Means" as defined in the N.E.C. 100, and is intended for isolating the unit for the available power supply to perform maintenance and trouble-shooting. This disconnect is not intended to be a Load Break Device.
- 9. Field Wiring by others which complies to the National Electrical Code and Local Codes.

LEGEND	
ACR-LINE	ACROSS THE LINE START

C.B. CIRCUIT BREAKER
D.E. DUAL ELEMENT FUSE
DISC SW DISCONNECT SWITCH

FACT MOUNT CB FACTORY MOUNTED CIRCUIT BREAKER

FLA FULL LOAD AMPS

HZ HERTZ
MAX MAXIMUM

MCA MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY

MIN MINIMUM

MIN NF MINIMUM NON FUSED
RLA RATED LOAD AMPS
S.P. WIRE SINGLE POINT WIRING

UNIT MTD SERV SW UNIT MOUNTED SERVICE (NON-FUSED DISCONNECT

LRA LOCKED ROTOR AMPS

**VOLTAGE CODE** 

-17 = 200-208-3-60 -28 = 230-3-60 -40 = 380-3-60 -46 = 460-3-60 -50 = 380/415-3-50 -58 = 575-3-60

### **ELECTRICAL NOTES AND LEGEND**

DESIGNATION	DESCRIPTION
ACC	ACCESSORY
- ADIS	DISPLAY BOARD
- AMB	MICRO BOARD
- BAMB	AMBIENT
- BDAT	DISCHARGE AIR TEMPERATURE
- BDP	DISCHARGE PRESSURE
- BECT	ENTRING CHILLED TEMPERATURE
- BLCT	LEAVING CHILLED TEMPERATURE NOT FITTED ON REMOTE EVAP UNITS
-BMP	MOTOR PROTECTOR COMPRESSOR
- BSP	SUCTION PRESSURE
- CPF	CAPACITOR POWER FACTOR
- ECH	CRANKCASE HEATER
- EEH	EVAPORATOR HEATER
- EHRH	HEAT RECOVERY HEATER
- EPH	PUMP HEATER
- EXT	EXTERNAL TO CONTROL PANEL
- F	FUSE
- FHP	HIGH PRESSURE CUTOUT
- FSC	FAN SPEED CONTROLLER
- FSI	FAN SPEED INHIBIT TWO SPEED FAN OPTION ONLY
GND	GROUND
G/Y	GREEN / YELLOW
J	PLUG BOARD CONNECTOR
- K	CIRCUIT BOARD RELAY
- KF	FAN CONTACTOR LINE (INCLUDING COIL SUPPRESSOR)
- KFH	FAN CONTACTOR HIGH SPEED (INCLUDING COIL SUPPRESSOR)
- KFL	FAN CONTACTOR LOW SPEED (INCLUDING COIL SUPPRESSOR)
- KFOL	FAN OVERLOAD
- KFS	RELAY FAN SPEED
- KH	HEATER RELAY
- KM	COMPRESSOR CONTACTOR (INCLUDING COIL SUPPRESSOR)
- KCR	CONTROL RELAY
- KP	PUMP CONTACTOR PART (INCLUDING COIL SUPPRESSOR)
- KT	RELAY TIMER
- M	COMPRESSOR MOTOR

DESIGNATION	DESCRIPTION
- MF	MOTOR FAN
- MP	MOTOR PUMP
NU	NOT USED
PE	PROTECTIVE EARTH
PWM	PULSE WIDTH MODULATION TEMP RE- SET or REMOTE UNLOAD 2nd STEP
- QCB	CIRCUIT BREAKER
- QMMSC	MANUAL MOTOR STARTER COMPRESSOR
- QMMSP	MANUAL MOTOR STARTER PUMP
- QSD	SWITCH DISCONNECT
R	RESISTOR
RED	RED
RP	RUN PERMISSIVE
RU	REMOTE UNLOAD 1st STEP
SCH	THERMOSTAT CRANKCASE HEATER
SCR	SCREEN
- SF	FLOW SWITCH
- SKP	KEYPAD
- SOA	SWITCH OFF AUTO
- SZT	ZONE THERMOSTAT
- T	TRANSFORMER
- TC	TRANSFORMER CURRENT
- UBR	BRIGDE RECFIFIER
- WHT	WHITE
- XP	PLUGS BETWEEN POW./MICROBOARD. SECTION
- XTBC	TERMINAL BLOCK CUSTOMER
- XTBF	TERMINAL BLOCK FACTORY
- YESV	EVAPORATOR SOLENOID VALVE
- YHGSV	HOT GAS SOLENOID VALVE (INCLUDING COIL SUPPRESSOR)
- YLLSV	LIQUID LINE SOLENOID VALVE FIELD MOUNTED AND WIRED ON REMOTE EVAP. UNITS
- ZCPR	COMPRESSOR
NB	NOTE WELL {SEE NOTE}
_ 。 _ 。 _ 。 _	WIRING AND ITEMS SHOWN THUS ARE STANDARD ACCESSORIES
00 00 00 00	WIRING AND ITEMS SHOWN THUS ARE NOT SUPPLIED BY QUANTECH
	ITEMS THUS ENCLOSED FORM A COM- PONENTS OR SETS OF COMPONENTS

035-21966-101 REVG

## **ELECTRICAL NOTES AND LEGEND (CONT'D)**

035-21966-101 REV I

	GENERAL 055-21900-101 REV1
a.	This drawing is based on IEC symbols.
b.	Field wiring to be in accordance with the relevant electrical code as well as all other applicable codes and specifications.
C.	All sources of supply shown on this diagram to be taken from one main isolator, not shown or supplied by Quantech.
d.	Green and yellow wire is used for earth, multi-colored cable used for low voltage. Red wire used for AC Control, blue wire for neutral, black wire for AC and DC power. Orange wire should be used for interlock control wiring supplied by external source.
e.	Legend designation depicts component abbreviations. Number prefix located, if applicable, on schematic circuit, refers to system thereon, E.G. = 1-FHP2 refers to high pressure cutout no 2 on system no 1.
f.	All wiring to control section voltage free contacts requires a supply provided by the customer maximum voltage 120 volts. The customer must take particular care when deriving the supplies for the voltage free terminals with regard to a common point of isolation. Thus, these circuits when used must be fed via the common point of isolation the voltage to these circuits is removed when the common point of isolation to the unit is opened. This common point of isolation is not supplied by Quantech. The voltage free contacts are rated at 100va. All inductive devices {relays} switch by the voltage free contacts must have their coil suppressed using standard R/C suppressors.
g.	Customer voltage free contacts connected to terminal 13 must be rated at 30V 5ma.
h.	No controls {relays etc.} Should be mounted in any section of the control panel. Additionally, control wiring not connected to the control panel should not be run through the panel. If these precautions are not followed, electrical noise could cause malfunctions or damage to the unit and its controls.
I.	◆ 120/14.3 - (Signal IN/OUT) i.e. 120 is wire # and 14.3 refers to SHT. 14 column 3.
	Notes
1	Refer to installation commissioning operation and maintenance manual for customer connections and customer connection notes, non compliance to these instructions will invalidate unit warranty.
2	Wiring and components for compressor 3 only fitted when unit has 3 compressors on the system. 1-BMP3 is replaced by a link across terminals 134 & 135. 2-BMP3 is replaced by a link across terminals 234 & 235.
3	
4	Fitted on units with hot gas bypass option.
5	EMS option is wired as shown.
6	This wiring must be used for old display 031-0110-000.
7	Network connection point.
8	Printer port.
9	Remote emergency stop can be wired between terminal I and 5 after removing link.
10	Power factor correction accessory. Power factor correction fitted to each compressor contactor.
11	Not fitted on compressors with internal motor protection. For system 1 terminals 132 & 133, 133 & 134 and 134 & 135 are linked. For system 2 terminals 232 & 233, 233 & 234 and 234 & 235 are linked.
12	Only fitted on systems with 3 or 4 fans.
13	Only fitted on systems with 4 fans.
14	Only fitted on systems with 5 fans.
15	Only fitted on systems with 6 fans.
16	Input switch disconnect (standard on CE units) or circuit breaker option replaces input terminal block.
17	Input switch disconnect & individual system circuit breaker option replaces input terminal block.
18	115V control circuit requires a 115V supply unless control circuit transformer -T2 & -F3 are fitted (standard on CE units).
19	For optional hydro kit. Heater -EPH is fitted and wired as shown. On single pump -KP1, -QMMSP1 & -MP1 are fitted & wired as shown. On two pump hydro kits -KP2, -QMMSP2 & -MP2 are also fitted and wired as shown.
20	Current measurement option wired as show.
21	Only fitted on systems with single speed fans.
22	Only fitted on systems with two speed fans.
23	Optional compressor manual motors starters (standard on CE units).

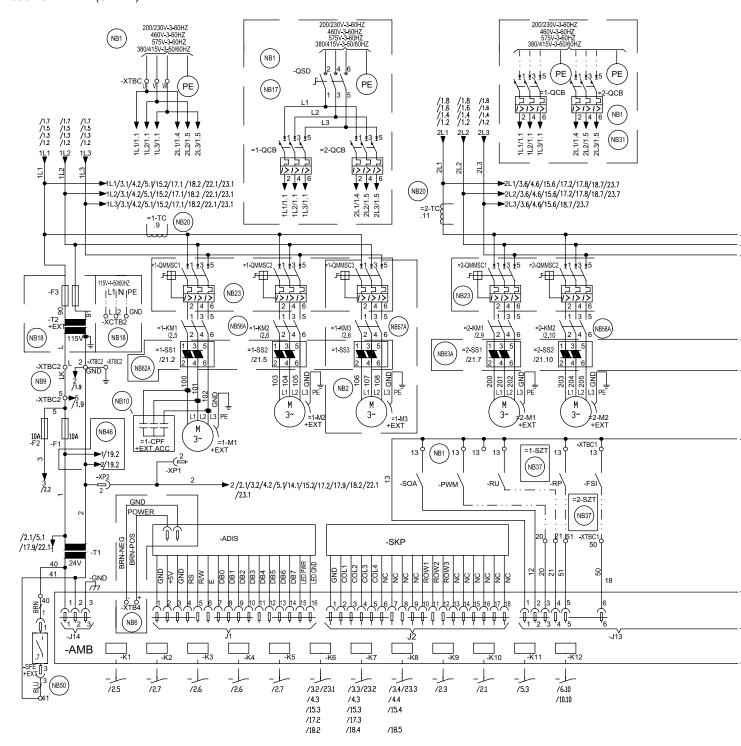
## **ELECTRICAL NOTES AND LEGEND (CONT'D)**

0.4	On the story of a superficial discussion for a superficial state of
24	See sheet 3 of connection diagram for power input options.
25	Alternate connections shown for different two speed motor types.
26	Only fitted on systems with a maximum of 4 fans.
27	220/230V units require a separate fuse for units w/4 or more fans per system.
28	Low ambient kit -FSC for fan -MF1 is only fitted on systems with less than 4 fans.
29	Input dual point circuit breaker option replaces input terminal block.
30	Field installed on remote evaporator units.
31	Fitted on units with single phase motors only.
32	Fitted on units with low ambient option only.
33	Only fitted on units with an acoustic kit.
34	Only fitted on heat recovery units.
35	Only fitted on condensing units.
36	Omitted on condensing units.
37	Fitted on units with low ambient option using single phase motors (50hz only).
38	Fitted on units with high airflow fan option only.
39	Part of e-link kit option.
40	Part of temp. sensor kit (on condensing units only).
41	When the compressors motor protection (-bmp) includes phase reversal the extra -bmp terminals and three wires are fitted as shown in the compressor terminal box as detailed for 1-zcpr1 (copeland).
42	When the compressors motor protection (-bmp) includes phase reversal the extra -bmp terminals and three wires are fitted as shown in the compressor terminal box as detailed for bitzer.

QUANTECH 59

# WIRING DIAGRAMS ELEMENTARY WIRING DIAGRAMS

035-21583-101 REV L (SHT. 1)



LD19249

#### FIGURE 11 - ELEMENTARY WIRING DIAGRAM

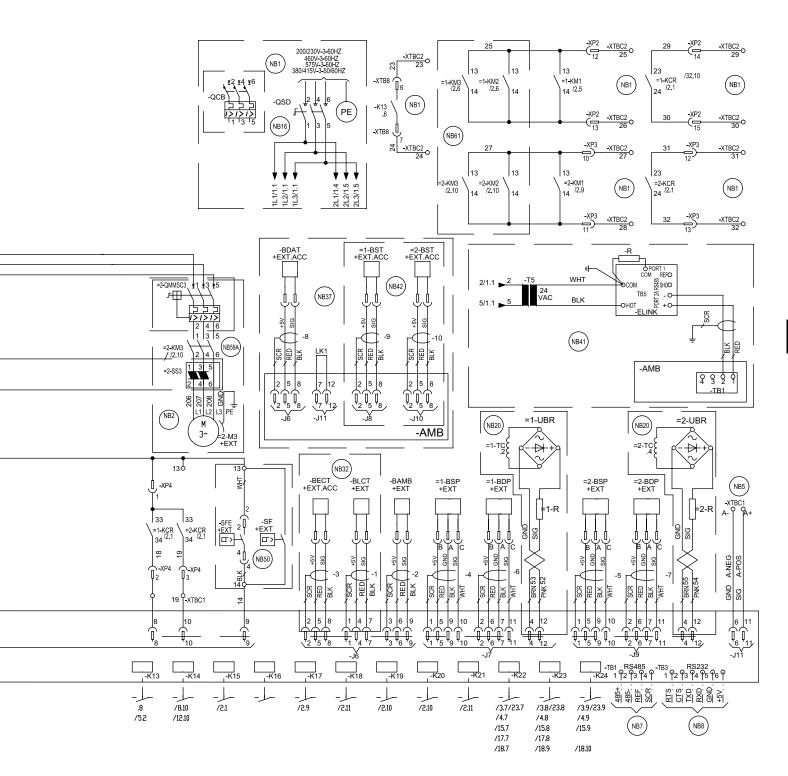
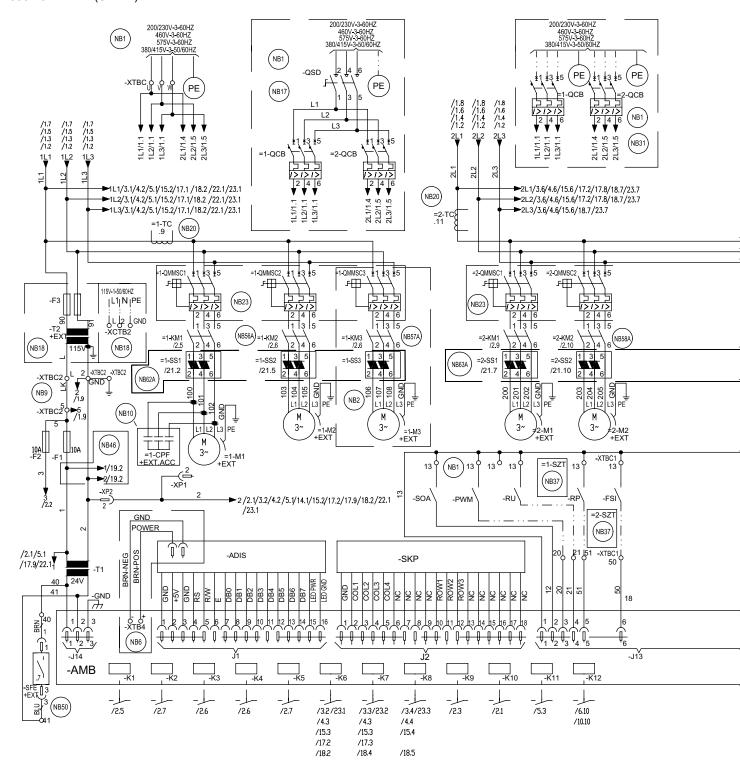


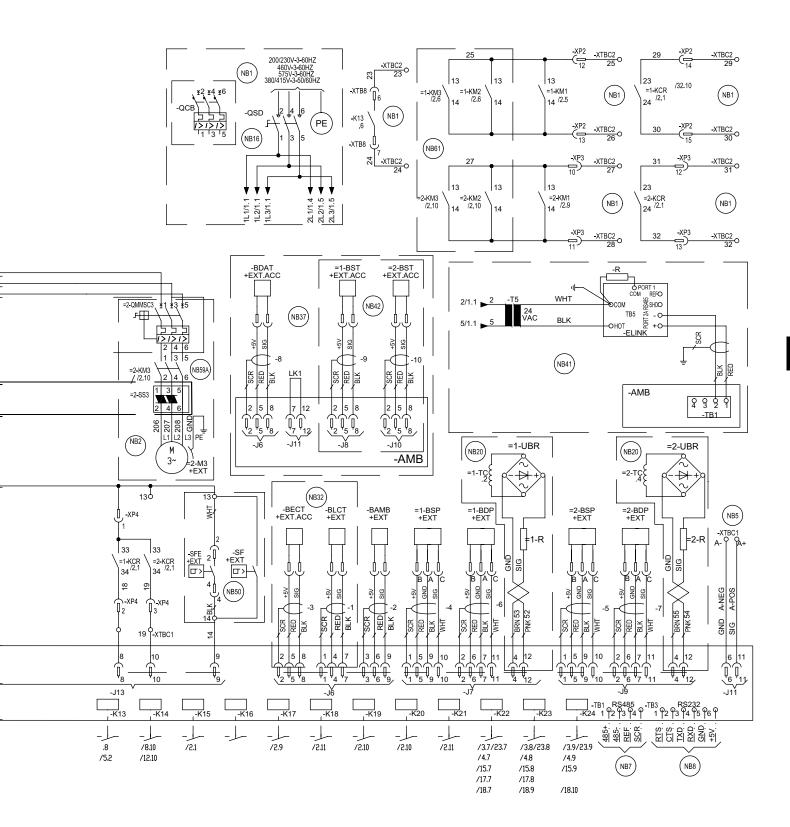
FIGURE 11 - ELEMENTARY WIRING DIAGRAM (CONT'D)

#### 035-21583-101 REV L (SHT. 2)



LD19251

#### FIGURE 12 - ELEMENTARY WIRING DIAGRAM

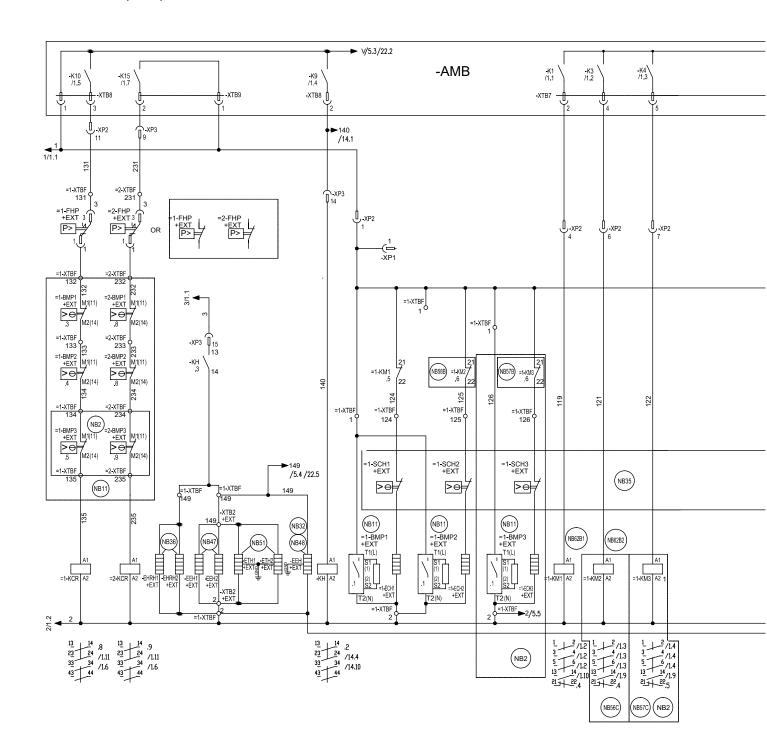


LD19252

FIGURE 12 - ELEMENTARY WIRING DIAGRAM (CONT'D)

63

#### 035-21583-102 REV M (SHT1)



LD19253

#### FIGURE 13 - ELEMENTARY WIRING DIAGRAM

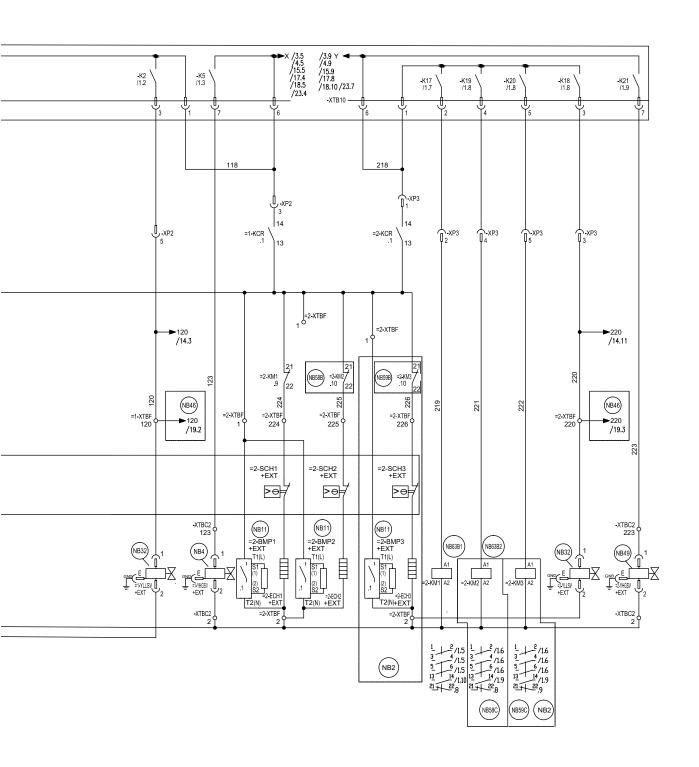
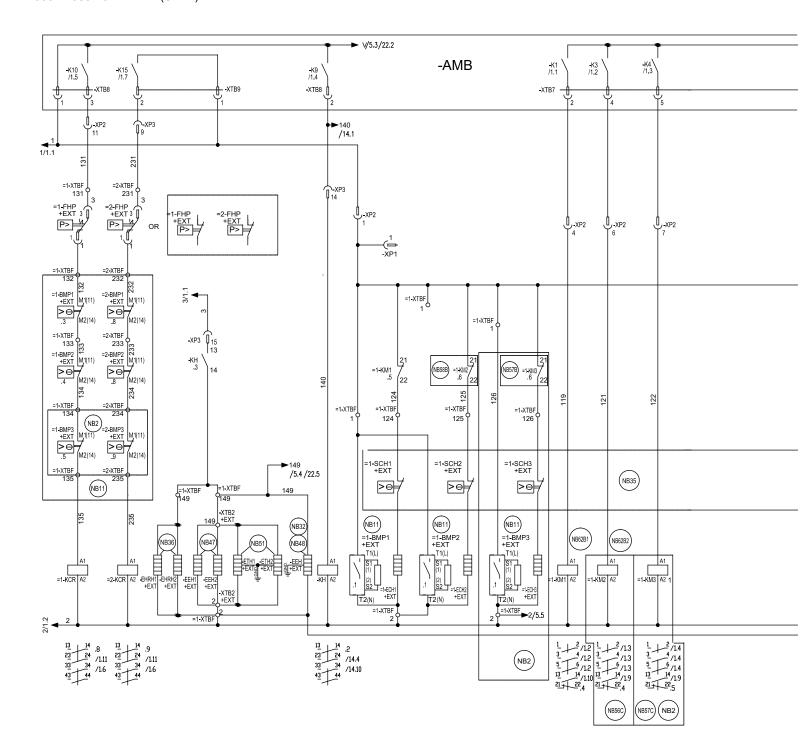


FIGURE 13 - ELEMENTARY WIRING DIAGRAM (CONT'D)

#### 035-21583-102 REV M (SHT2)



LD19255

#### FIGURE 14 - ELEMENTARY WIRING DIAGRAM

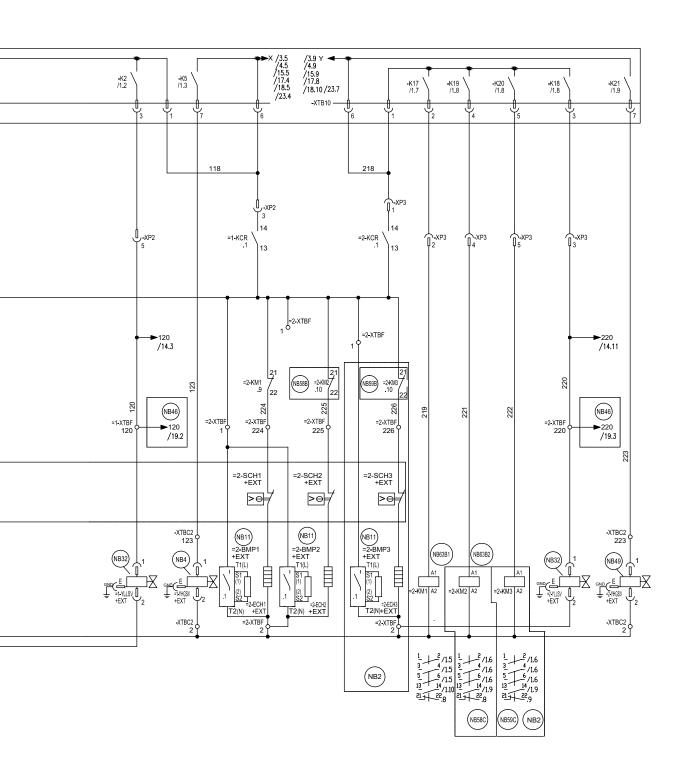


FIGURE 14 - ELEMENTARY WIRING DIAGRAM (CONT'D)

#### **FAN WIRING**

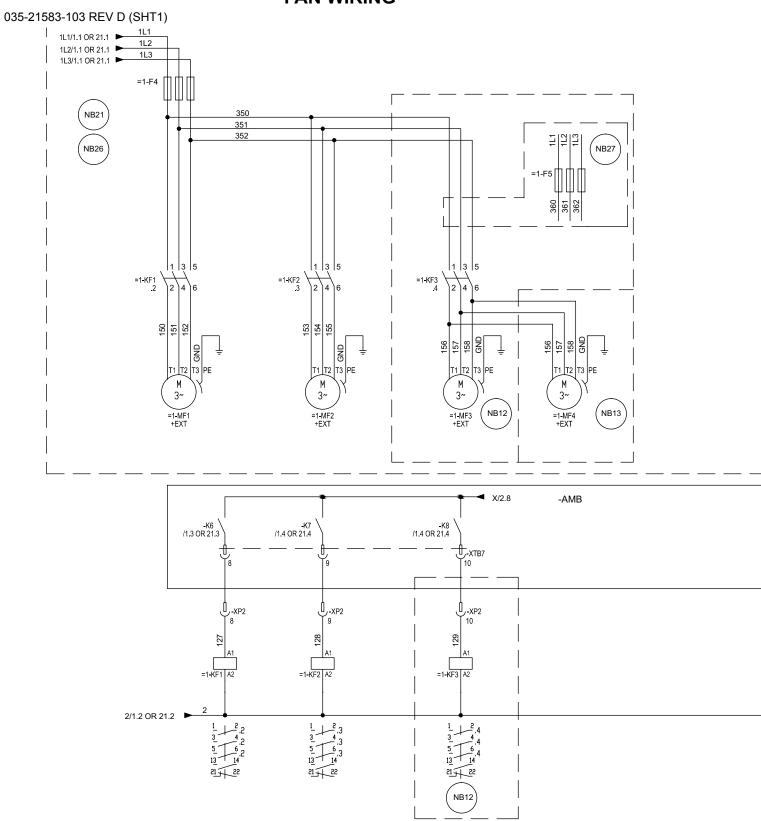
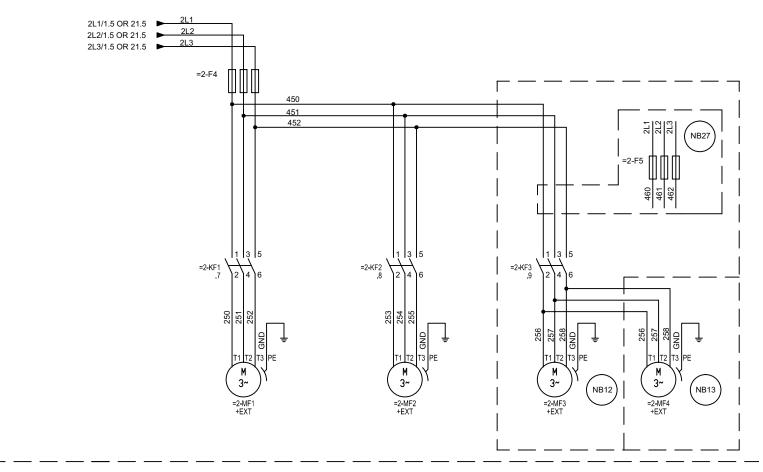


FIGURE 15 - FAN WIRING, STANDARD LOW SOUND OR ULTRA QUIET, QTC3070T - QTC3205T



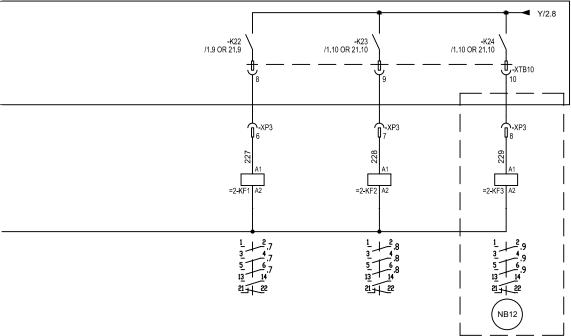


FIGURE 15 - FAN WIRING, STANDARD LOW SOUND OR ULTRA QUIET, QTC3070T - QTC3205T (CONT'D)

#### 035-21583-103 REV D (SHT2)

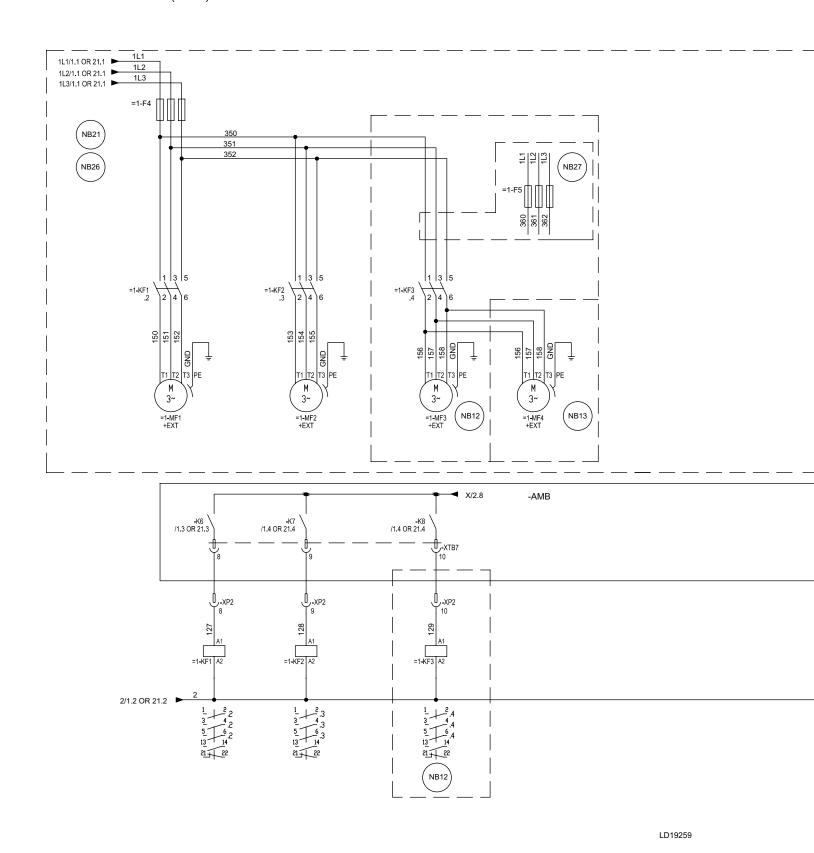


FIGURE 16 - FAN WIRING, STANDARD LOW SOUND OR ULTRA QUIET, QTC3070T - QTC3205T

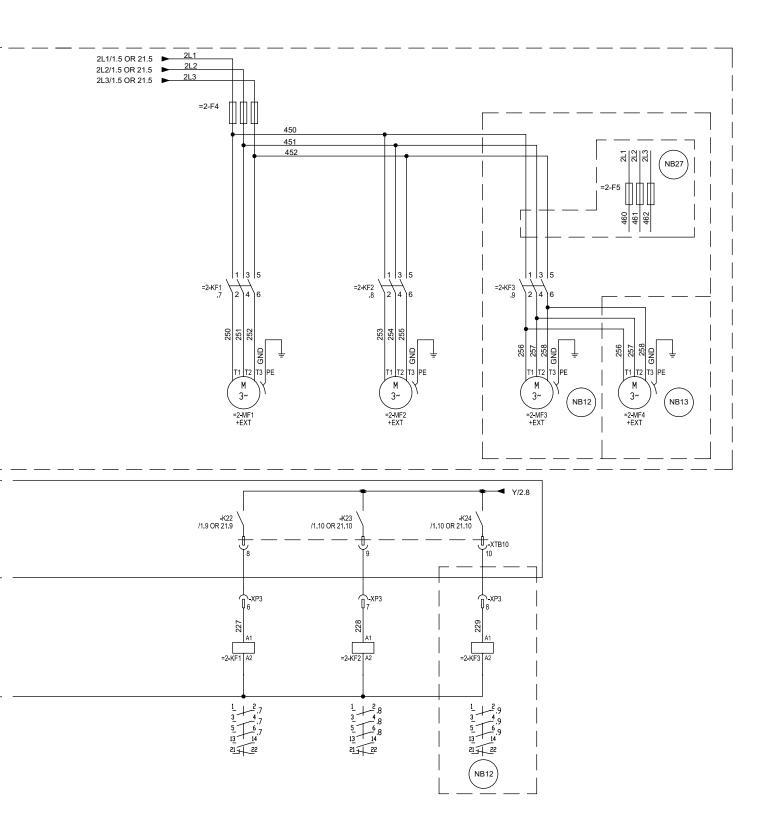
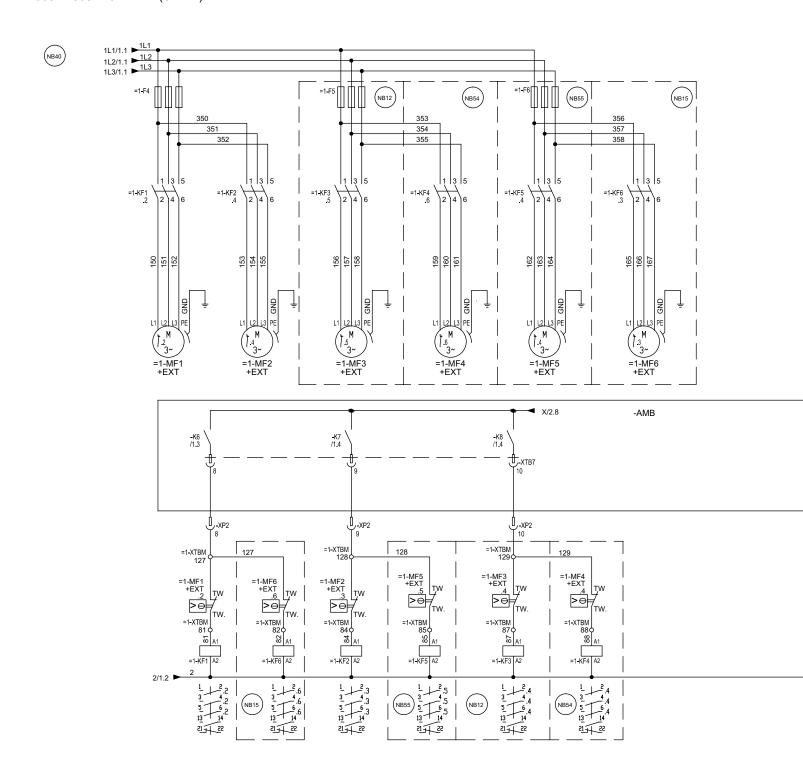


FIGURE 16 - FAN WIRING, STANDARD LOW SOUND OR ULTRA QUIET, QTC3070T - QTC3205T (CONT'D)

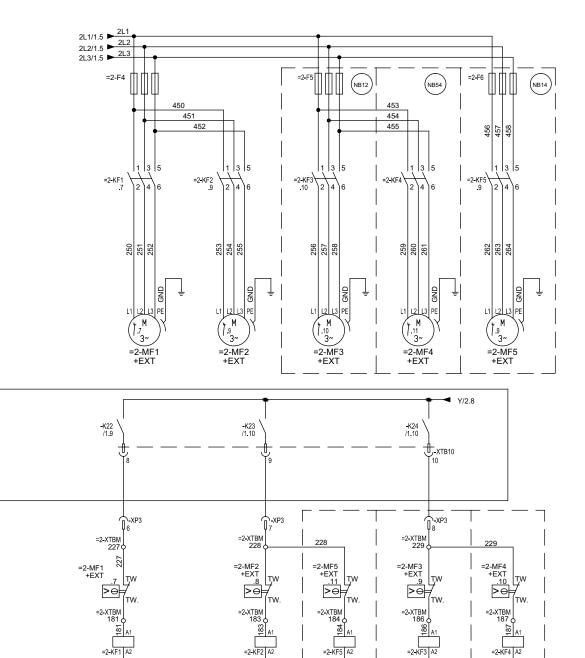
#### **FAN WIRING**

#### 035-21583-118 REV D (SHT. 1)



LD19261

#### FIGURE 17 - FAN WIRING, HIGH AIR FLOW



NB14

51 755

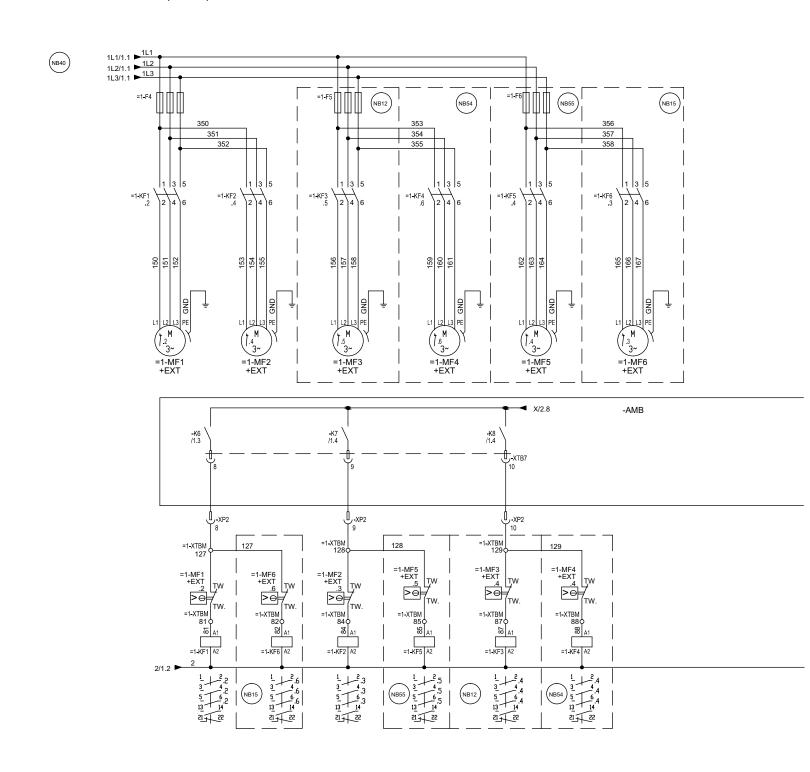
NB12

517 55

LD19262

# FIGURE 17 - FAN WIRING, HIGH AIR FLOW (CONT'D)

# 035-21583-118 REV D (SHT. 2)



LD19263

# FIGURE 18 - FAN WIRING, HIGH AIR FLOW

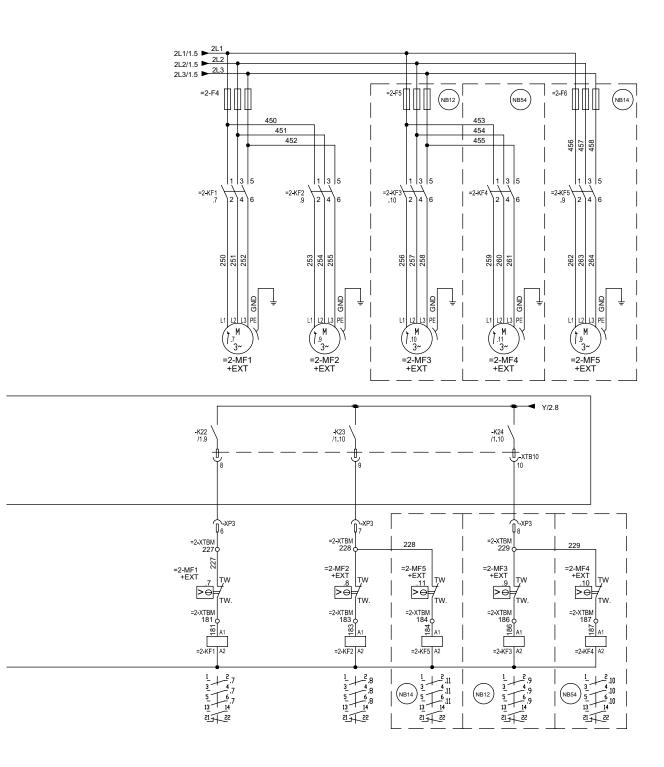
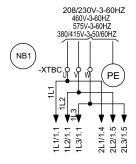
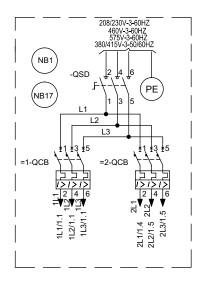


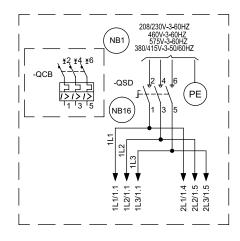
FIGURE 18 - FAN WIRING, HIGH AIR FLOW (CONT'D)

# SINGLE AND DUAL POINT WIRING OPTIONS

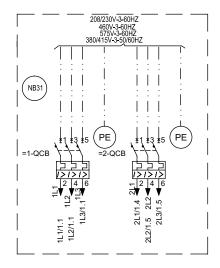
035-21583-116 REV B (SHT 1)







# SINGLE POINT WIRING OPTIONS

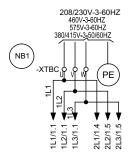


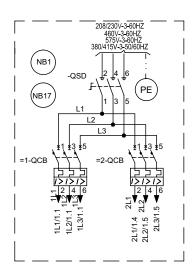
**DUAL POINT WIRING OPTIONS** 

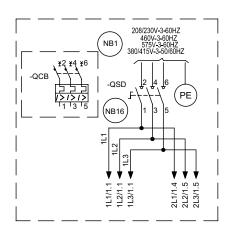
LD19265

# FIGURE 19 - SINGLE AND DUAL POINT WIRING OPTIONS

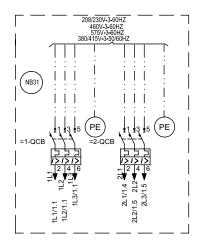
# 035-21583-116 REV B (SHT 2)







# SINGLE POINT WIRING OPTIONS



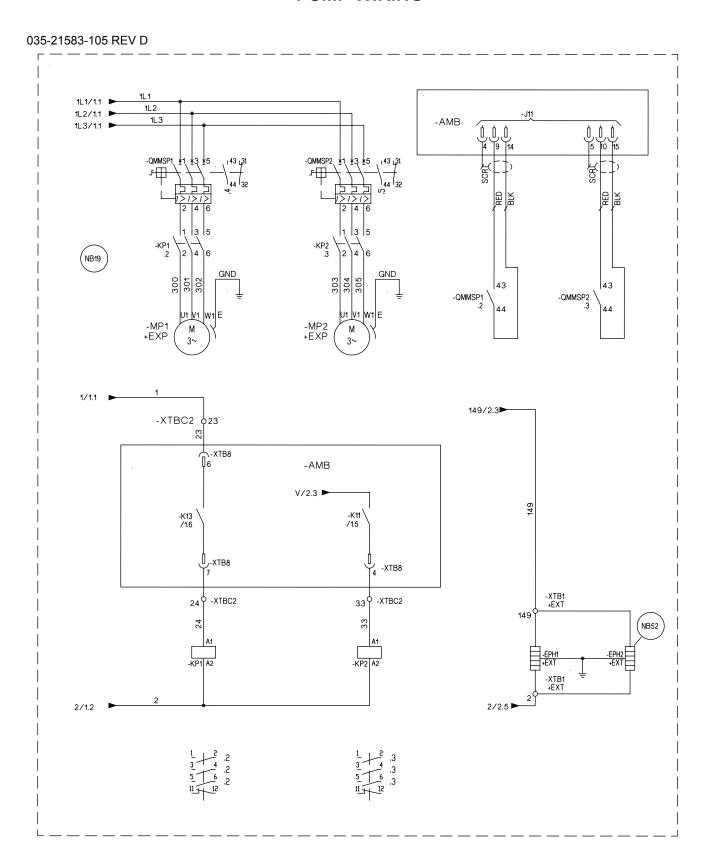
**DUAL POINT WIRING OPTIONS** 

LD19266

# FIGURE 19 - SINGLE AND DUAL POINT WIRING OPTIONS(CONT'D)

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

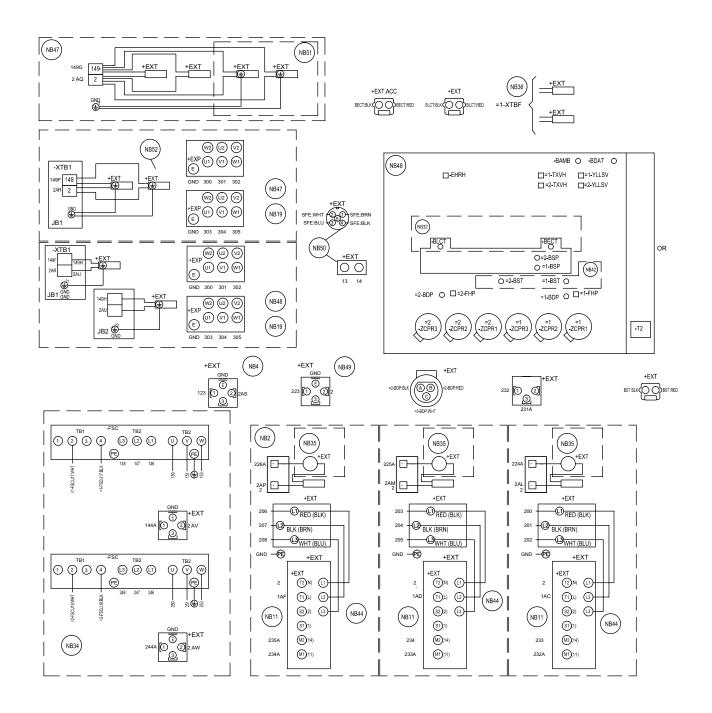
# **PUMP WIRING**



# FIGURE 20 - PUMP WIRING

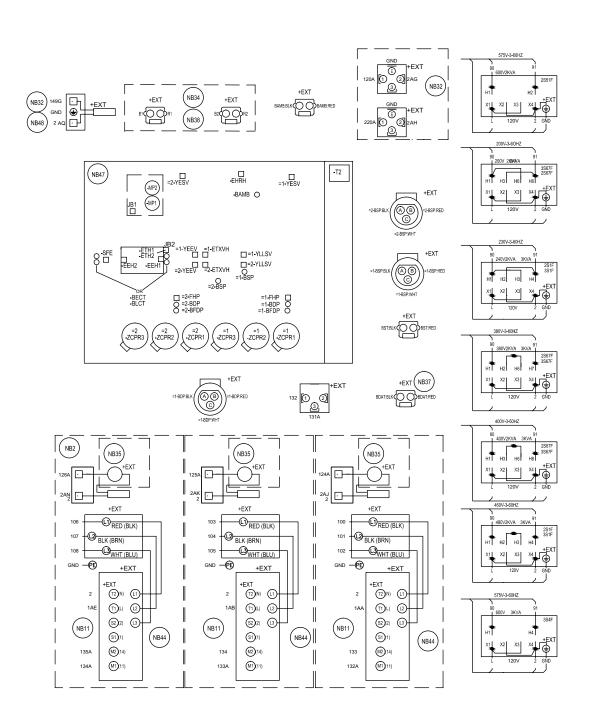
# **COMPRESSOR WIRING**

# 035-21589-106 REV M (SHT 1)



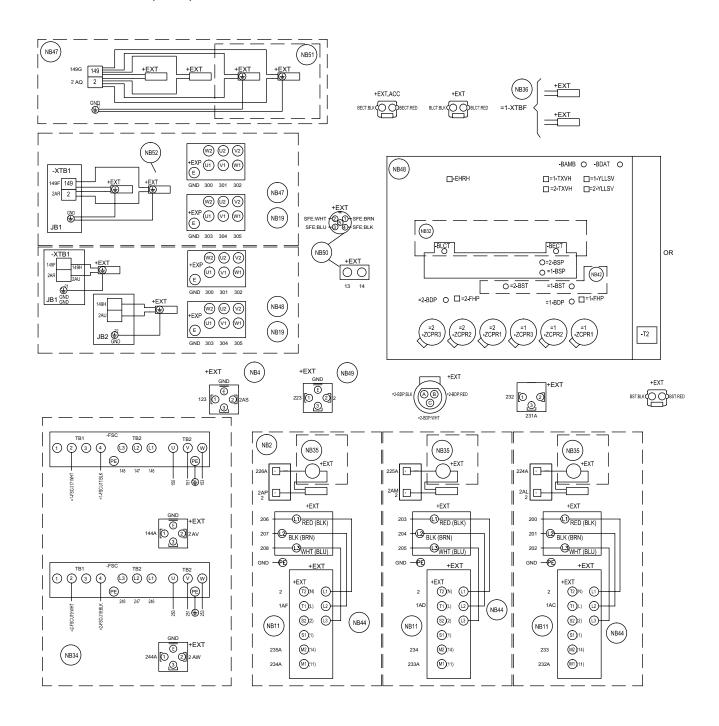
LD19267

# FIGURE 21 - COMPRESSOR WIRING



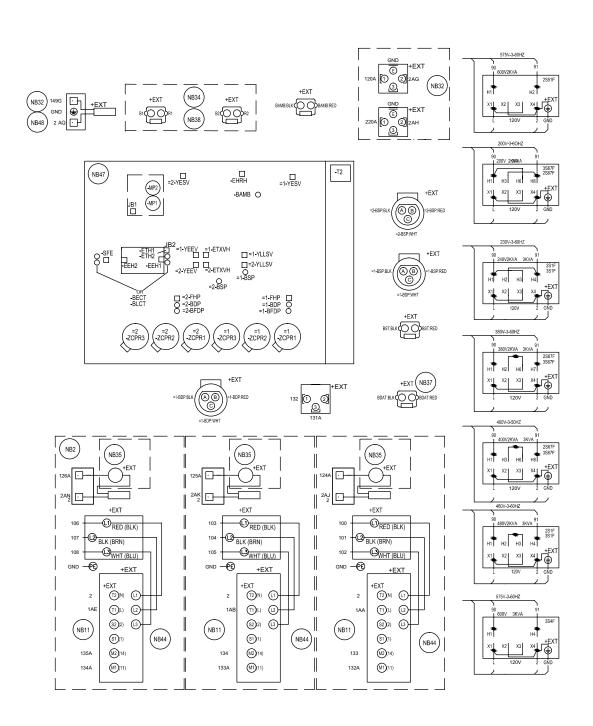
# FIGURE 21 - COMPRESSOR WIRING (CONT'D)

# 035-21589-106 REV M (SHT 2)



LD19269

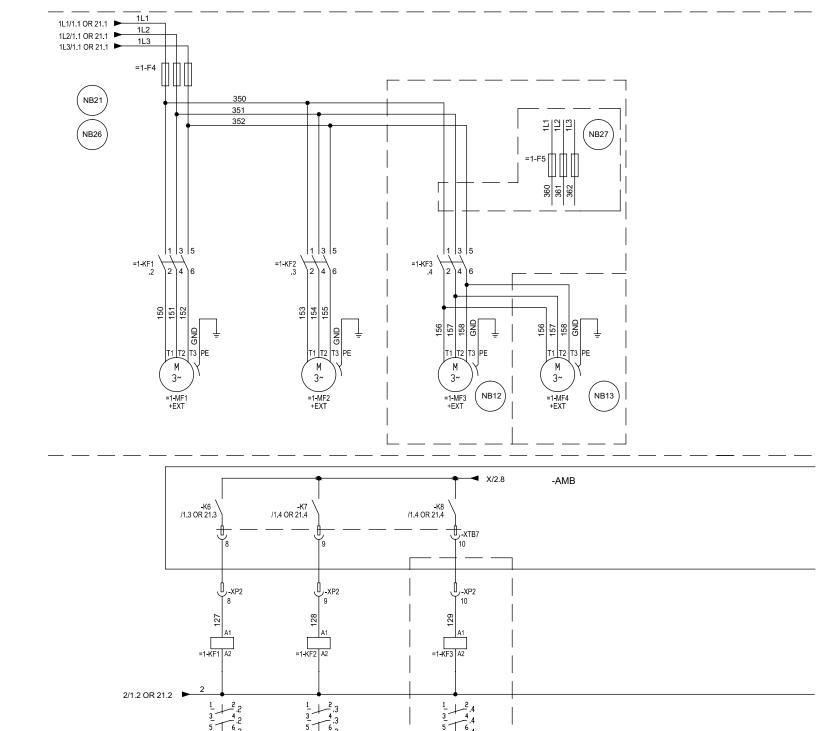
# FIGURE 22 - COMPRESSOR WIRING



# FIGURE 22 - COMPRESSOR WIRING (CONT'D)

# **POWER OPTIONS CONNECTION DIAGRAM**

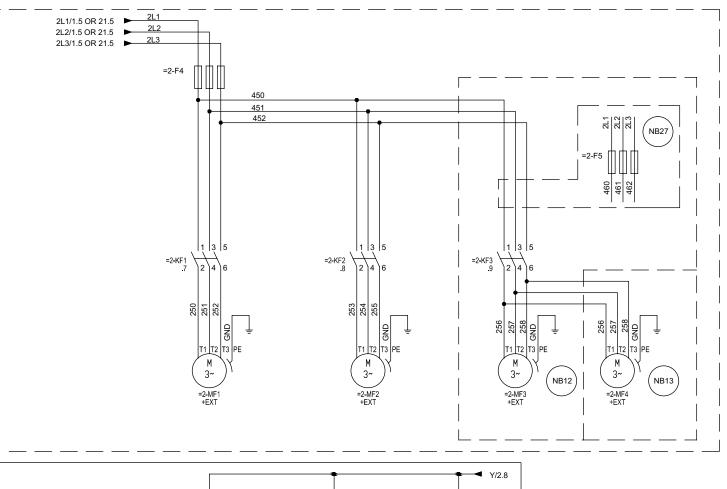
035-21589-103 REV C (SHT 1)



NB12

LD19271

# FIGURE 23 - POWER OPTIONS CONNECTION DIAGRAM



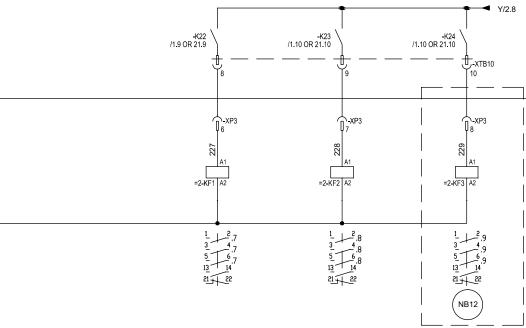
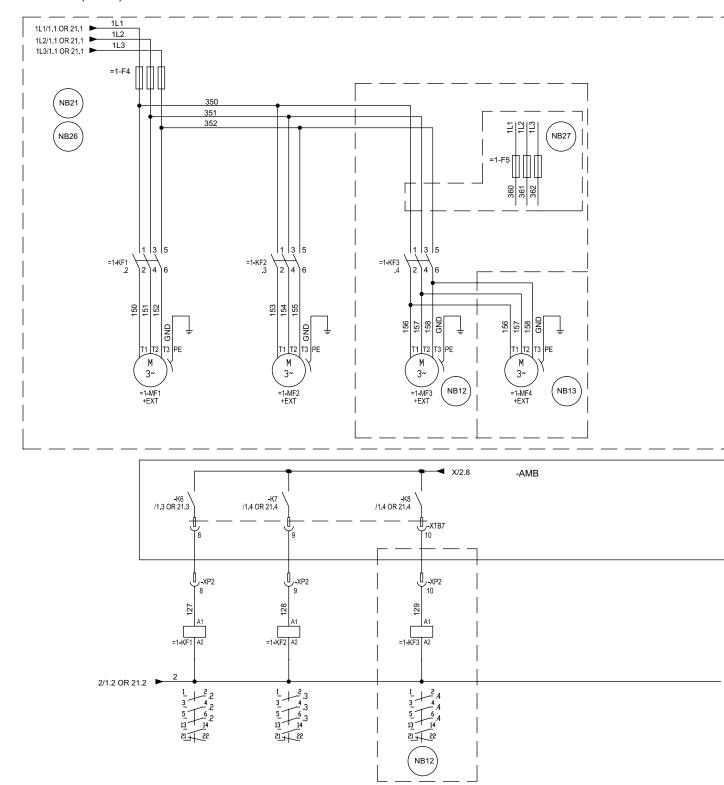


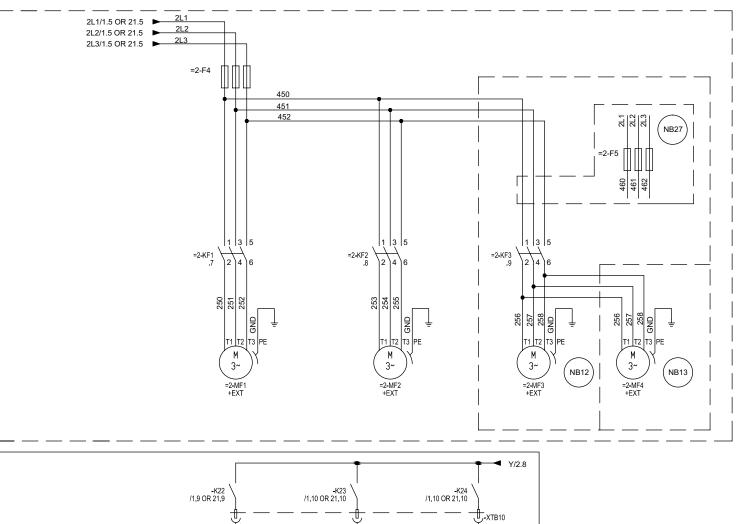
FIGURE 23 - POWER OPTIONS CONNECTION DIAGRAM (CONT'D)

# 035-21589-103 REV C (SHT 2)



LD19273

# FIGURE 24 - POWER OPTIONS CONNECTION DIAGRAM



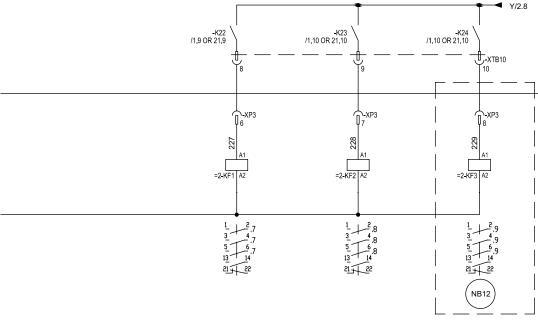
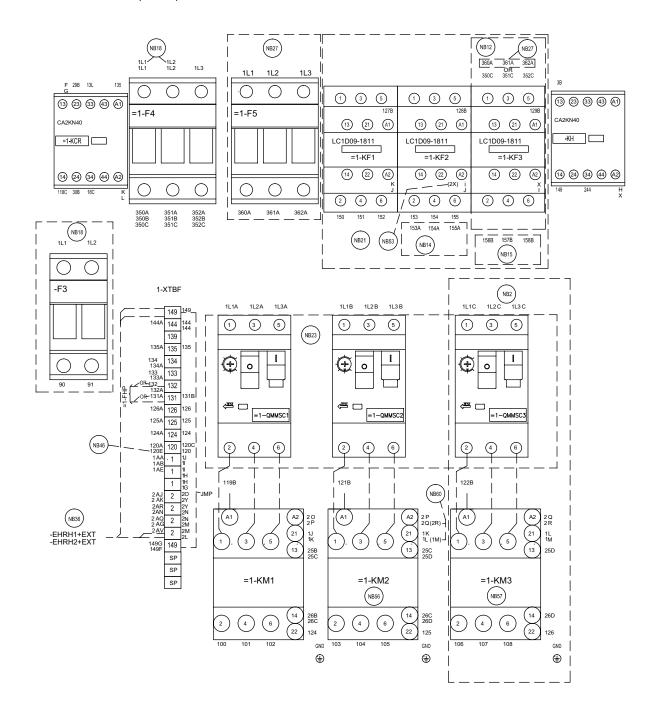


FIGURE 24 - POWER OPTIONS CONNECTION DIAGRAM (CONT'D)

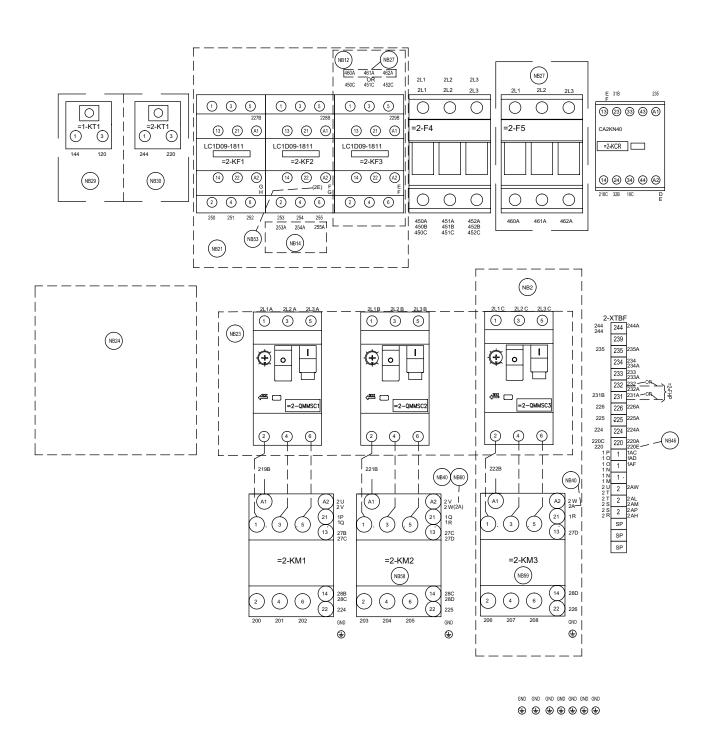
# **POWER PANEL**

### 035-21589-101 REV F (SHT 1)



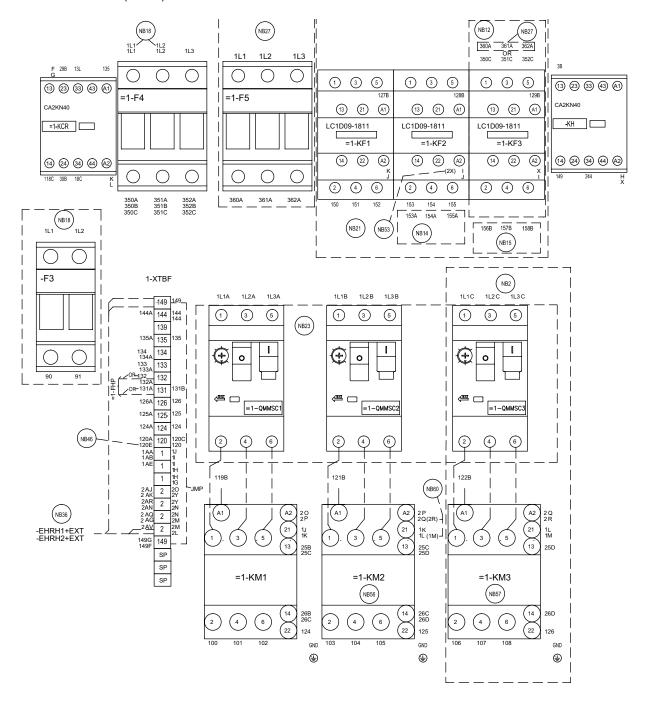
LD19275

# FIGURE 25 - POWER PANEL

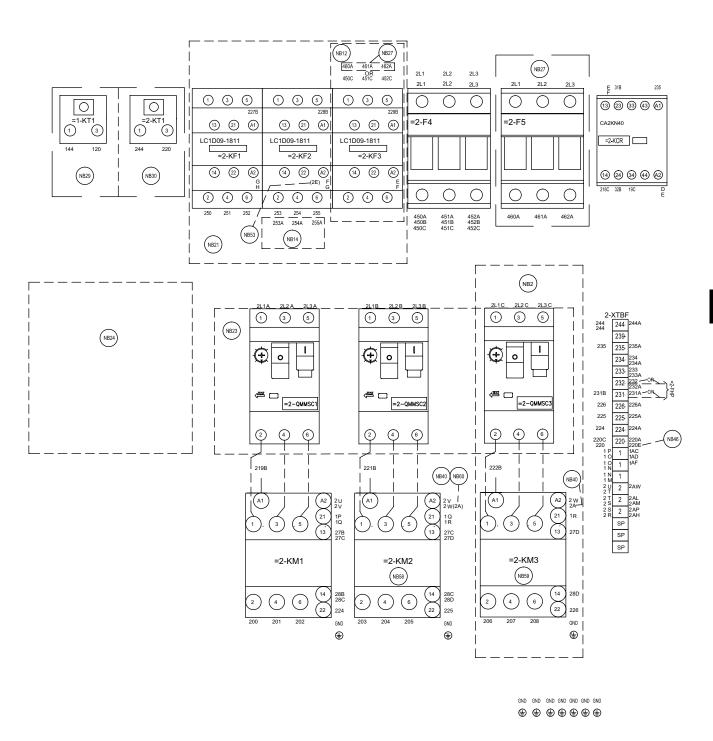


# FIGURE 25 - POWER PANEL (CONT'D)

### 035-21589-101 REV F (SHT 2)



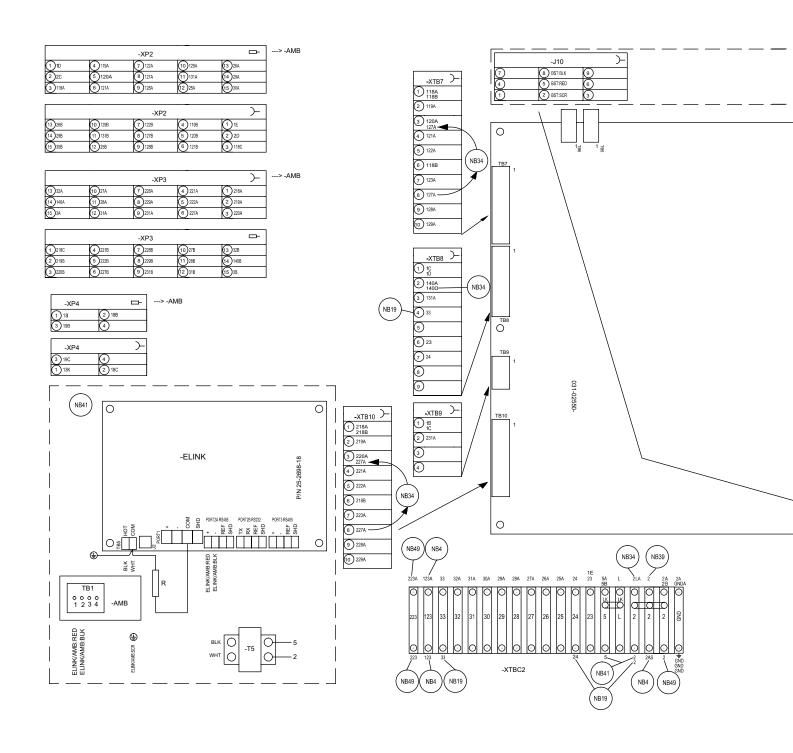
LD19277



# FIGURE 26 - POWER PANEL (CONT'D)

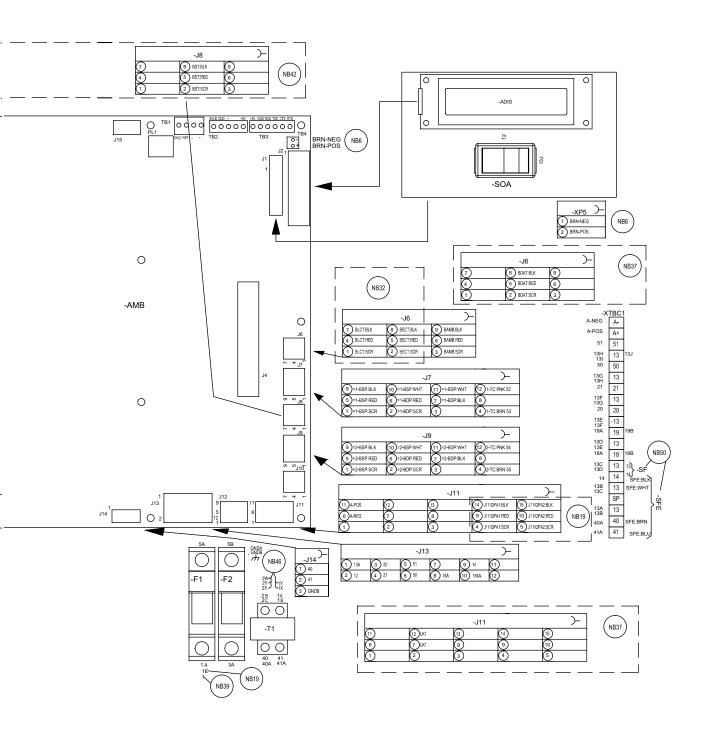
# MICRO PANEL CONNECTIONS

035-21589-102 REV K (SHT 1)



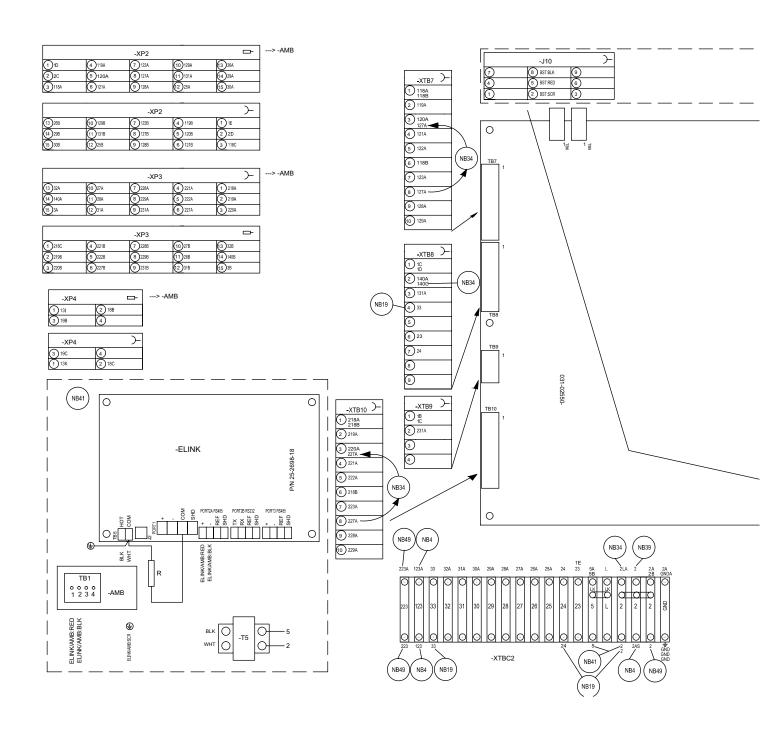
LD19279

# FIGURE 27 - MICRO PANEL CONNECTIONS



# FIGURE 27 - MICRO PANEL CONNECTIONS (CONT'D)

# 035-21589-102 REV K (SHT 2)



LD19281

# FIGURE 28 - MICRO PANEL CONNECTIONS

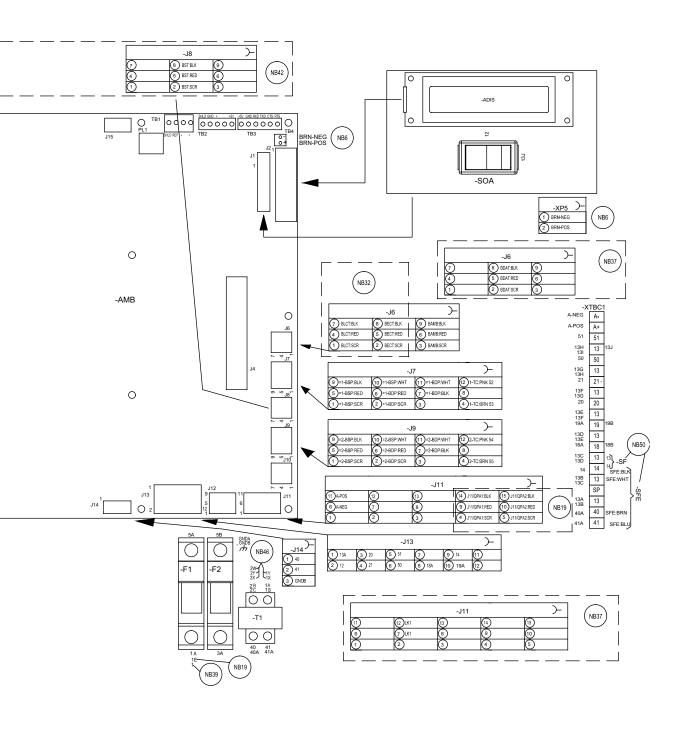
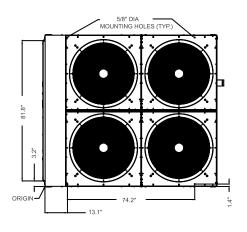
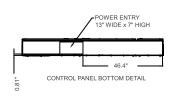


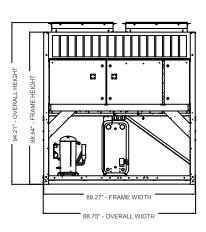
FIGURE 28 - MICRO PANEL CONNECTIONS (CONT'D)

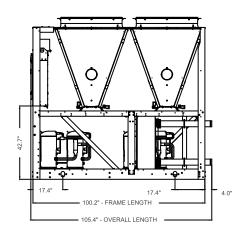
# DIMENSIONS FOUR FAN UNITS

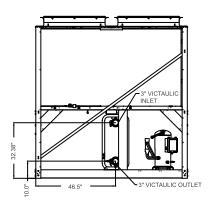
# **DIMENSIONS - QTC3055THE, QTC3060THE, QTC3080THE**









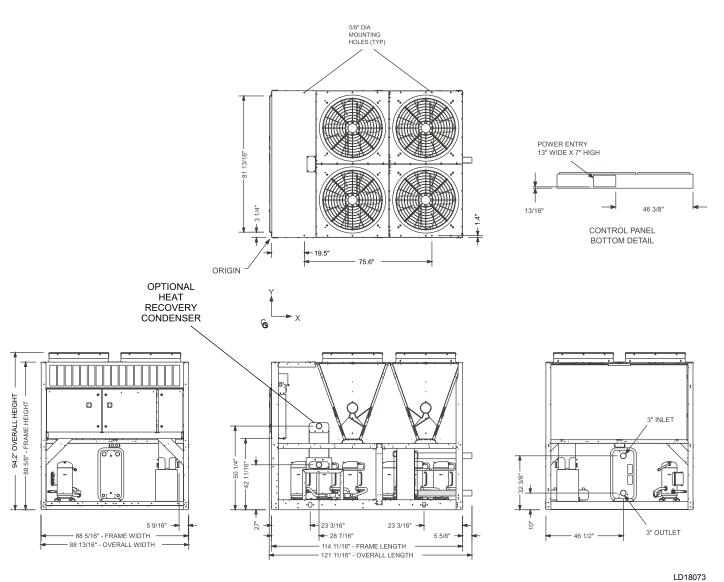


LD18072

### NOTE:

Placement on a level surface of free of obstructions (including snow, for winter operation) or air circulation ensures rated performance, reliable operation, and ease of maintenance. Site restrictions may compromise minimum clearances indicated below, resulting in unpredictable airflow patterns and possible diminished performance. Johnson Control's unit controls will optimize operation without nuisance high-pressure safety cutouts; however, the system designer must consider potential performance degradation. Access to the unit control center assumes the unit is no higher than on spring isolators. Recommended minimum clearances: Side to wall – 6'; rear to wall – 6'; control panel to end wall – 4'0"; top – no obstructions allowed; distance between adjacent units – 10'. No more than one adjacent wall may be higher than the unit.

# FOUR FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS – QTC3070TSE, QTC3075TSE, QTC3085TSE

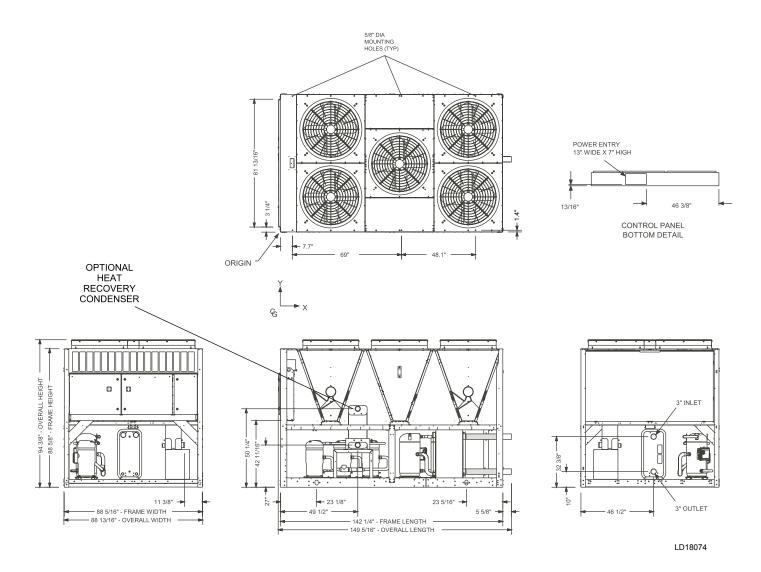


Placement on a level surface of free of obstructions (including snow, for winter operation) or air circulation ensures rated performance, reliable operation, and ease of maintenance. Site restrictions may compromise minimum clearances indicated below, resulting in unpredictable airflow patterns and possible diminished performance. Johnson Control's unit controls will optimize operation without nuisance high-pressure safety cutouts; however, the system designer must consider potential performance degradation. Access to the unit control center assumes the unit is no higher than on spring isolators. Recommended minimum clearances: Side to wall -6'; rear to wall -6'; control panel to end wall -4'0"; top - no obstructions allowed; distance between adjacent units - 10'. No more than one adjacent wall may be higher than the unit.

97

NOTE:

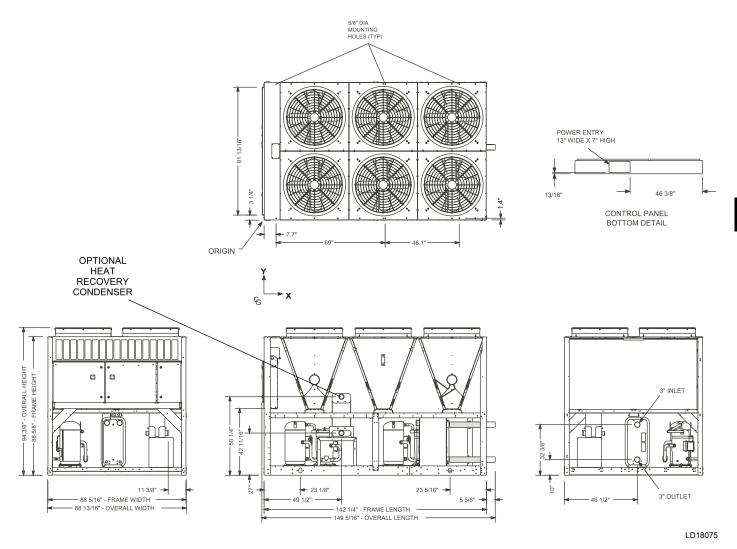
# FIVE FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS – QTC3095TSE



# NOTE:

Placement on a level surface of free of obstructions (including snow, for winter operation) or air circulation ensures rated performance, reliable operation, and ease of maintenance. Site restrictions may compromise minimum clearances indicated below, resulting in unpredictable airflow patterns and possible diminished performance. Johnson Control's unit controls will optimize operation without nuisance high-pressure safety cutouts; however, the system designer must consider potential performance degradation. Access to the unit control center assumes the unit is no higher than on spring isolators. Recommended minimum clearances: Side to wall -6'; rear to wall -6'; control panel to end wall -4'0"; top - no obstructions allowed; distance between adjacent units - 10'. No more than one adjacent wall may be higher than the unit.

# SIX FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS – QTC3110TSE, QTC3090THE, QTC3100THE

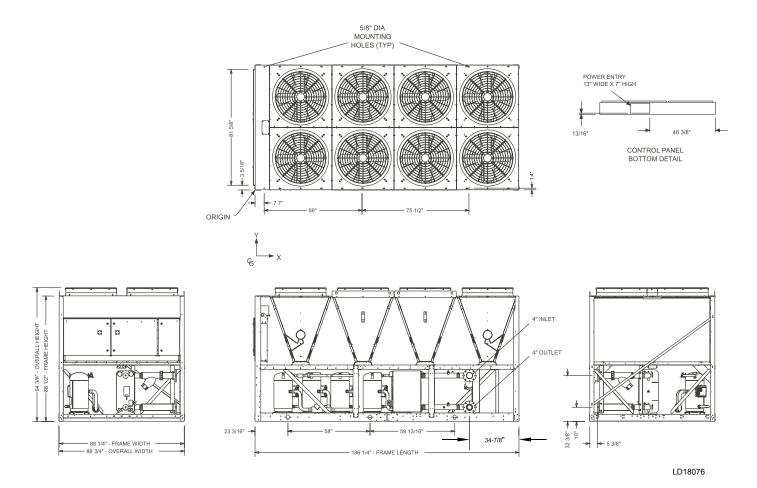


### NOTE:

Placement on a level surface of free of obstructions (including snow, for winter operation) or air circulation ensures rated performance, reliable operation, and ease of maintenance. Site restrictions may compromise minimum clearances indicated below, resulting in unpredictable airflow patterns and possible diminished performance. Johnson Control's unit controls will optimize operation without nuisance high-pressure safety cutouts; however, the system designer must consider potential performance degradation. Access to the unit control center assumes the unit is no higher than on spring isolators. Recommended minimum clearances: Side to wall -6; rear to wall -6; control panel to end wall -4'0"; top - no obstructions allowed; distance between adjacent units - 10'. No more than one adjacent wall may be higher than the unit.

99

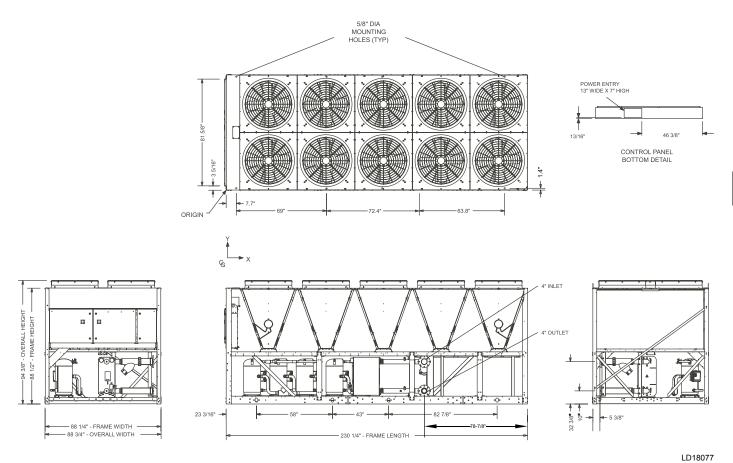
# EIGHT FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS – QTC3125TSE, QTC3140TSE, QTC3130THE



### NOTE:

Placement on a level surface of free of obstructions (including snow, for winter operation) or air circulation ensures rated performance, reliable operation, and ease of maintenance. Site restrictions may compromise minimum clearances indicated below, resulting in unpredictable airflow patterns and possible diminished performance. Johnson Control's unit controls will optimize operation without nuisance high-pressure safety cutouts; however, the system designer must consider potential performance degradation. Access to the unit control center assumes the unit is no higher than on spring isolators. Recommended minimum clearances: Side to wall -6'; rear to wall -6'; control panel to end wall -4'0"; top - no obstructions allowed; distance between adjacent units - 10'. No more than one adjacent wall may be higher than the unit.

# TEN FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS – QTC3160TSE, QTC3150THE, QTC3170THE

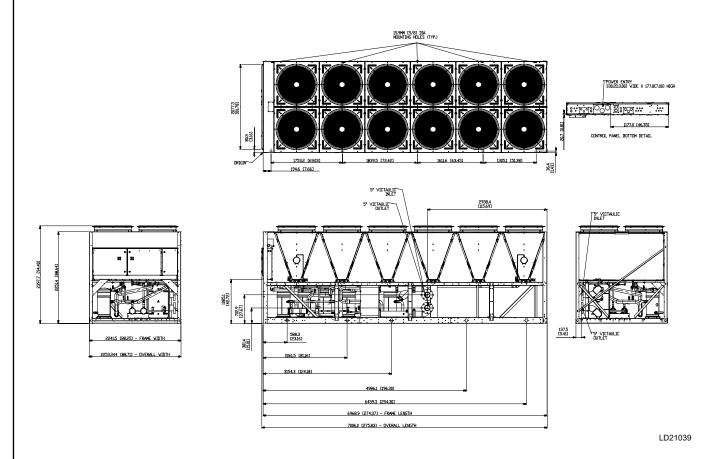


### NOTE:

Placement on a level surface of free of obstructions (including snow, for winter operation) or air circulation ensures rated performance, reliable operation, and ease of maintenance. Site restrictions may compromise minimum clearances indicated below, resulting in unpredictable airflow patterns and possible diminished performance. Johnson Control's unit controls will optimize operation without nuisance high-pressure safety cutouts; however, the system designer must consider potential performance degradation. Access to the unit control center assumes the unit is no higher than on spring isolators. Recommended minimum clearances: Side to wall -6'; rear to wall -6'; control panel to end wall -4'0"; top - no obstructions allowed; distance between adjacent units - 10'. No more than one adjacent wall may be higher than the unit.

101

# TWELVE FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS – QTC3205THE



# NOTE:

Placement on a level surface of free of obstructions (including snow, for winter operation) or air circulation ensures rated performance, reliable operation, and ease of maintenance. Site restrictions may compromise minimum clearances indicated below, resulting in unpredictable airflow patterns and possible diminished performance. Johnson Control's unit controls will optimize operation without nuisance high-pressure safety cutouts; however, the system designer must consider potential performance degradation. Access to the unit control center assumes the unit is no higher than on spring isolators. Recommended minimum clearances: Side to wall -6'; rear to wall -6'; control panel to end wall -4'0"; top - no obstructions allowed; distance between adjacent units - 10'. No more than one adjacent wall may be higher than the unit.

# WEIGHT DISTRIBUTION AND ISOLATOR MOUNTING POSITIONS

# General

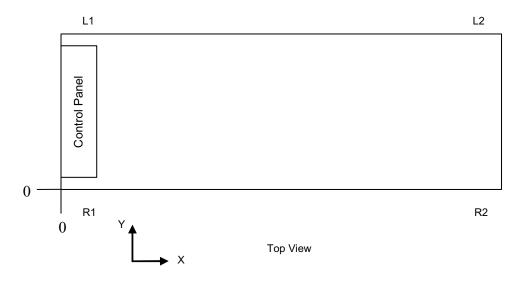
Weights of specific chiller models vary significantly as options are added. As a result, total weights, weights at individual isolator positions, and actual isolator selection at each position cannot be published due to the vast number of possible combinations. This information will be available when the specific chiller/ option selection is made from the local Quantech technical support. Be aware, weights will change with each option along with possible isolator changes. Weights and isolators may need to be recalculated when the option selections are changed.

Whenever the isolator option is ordered, the isolators will be shipped loose with the chiller. Packed with the isolators and also in the control panel information packet is a drawing and table specifically for each chiller, based on the option selection. The drawing and table will be similar to the two samples shown below and on the following page. The drawing will show the isolator locations along with the weight in pounds and kilograms at the specific location, isolator position, and location measurements for each isolator.

# **Sample Isolator Location Drawings**

See *Figure 29* below for sample printouts supplied in the isolator package and in the chiller panel literature packets.

UNIT SHIPPING WEIGHT	KG	LBS.
(Display on unit data nameplate)	2032	4480



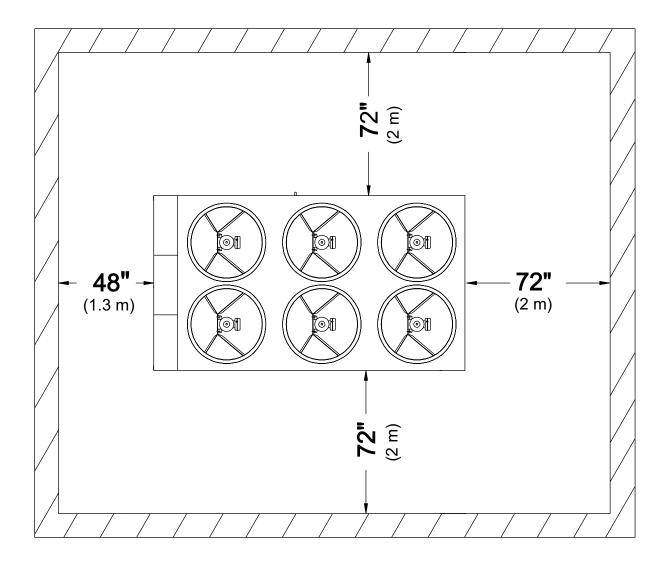
LOCATION	X DISTANCE INCHES (MM)	Y DISTANCE INCHES (MM)	VENDOR NUMBER	OPERATING WEIGHT LBS (KG)
R1	19.5 (495.3)	1.36 (34.5)	ND-D / Yellow	1092 (495.3)
L1	19.5 (495.3)	86.86 (2206.2)	ND-D / Yellow	1406 (637.8)
R2	96.1 (2440.9)	1.36 (34.5)	ND-D / Yellow	1015 (460.4)
L2	96.1 (2440.9)	86.86 (2206.2)	ND-D / Yellow	1304 (591.5)

FIGURE 29 - SAMPLE PRINTOUT SUPPLIED IN THE ISOLATOR PACKAGE AND IN THE CHILLER PANEL LITERATURE PACKET

QUANTECH 103

# **CLEARANCES**

See *Figure 30* below for minimum clearances for all QTC3 units.



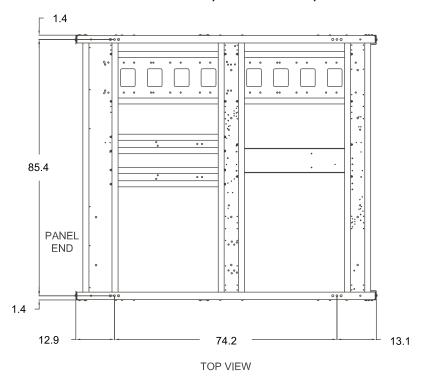
# NOTES:

- 1. No obstructions allowed above the unit.
- 2. Only one adjacent wall may be higher than the unit.
- 3. Adjacent units should be 10 feet (3 Meters) apart.

# FIGURE 30 - UNIT CLEARANCES - ALL MODELS

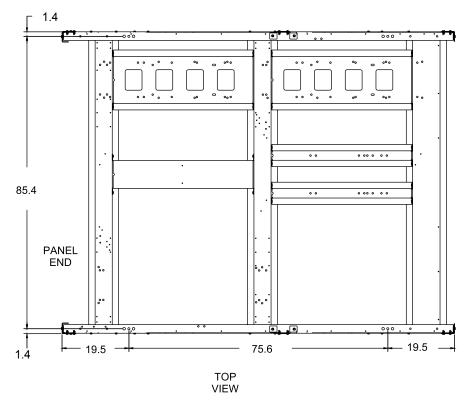
# **ISOLATOR LOCATIONS**

# FOUR FAN ISOLATOR LOCATIONS QTC3055THE, QTC3060THE, QTC3080THE



LD18078

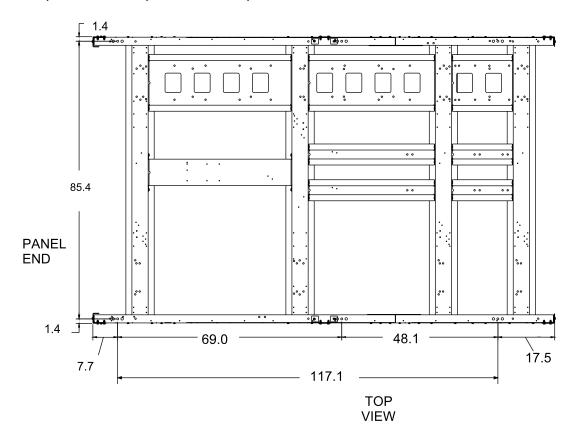
# FOUR FAN ISOLATOR LOCATIONS QTC3070TSE, QTC3075TSE, QTC3085TSE



LD18079

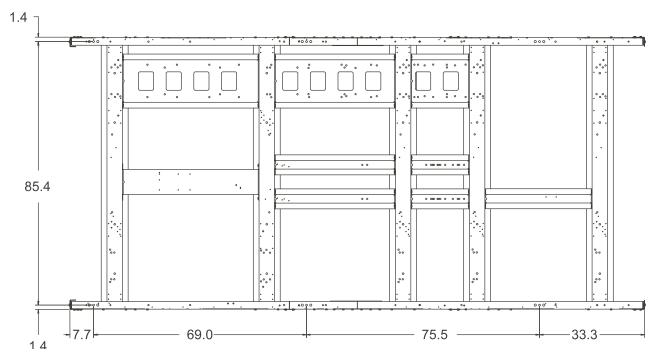
All dimensions are inches unless otherwise specified.

# FIVE and SIX FAN ISOLATOR LOCATIONS QTC3095TSE, QTC3110TSE, QTC3090THE, QTC3100THE



LD18080

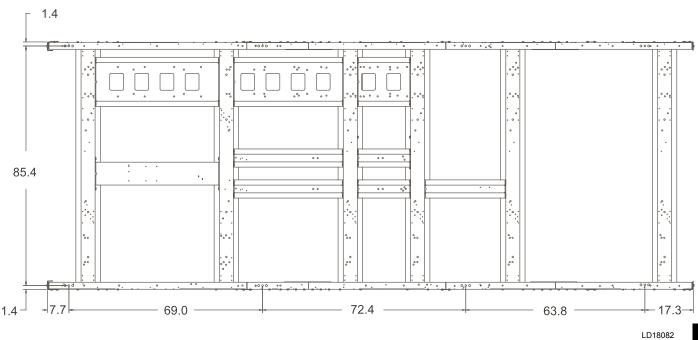
# EIGHT FAN ISOLATOR LOCATIONS QTC3125TSE, QTC3140TSE, QTC3130THE

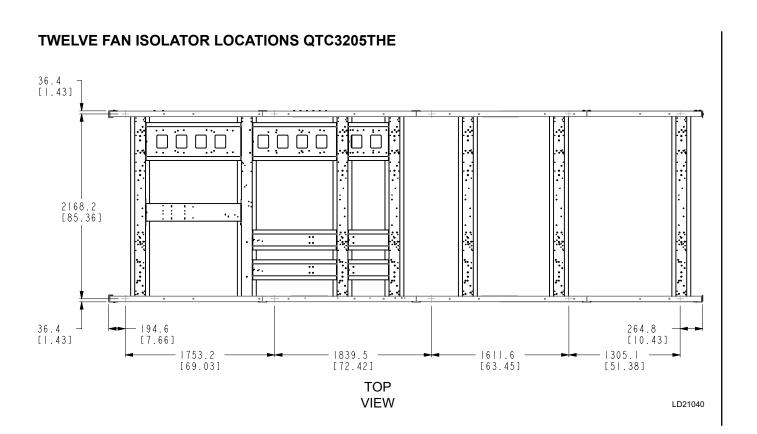


LD18081

All dimensions are inches unless otherwise specified.

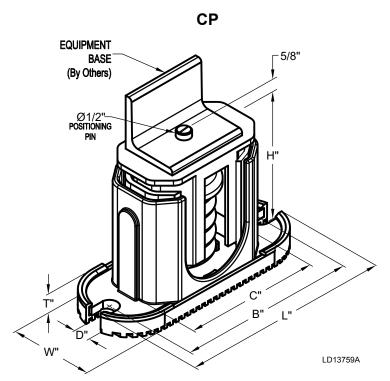
# TEN FAN ISOLATOR LOCATIONS QTC3160TSE, QTC3150THE, QTC3170THE





All dimensions are inches unless otherwise specified.

# ISOLATOR INFORMATION One Inch Deflection Spring Isolator Cross-reference



MOUNT	DIMENSION DATA (INCHES)						
TYPE	W	D	L	В	С	Т	Н
CP1	3	5/8	7-3/4	6-1/2	4-3/4	1/2	5-5/8
CP2	3	5/8	10-1/2	9-1/4	7-3/4	9/16	6

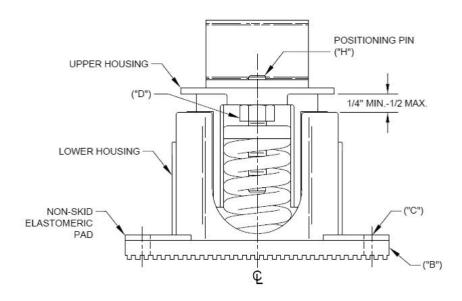
MODEL NUMBER	RATED CAPACITY (LBS)	DEFLECTION RATED (IN)	COLOR CODE
CP1-1D-85	85	1.360	LT. PURPLE
CP1-1D-120	120	1.200	DK. YELLOW
CP1-1D-175	175	1.170	DK. BLUE
CP1-1D-250	250	1.400	YELLOW
CP1-1D-340	340	1.130	RED
CP1-1D-510	510	1.020	BLACK
CP1-1D-675	675	1.320	DK. PURPLE
CP1-1D-900	900	1.020	DK. GREEN
CP1-1D-1200	1200	0.900	GRAY
CP1-1D-1360	1360	0.770	WHITE
CP1-1D-1785N	1785	0.880	GRAY/RED

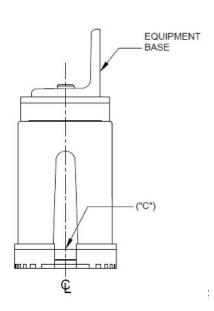
MODEL NUMBER	RATED CAPACITY (LBS)	DEFLECTION RATED (IN)	COLOR CODE	
CP2-1D-1020	1020	1.020	BLACK	
CP2-1D-1350	1350	1.320	DK. PURPLE	
CP2-1D-1800	1800	1.020	DK. GREEN	
CP2-1D-2400	2400	0.900	GRAY	
CP2-1D-2720	2720	0.770	WHITE	
CP2-1D-3570N	3570	0.880	GRAY / RED	

# ONE INCH DEFLECTION SPRING ISOLATORS INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Read instructions in their entirety before beginning installation.
- 2. Isolators are shipped fully assembled and are to be positioned in accordance with the submittal drawings or as otherwise recommended.
- 3. Set isolators on floor, housekeeping pad or sub-base, ensuring that all isolators centerlines match the equipment mounting holes. The VMC group recommends that the isolator base ("B") be installed on a level surface. Shim or grout as required, leveling all isolator bases to the same elevation (1/4-inch maximum difference can be tolerated).
- 4. Bolt or anchor all isolators to supporting structure utilizing base slotted holes ("C").
- 5. Place equipment on top of isolators making sure that mounting holes of the equipment line up with isolator positioning pin ("H").

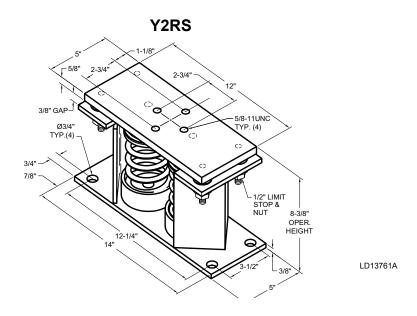
- 6. The adjustment process can only begin after the equipment or machine is at its full operating weight.
- 7. Adjust each isolator in sequence by turning spring adjusting bolt ("D") one full counterclockwise turn at a time. Repeat this procedure on all isolators, one at a time.
- 8. Continue adjusting each isolator until a minimum of 1/4" clearance is achieved between the lower housing and upper housing. (See drawing below).
- 9. Fine adjust isolators to level equipment.
- 10. Installation is complete.





LD13790

# 2" DEFLECTION ISOLATOR CROSS-REFERENCE



- 1. All dimensions are in inches, interpret per ANSI Y14
- 2. Standard finish: housing-powder coated (color, black), spring-powder coated (color, see table below) hardware zinc-electroplate.
- 3. Equipment must be bolted or welded to the top plate to meet allowable seismic ratings.
- 4. All springs are designed for 50% overload capacity with exception of the 2D-3280N and 2D-2870.
- 5. Refer to next page for installation instructions.
- 6. Consult factory for concrete installation.

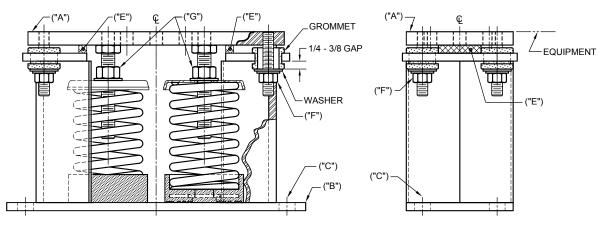
#### MODEL Y2RSI-2D SEISMICALLY RESTRAINED VIBRATION ISOLATOR FOR 2" DEFLECTION

SEISMIC MOUNT SIZE	RATED LOAD (LBS)	RATED DEFLECTION (IN)	SPRING RATE (LBS/IN)	SOLID LOAD (LBS)	COLOR CODE	ALLOWABLE G RATING HORIZONTAL
Y2RSI-2D-150	150	2.4	62	234	WHITE	34.7
Y2RSI-2D-320	320	2.3	140	490	YELLOW	16.3
Y2RSI-2D-460	460	2.3	200	688	GREEN	11.3
Y2RSI-2D-710	710	2.2	330	1072	DK BROWN	7.3
Y2RSI-2D-870	870	1.9	460	1312	RED	6
Y2RSI-2D-1200N	1200	1.9	638	1818	RED/BLACK	4.3
Y2RSI-2D-1450	1450	1.8	900	2450	TAN	3.6
Y2RSI-2D-1690	1690	1.7	1140	2892	PINK	3.1
Y2RSI-2D-2000N	2000	1.7	1318	3342	PINK/BLACK	2.6
Y2RSI-2D-2640N	2640	1.5	1854	4283	PINK/GRAY	2
Y2RSI-2D-2870N	3080	1.5	2004	4629	PINK/GRAY/ ORANGE	1.7
Y2RSI-2D-3280N	3740	1.8	2134	4930	PINK/GRAY/DK BROWN	1.4

# 2" DEFLECTION ISOLATOR INSTALLATION AND ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Read instructions in their entirety before beginning installation.
- Isolators are shipped fully assembled and are to be positioned in accordance with the submittal drawings or as otherwise recommended.
- 3. Set isolators on floor, housekeeping pad, or subbase, ensuring that all isolator centerlines match the equipment mounting holes. The VMC group recommends that the isolator base plates ("B") be installed on a level surface. Shim or grout as required, leveling all isolator base plates to the same elevation (1/4-inch maximum difference can be tolerated).
- 4. Bolt or anchor all isolators to supporting structure utilizing base plate thru holes ("C") or weld base plate to supporting structure with 3/8 fillet weld 2" long @ 4" on center around entire base plate or as engineered for specific load and or field conditions.
- 5. Isolators are shipped to the job site with (2) removable spacer shims ("E") between the top plate and the housing. These shims must be in place when the equipment is positioned over the isolators.
- 6. With all shims ("E") in place, position equipment on top of plate ("A") of isolator. Bolt equipment securely to top plate of isolator using a minimum of (2) 5/8 UNC A325 grade 5 SAE bolts or weld

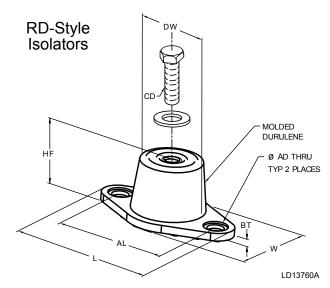
- equipment or bracket to the top plate ("A") of isolator with a minimum of 3/8 fillet welds 2" long @ 3" on center for a minimum total weld of 10". (All sides of equipment or bracket resting on top plate ("A") must be welded).
- 7. The adjustment process can only begin after the equipment or machine is at its full operating weight.
- 8. Back off each of the (4) limit stop lock nuts ("F") on isolators 1/2".
- 9. Adjust each isolator in sequence by turning spring adjusting nuts ("G") one full clockwise turn at a time. Repeat this procedure on all isolators, one at a time. Check the limit stop lock nuts ("F") periodically to ensure that clearance between the washer and rubber grommet is maintained. Stop adjustment of isolator only when the top plate ("A") has risen just above the shim ("E").
- 10. Remove all spacer shims ("E").
- 11. Fine adjust isolators to level equipment.
- 12. Adjust all limit stop lock nuts ("F") per isolator, maintaining a 1/4 to 3/8-inch gap. The limit stop nuts must be kept at this gap to ensure uniform bolt loading during uplift (as the case when equipment is drained).
- 13. Installation is complete.



LD13763B

111

# **NEOPRENE ISOLATOR CROSS-REFERENCE**



- 1. All dimensions are inches, interpreted per ANSI Y14
- 2. Refer to next page for installation instructions.
- 3. Mount molded in weather resistant duralene compound as standard. Also available in other materials such as natural rubber, extreme high temperature silicone, high-damped silicone, nitrile and EDPM.
- 4. AL = Mounting hole center to center spacing.
- 5. HF = Free height of mount, prior to loading. Operating height calculated by the free height less the static deflection under load. All dimensions for reference only.
- 6. Hardware zinc-electroplated.

MOUNT				DIMENSI	ON DATA (IN	ICHES)		
TYPE	L	W	HF	AL	AD	вт	CD	DW
RD1-WR	3.13	1.75	1.25	2.38	0.34	0.19	5/16-18 UNC X 3/4	1.25
RD2-WR	3.88	2.38	1.75	3.00	0.34	0.22	3/8-16 UNC X 1	1.75
RD3-WR	5.50	3.38	2.88	4.13	0.56	0.25	1/2-13 UNC X 1	2.50
RD4-WR	6.25	4.63	2.75	5.00	0.56	0.38	1/2-13 UNC X 1	3.00

MODEL NUMBER	RATED CAPACITY (LBS)	RATED DEFLECTION (IN)	DURO (± 5)
RD2-LIGHT BLUE-WR	35	0.4	30
RD2-BROWN-WR	45	0.4	40
RD2-BRICK RED-WR	70	0.4	50
RD 2-LIME-WR	120	0.4	60

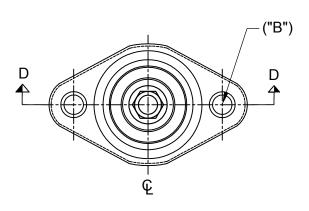
MODEL NUMBER	RATED CAPACITY (LBS)	RATED DEFLECTION (IN)	DURO (± 5)
RD2-LIGHT BLUE-WR	135	0.5	30
RD2-BROWN-WR	170	0.5	40
RD2-BRICK RED-WR	240	0.5	50
RD 2-LIME-WR	380	0.5	60
RD2 CHARCOAL-WR	550	0.5	70

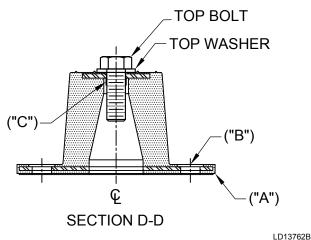
MODEL NUMBER	RATED CAPACITY (LBS)	RATED DEFLECTION (IN)	DURO (± 5)
RD3-Brown-WR	250	0.5	40
RD3-Brick Red-WR	525	0.5	50
RD3-Lime-WR	750	0.5	60
RD3 Charcoal-WR	1100	0.5	70

MODEL NUMBER	RATED CAPACITY (LBS)	RATED DEFLECTION (IN)	DURO (± 5)
RD4-BROWN-WR	1500	0.5	40
RD4-BRICK RED-WR	2250	0.5	50
RD4-LIME-WR	3000	0.5	60
RD4 CHARCOAL-WR	4000	0.5	70

# **INSTALLATION OF NEOPRENE VIBRATION ISOLATORS**

- 1. Read instructions in their entirety before beginning installation.
- 2. Isolators are shipped fully assembled and are to be positioned in accordance with the submittal drawings or as otherwise recommended.
- 3. Set isolators on floor, housekeeping pad, or subbase, ensuring that all isolator centerlines match the equipment mounting holes. The VMC group recommends that the isolator base ("A") be installed on a level surface. Shim or grout as required, leveling all isolator bases to the same elevation (1/32-inch maximum difference can be tolerated).
- 4. Bolt or anchor all isolators to supporting structure utilizing base thru holes ("B").
- 5. Remove top bolt and top washer. Place equipment on top of isolators so that mounting holes in equipment or base line up with threaded hole ("C").
- 6. Reinstall top bolt and washer and tighten down.
- 7. Installation is complete.





113

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# **SECTION 6 – COMMISSIONING**



Commissioning of this unit should only be carried out by Johnson Controls Authorized personnel.

Commissioning personnel should be thoroughly familiar with the information contained in this literature, in addition to this section.

Perform the commissioning using the detailed checks outlined. Refer to *Equipment Pre-Startup And Startup Checklist on page 95* as the commissioning procedure is carried out.

#### PREPARATION - POWER OFF

The following basic checks should be made with the customer power to the unit switched OFF.

#### Inspection

Inspect unit for installation damage. If found, take action and/or repair as appropriate.

#### **Refrigerant Charge**

Packaged units are normally shipped as standard with a full refrigerant operating charge. Check that refrigerant pressure is present in both systems and that no leaks are apparent. If no pressure is present, a leak test must be undertaken, the leak(s) located and repaired. Remote systems and units are supplied with a nitrogen holding charge. These systems must be evacuated with a suitable vacuum pump/recovery unit as appropriate to below 500 microns.

Do not liquid charge with static water in the cooler. Care must also be taken to liquid charge slowly to avoid excessive thermal stress at the charging point. Once the vacuum is broken, charge into the condenser coils with the full operating charge as given in SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA.

#### Service and Oil Line Valves

Open each compressor suction, economizer, and discharge service valve. If valves are of the back-seat type, open them fully (counterclockwise) then close one turn of the stem to ensure operating pressure is fed to pressure transducers. Open the liquid line service valve and oil return line ball valve fully in each system.

# **Compressor Oil**

To add oil to a circuit – connect a hand oil pump (Part No. 470-10654-000) to the 1/4" oil charging connection on the compressors with a length of clean hose or copper line, but do not tighten the flare nut. Using clean oil of the correct type ("V" oil for Copeland compressor and "PVE" oil for Bitzer compressor), pump oil until all air has been purged from the hose then tighten the nut. Stroke the oil pump to add oil to the oil system. Approximately 1.8 to 2.3 gallons is present in the each refrigerant system. Oil levels in the oil equalizing line sight glass should be between the bottom and the middle of the sight glass with the system OFF. High oil levels may cause excessive oil carryover in the system. High oil concentration in the system may cause nuisance trips resulting from incorrect readings on the level sensor and temperature sensors. Temperature sensor errors may result in poor liquid control and resultant liquid overfeed and subsequent damage to the compressor. While running, a visible sign of oil splashing in the sight glass is normal.

#### Fans

Check that all fans are free to rotate and are not damaged. Ensure blades are at the same height when rotated. Ensure fan guards are securely fixed.

#### Isolation / Protection

Verify all sources of electrical supply to the unit are taken from a single point of isolation. Check that the maximum recommended fuse sizes given in *SECTION* 5 – *TECHNICAL DATA* has not been exceeded.

#### **Control Panel**

Check the panel to see that it is free of foreign materials (wire, metal chips, etc.) and clean out if required.

#### **Power Connections**

Check that the customer power cables are connected correctly to the terminal blocks or optional circuit breaker. Ensure that connections of power cables within the panels to the circuit breaker or terminal blocks are tight.

#### Grounding

Verify that the unit's protective ground terminal(s) are properly connected to a suitable grounding point. Ensure that all unit internal ground connections are tight.

#### **Supply Voltage**

Verify that the site voltage supply corresponds to the unit requirement and is within the limits given in SEC-TION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA.

#### **Water System**

Verify the chilled liquid system has been installed correctly, and has been commissioned with the correct direction of water flow through the cooler. The inlet should be at the refrigerant piping connection end of the cooler. Purge air from the top of the cooler using the plugged air vent mounted on the extension pipe.

Flow rates and pressure drops must be within the limits given in *SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA*. Operation outside of these limits is undesirable and could cause damage.

If mains power must be switched OFF for extended maintenance or an extended shutdown period, the compressor suction, discharge and economizer service stop valves should be closed (clockwise). If there is a possibility of liquid freezing due to low ambient temperatures, the coolers should be drained or power should be applied to the chiller. This will allow the cooler heater to protect the cooler from freezing down to –20 °F. Before placing the unit back in service, valves should be opened and power must be switched ON (if power is removed for more than 8 hours) for at least 8 hours (24 hours if ambient temperature is below 86 °F [30 °C]) before the unit is restarted.

#### Flow Switch

Verify a chilled water flow switch is correctly fitted in the customer's piping on the cooler outlet, and wired into the control panel correctly using shielded cable.

There should be a straight run of at least 5 pipe diameters on either side of the flow switch. The flow switch should be connected to terminals 13 and 14 of XTBC1 on the panel.

#### **Temperature Sensor(s)**

Ensure the leaving liquid temperature sensor is coated with heat conductive compound (Part No. 013-00890-000) and is inserted to the bottom of the water outlet sensor well in the cooler. This sensor is part of the pump control freeze protection operation. It provides some freeze protection and must always be fully inserted in the water outlet sensor well.

#### PREPARATION - POWER ON



Perform the commissioning using the detailed checks outlined. Refer to Equipment Pre-Startup And Startup Checklist on page 95 as the commissioning procedure is carried out.

Apply power to the chiller. Turn on the option panel circuit breaker if supplied.



The machine is now live!

# **Switch Settings**

Assure the chiller OFF/ON UNIT switch at the bottom of the keypad is OFF. Place the optional circuit breaker handle on the panel door to ON. The customer's disconnection devices can now be set to ON.

Verify the control panel display is illuminated. Assure the system switches under the SYSTEM SWITCHES key are in the OFF position.

# **Compressor Heaters**

Verify the compressor heaters are energized. If the ambient temperature is above 96 °F (36 °C) the compressor heaters must be on for at least 8 hours before start-up to ensure all refrigerant liquid is driven out of the compressor and the oil. If the ambient temperature is below 86 °F (30 °C), allow 24 hours.



MODEL - QTC3

# INSTALLATION CHECKLIST AND REQUEST FOR AUTHORIZED STARTUP ENGINEER

CUS <sup>-</sup>	TOMER:	JOB NAME:			
ADDI	RESS:	LOCATION:			
PHOI	NE:	CUSTOMER ORDER NO:			
ЭТС	TEL NO: QTC ORDER NO: _	QTC CONTRACT NO:			
СНІ	ILLER MODEL NO:	UNIT SERIAL NO:			
The	work (as checked below) is in process and will be comple				
The 1	following work must be completed in accordance	with installation instructions:			
A. PI	RE-STARTUP	12. Be certain all water temp sensors are inserted completely in their respective wells and are			
	nit Checks (No Power)	coated with heat conductive compound			
Cl	he following basic checks should be made with the ustomer power to the unit switched OFF.	13. Assure that evaporator TXV bulbs are strapped onto the suction lines at 4 or 8 o'clock positions			
	Inspect the unit for shipping or installation damage	or suction temp. sensors if EEVs are installed			
	Assure that all piping has been completed Usually check for refrigerant piping leaks	B. COMPRESSOR HEATER (Power On - 24 Hours Prior To Start)			
4.	Open suction line ball valve, discharge line ball valve, and liquid line valve for each system	Apply 120VAC and verifiy its value between Terminal 5 and 2 of XTBC2. The voltage should be 120VAC			
5.	The compressor oil level should be maintained so that an oil level is visible or splashing in the sight glass when fully loaded. At shutdown, the oil level should be between the bottom and middle of the oil equalizing sight glass.	plus or minus 10%			
6.	Assure water pumps are ON. Check and adjust water pump flow rate and presure drop across	C. STARTUP			
	the cooler (see "Operational Limitations" (English)). Verify flow switch operation	Panel checks (Power On - Both unit switch Off)			
	NOTE: Excessive flow may cause catastrophic damage to the heat exchanger (evaporator)	Apply 3-phase power and verify its value. Voltage imbalance should be no more than 2% of the average voltage.			
7.	Check the control panel to ensure it is free of foreign material (wires, metal chips etc.)	2. Apply 120VAC and verify its value on the terminal block in the Power Panel. Make the			
8.	Visually inspect wiring (power and control) Wiring MUST meet N.E.C. and local codes	measurement between Terminals 5 and 2 of XTBC2. The voltage should be 120VAC plus or minus 10%			
9.	Check tightness of power wiring inside the power panel on both sides of the motor contactors and overloads	Program/verify the Cooling Setpoints, Program Setpoints, and unit Options. Record the values in the following table (see "SETPOINTS KEYS"			
10.	Check for proper size fuses in main and control circuits, and verify overload setting corresponds with RLA and FLA values in electrical tables	and "UNIT KEYS" in Section 7 for programming instruction)			
11.	(see Table 8 and Table 9)	Put the unit into Service Mode (see "SERVICE MODE" in Section 9) and cycle each condenser fan to ensure proper rotation			

#### SETPOINTS ENTRY LIST

OPTIONS	
Display Language	
Sys 1 Switch	
Sys 2 Switch	
Chilled Liquid	
Ambient Control*	
Local/Remote Mode	
Control Mode	
Display Units	
Lead/Lag Control*	
Fan Control*	
Manual Override	
Current Feedback	
Soft Start**	
Unit Type**	
Refrigerant Type**	
Expansion Valve Type**	
COOLING SETP	OINTS
Cooling Setpoint	
Range	
EMS-PWM Max. Setpoint	
PROGRAM	1
Discharge Pressure Cutout	
Suct. Pressure Cutout	
Suct. Pressure Cutout  Low Amb. Temp. Cutout	
Low Amb. Temp. Cutout	
Low Amb. Temp. Cutout Leaving Liquid Temp. Cutout	
Low Amb. Temp. Cutout Leaving Liquid Temp. Cutout Anti-Recycle Time	
Low Amb. Temp. Cutout Leaving Liquid Temp. Cutout Anti-Recycle Time Fan Control ON Pressure	
Low Amb. Temp. Cutout Leaving Liquid Temp. Cutout Anti-Recycle Time Fan Control ON Pressure Fan Differential OFF Pressure	
Low Amb. Temp. Cutout Leaving Liquid Temp. Cutout Anti-Recycle Time Fan Control ON Pressure Fan Differential OFF Pressure Total # of Compressors	

\*Not on All Models \*\*Viewable Only

Prior to this step, turn system 2 OFF (if applicable –refer to Option 2 under "UNIT KEYS" for more information on system switches).
 Connect a manifold gauge to system 1 suction and discharge service valves......

Place the Unit Switch in the control panel to the ON position.

**NOTE:** The chilled liquid setpoint may need to be temporarily lowered to ensure all compressors cycle ON.

As each compressor cycles ON, ensure that the discharge pressure rises and the suction pressure decreases. If this does not occur, the compressor

being tested is operating in the reverse direction and must be corrected. After verifying proper compressor rotation, turn the Unit Switch to "OFF."

**NOTE:** This unit uses scroll compressors which can only operate in one direction. Failure to observe this will lead to compressor failure.

 Turn system 1 OFF and system 2 ON (refer to "Option 2 – System Switches (two system units only)" under "UNIT KEYS" for more information on system switches))......

Place the Unit Switch in the control panel to the ON position.

**NOTE:** The chilled liquid setpoint may need to be temporarily lowered to ensure all compressors cycle ON.

As each compressor cycles ON, ensure that the discharge pressure rises and the suction pressure decreases. If this does not occur, the compressor being tested is operating in the reverse direction and must be corrected. After verifying proper co pressor rotation, turn the Unit Switch to OFF.

#### D. CHECKING SUPERHEAT AND SUBCOOLING

The subcooling temperature of each system can be calculated by recording the temperature of the liquid line at the outlet of the condenser and subtracting it from the liquid line saturation temperature at the liquid stop valve (liquid line saturation temp. is converted from a temperature/pressure chart).

Example:

Liquid line pressure = 325 PSIG converted to temp. minus liquid line temp. Subcooling = 18 °F 18 °F

The subcooling should be adjusted to 18  $^{\circ}\text{F}$  (-8  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) at design conditions.

Record the liquid line pressure and its corresponding temperature, liquid line temperature and subcooling below:

	SYS 1	SYS 2
Liq Line Press =		PSIG
Saturated Temp =		°F
Liq Line Temp =		°F
Subcooling =		°F

After the subcooling is verified, the suction superheatshould be checked. The superheat should be checked only after steady state operation of the chiller has been established, the leaving water temperature has been pulled down to the required leaving water temperature, and the unit is running in a fully loaded condition. Correct superheat setting for a system is 10 °F to 15 °F (5.56 °C to 8.33 °C) 18" (46 cm) from the heat exchanger.

Superheat should typically be set for no less than 10 °F with only a single compressor running on a circuit. The superheat is calculated as the difference between the actual temperature of the returned refrigerant gas in the suction line

	l	(

entering the compressor and the temperature	cor- E. Leak Checking
responding to the suction pressure as shown i standard pressure/temperature chart.	
Example: Suction Temp = 46 °F minus Suction Press	If the unit is functioning satisfactorily during the initial operating period, no safeties trip and the
105 PSIG converted to Temp - 34 °F Superheat = 12 °F	compressors cycle to control water temperature to setpoint, the chiller is ready to be placed into
When adjusting the expansion valve (TXV only the adjusting screw should be turned not more	y), operation.
than one turn at a time, allowing sufficient time (approximately 15 minutes) between adjustme	ents Owner's operating personnel:
for the system and the thermal expansion valv respond and stabilize.	
Assure that superheat is set at a minimum of 1 °F (5.56 °C) with a single compressor running	10
each circuit.  2. Record the suction temperature, suction	Name:
pressure, suction saturation temperature, and superheat of each system below:	Phone Number:
SYS 1 SYS 2	Name:
Suction Temp = °F	
	SIG
Saturation Temp = °F	:
Superheat = °F  CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBIL  This installation checklist provides a quick way to checklist all applicable installation instructions in Form QTC	LITIES AND INSTRUCTIONS TO USE FORM ck if all necessary installation work was completed in accordance C3-NM1, and when completed, acts as a request for Quantech
Superheat = °F  CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBIL  This installation checklist provides a quick way to checklist provides a quick provide a quick provid	LITIES AND INSTRUCTIONS TO USE FORM ck if all necessary installation work was completed in accordance
Superheat = °F  CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBIL  This installation checklist provides a quick way to checklist applicable installation instructions in Form QTC to furnish start-up supervision.	LITIES AND INSTRUCTIONS TO USE FORM ck if all necessary installation work was completed in accordance
Superheat = °F  CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBIL  This installation checklist provides a quick way to checklight all applicable installation instructions in Form QTC of furnish start-up supervision.  Complete this form as follows:	LITIES AND INSTRUCTIONS TO USE FORM ck if all necessary installation work was completed in accordance C3-NM1, and when completed, acts as a request for Quantech
Superheat = °F  CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBIL  This installation checklist provides a quick way to checklist all applicable installation instructions in Form QTC of furnish start-up supervision.  Complete this form as follows:  1. Fill out the top of the page.	LITIES AND INSTRUCTIONS TO USE FORM  ck if all necessary installation work was completed in accordance C3-NM1, and when completed, acts as a request for Quantech  ems that do not apply.
CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBIL  This installation checklist provides a quick way to check the all applicable installation instructions in Form QTC of furnish start-up supervision.  Complete this form as follows:  1. Fill out the top of the page.  2. Check off each item as required. Cross out (x) items.  3. Enter names, initials, and date of the operating process.	LITIES AND INSTRUCTIONS TO USE FORM  ck if all necessary installation work was completed in accordance C3-NM1, and when completed, acts as a request for Quantech  ems that do not apply.
CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBIL  This installation checklist provides a quick way to check the all applicable installation instructions in Form QTC of furnish start-up supervision.  Complete this form as follows:  1. Fill out the top of the page.  2. Check off each item as required. Cross out (x) items.  3. Enter names, initials, and date of the operating position.	LITIES AND INSTRUCTIONS TO USE FORM  ck if all necessary installation work was completed in accordance C3-NM1, and when completed, acts as a request for Quantech  ems that do not apply.  ersonnel who completed the checklist.  ch start-up technician should be at the job site and the name(s)
CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBIL  This installation checklist provides a quick way to check of the applicable installation instructions in Form QTC of turnish start-up supervision.  Complete this form as follows:  1. Fill out the top of the page.  2. Check off each item as required. Cross out (x) items.  3. Enter names, initials, and date of the operating post of the supervisor(s) to be contacted.  5. Retain one copy in files and send one copy to curvivith reference to the terms of the above contract, we are requesting the supervisor of the above contract, we are requesting the supervisor of the supervisor of the supervisor of the supervisor of the above contract, we are requesting the supervisor of the superviso	LITIES AND INSTRUCTIONS TO USE FORM  ck if all necessary installation work was completed in accordance C3-NM1, and when completed, acts as a request for Quantech  ems that do not apply.  ersonnel who completed the checklist.  ch start-up technician should be at the job site and the name(s)  stomer.  the presence of your Quantech Authorized Representative at the job site on personnel. Have the Quantech representative contact:
CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBIL  This installation checklist provides a quick way to check of the applicable installation instructions in Form QTC of turnish start-up supervision.  Complete this form as follows:  1. Fill out the top of the page.  2. Check off each item as required. Cross out (x) items.  3. Enter names, initials, and date of the operating provided the supervisor(s) to be contacted.  5. Retain one copy in files and send one copy to curtous to the terms of the above contract, we are requesting to the supervisor of the sup	LITIES AND INSTRUCTIONS TO USE FORM  Ext if all necessary installation work was completed in accordance C3-NM1, and when completed, acts as a request for Quantech erms that do not apply.  Extended the checklist.  Extended the checklist is the start-up technician should be at the job site and the name(s) extended the presence of your Quantech Authorized Representative at the job site on
CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBIL  This installation checklist provides a quick way to check of the applicable installation instructions in Form QTC of turnish start-up supervision.  Complete this form as follows:  1. Fill out the top of the page.  2. Check off each item as required. Cross out (x) items.  3. Enter names, initials, and date of the operating post of the supervisor(s) to be contacted.  5. Retain one copy in files and send one copy to curve to the terms of the above contract, we are requesting to the supervisor of the above contract, we are requesting to the supervisor of the s	LITIES AND INSTRUCTIONS TO USE FORM  Sk if all necessary installation work was completed in accordance C3-NM1, and when completed, acts as a request for Quantech  ems that do not apply.  ersonnel who completed the checklist.  Sh start-up technician should be at the job site and the name(s)  stomer.  The presence of your Quantech Authorized Representative at the job site on personnel. Have the Quantech representative contact:  Name/Phone  Intative will be furnished in accordance with the contract for a period of time of not more a charge of per diem plus travel expenses will be made to Quantech if services
CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBIL  This installation checklist provides a quick way to check the installation instructions in Form QTC to furnish start-up supervision.  Complete this form as follows:  1. Fill out the top of the page.  2. Check off each item as required. Cross out (x) items.  3. Enter names, initials, and date of the operating post of the supervisor(s) to be contacted.  5. Retain one copy in files and send one copy to curvivith reference to the terms of the above contract, we are requesting to start the system and instruct operating post of the supervisor of the Quantech Authorized Representation of the consecutive normal working hours, and we agree that a consecutive normal working hours, and we agree that a consecutive normal working hours, and we agree that a consecutive normal working hours, and we agree that a consecutive normal working hours, and we agree that a consecutive normal working hours.	LITIES AND INSTRUCTIONS TO USE FORM  Sk if all necessary installation work was completed in accordance C3-NM1, and when completed, acts as a request for Quantech  ems that do not apply.  ersonnel who completed the checklist.  Sh start-up technician should be at the job site and the name(s)  stomer.  The presence of your Quantech Authorized Representative at the job site on personnel. Have the Quantech representative contact:  Name/Phone  Intative will be furnished in accordance with the contract for a period of time of not more in charge of per diem plus travel expenses will be made to Quantech if services repeated calls are required, through no fault of Quantech.
CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBIL  This installation checklist provides a quick way to check the installation instructions in Form QTC to furnish start-up supervision.  Complete this form as follows:  1. Fill out the top of the page.  2. Check off each item as required. Cross out (x) items.  3. Enter names, initials, and date of the operating post of the supervisor(s) to be contacted.  5. Retain one copy in files and send one copy to curred the supervisor of the above contract, we are requesting to the supervisor of the system and instruct operating post of the supervisor of the system and instruct operating post of the supervisor of the Quantech Authorized Representation of the Supervisor of the Supervisor of the Quantech Authorized Representation of the Supervisor of the Quantech Authorized Representation of the Supervisor	LITIES AND INSTRUCTIONS TO USE FORM  Sk if all necessary installation work was completed in accordance C3-NM1, and when completed, acts as a request for Quantech  ems that do not apply.  ersonnel who completed the checklist.  Sh start-up technician should be at the job site and the name(s)  stomer.  The presence of your Quantech Authorized Representative at the job site on personnel. Have the Quantech representative contact:  Name/Phone  Intative will be furnished in accordance with the contract for a period of time of not more in charge of per diem plus travel expenses will be made to Quantech if services repeated calls are required, through no fault of Quantech.
CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBIL  This installation checklist provides a quick way to check the installation instructions in Form QTC to furnish start-up supervision.  Complete this form as follows:  1. Fill out the top of the page.  2. Check off each item as required. Cross out (x) items.  3. Enter names, initials, and date of the operating post of the supervisor(s) to be contacted.  5. Retain one copy in files and send one copy to curred the supervisor of the above contract, we are requesting to the supervisor of the system and instruct operating post of the supervisor of the system and instruct operating post of the supervisor of the Quantech Authorized Representation of the Supervisor of the Supervisor of the Quantech Authorized Representation of the Supervisor of the Quantech Authorized Representation of the Supervisor	LITIES AND INSTRUCTIONS TO USE FORM  Sk if all necessary installation work was completed in accordance C3-NM1, and when completed, acts as a request for Quantech  ems that do not apply.  Bersonnel who completed the checklist.  Sch start-up technician should be at the job site and the name(s)  Stomer.  The presence of your Quantech Authorized Representative at the job site on the presence.  Name/Phone  Intative will be furnished in accordance with the contract for a period of time of not more in charge of per diem plus travel expenses will be made to Quantech if services repeated calls are required, through no fault of Quantech.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# **SECTION 7 – UNIT CONTROLS**



#### LD19046

#### INTRODUCTION

The Quantech Control Center is a microprocessor based control system designed to provide the entire control for the liquid chiller. The control logic embedded in the microprocessor based control system will provide control for the chilled liquid temperatures, as well as sequencing, system safeties, displaying status, and daily schedules. The MicroComputer Control Center consists of four basic components:

- 1. IPU II and I/O Boards
- 2. Transformer
- 3. Display
- 4. Keypad

The keypad allows programming and accessing setpoints, pressures, temperatures, cutouts, daily schedule, options, and fault information.

Remote cycling, demand limiting and chilled liquid temperature reset can be accomplished by field supplied contacts.

Compressor starting/stopping and loading/unloading decisions are performed by the Microprocessor to maintain leaving or return chilled liquid temperature. These decisions are a function of temperature deviation from setpoint.

A Master ON/OFF switch activates or deactivates the unit

#### **IPU II AND I/O BOARDS**

The IPU and I/O boards are assembled to function as a single microprocessor controller. The IPU II board contains a microprocessor and is the controller. The I/O board handles all of the chiller I/O (Inputs and Outputs). System inputs from pressure transducers and temperature sensors are connected to the I/O board.

The I/O board constantly scans inputs to monitor the chiller operating conditions. The input values are transmitted the IPU II microprocessor board. From this information, the IPU II then issues commands to the I/O board relay outputs to control contactors, solenoids, etc. for Chilled Liquid Temperature Control and to react to safety conditions. The I/O board converts logic signals to operate relay outputs to 115VAC levels used by motor contactors, fan contactors, solenoid valves, etc. to control system operation. The low voltage side of all relay coils on the I/O board are powered by +12V.

Keypad commands are actuated upon by the microprocessor to change setpoints, cutouts, scheduling, operating requirements, and to provide displays. The keypad and display are connected to the I/O board.

The on-board power supply converts 24VAC from 75VA, 120/24VAC 50/60Hz UL listed class 2 power transformer to +12V, +5V and +3.3V using switching and linear voltage regulators located on the I/O and IPU II boards. These voltages are used to operate integrated circuitry on the board. The 40 character display and unit sensors (transducers and temp sensors) are sup-

FORM QTC3-NM1 (916) ISSUE DATE 9/30/2016

plied power for the micro board +5V supply. 24VAC is rectified, but not regulated, to provide unregulated +30VDC to supply all of the digital inputs.

The I/O board contains one green "Power" LED to indicate that the board is powered up and one red "Status" LED to indicate by blinking that the processor is operating. The I/O board also contains two sets of Receiver/Transmit LED's, one for each available serial communication port. The receive LED's are green, and the Transmit LED's are red.

A jumper on the I/O board selects 4 to 20mA or 0 to 10VDC as the input type on the remote temperature reset analog input.

#### **TRANSFORMER**

A 75VA, 120/240VAC, 50/60Hz transformer is provided to supply power to the Microprocessor Board, which in turn rectifies, filters, and regulates as necessary to supply power to the display, sensors, and transducers.

#### **DISPLAY**

The 40 Character Display (2 lines of 20 characters) is a liquid crystal display used for displaying system parameters and operator messages.

When a key is pressed, such as the OPER DATA key, system parameters will be displayed and will remain on the display until another key is pressed. The system parameters can be scrolled with the use of the ↑ (UP) and ↓ (DOWN) arrow keys. The display will update all information at a rate of about 1 a second.

Display Messages may show characters indicating "greater than" (>) or "less than" (<). These characters indicate the actual values are greater than or less than the limit values which are being displayed.

#### **KEYPAD**

The 12 button non-tactile keypad allows the user to retrieve vitals system parameters such as system pressures, temperatures, compressor running times and starts, option information on the chiller, and system setpoints. This data is useful for monitoring chiller operation, diagnosing potential problems, troubleshooting, and commissioning the chiller.

It is essential the user become familiar with the use of the keypad and display. This will allow the user to make full use of the capabilities and diagnostic features available.

#### **UNIT SWITCH**

A unit ON/OFF switch is just underneath the keypad. This switch allows the operator to turn the entire unit OFF if desired. The switch must be placed in the ON position for the chiller to operate.

#### **BATTERY BACK-UP**

The IPU II contains a Real Time Clock integrated circuit chip with an internal battery backup. The purpose of this battery backup is to assure any programmed values (setpoints, clock, cutouts, etc.) are not lost during a power failure regardless of the time involved in a power cut or shutdown period.

#### PROGRAMMING # OF COMPRESSORS

The total number of compressors is programmable under the PROGRAM key. Dual (2) system chillers can have 4, 5, or 6 compressors.

# 7

# STATUS KEY



00066VIP

#### **Unit Status**

Pressing the STATUS key will enable the operator to determine current chiller operating status. The messages displayed will include running status, cooling demand, fault status, external cycling device status. The display will be a single message relating to the highest priority message as determined by the microprocessor. Status messages fall into the categories of General Status and Fault Status.

The following General, Safety, and Warning messages are displayed when the STATUS key is pressed. Following each displayed message is an explanation pertaining to that particular message.

#### **General Status Messages**

In the case of messages which apply to individual systems, SYS 1 and SYS 2 messages will both be displayed and may be different. In the case of single system units, all SYS 2 messages will be blank.

# UNIT SWITCH OFF SHUTDOWN

This message informs the operator that the UNIT switch on the control panel is in the OFF position which will not allow the unit to run.

# REMOTE CONTROLLED SHUTDOWN

The REMOTE CONTROLLED SHUTDOWN message indicates that either an ISN system or RCC has turned the unit OFF, not allowing it to run.

# DAILY SCHEDULE SHUTDOWN

The DAILY SCHEDULE SHUTDOWN message indicates that the daily/holiday schedule programmed is keeping the unit from running.

# REMOTE STOP NO RUN PERM

REMOTE STOP NO RUN PERM shows that a remote start/stop contact is open in series with the flow switch. These contacts are connected to Terminals 51 and 13 of XTBC1. A 3-second delay is built into the software to prevent nuisance shutdowns due to erroneous signals on the run permissive input.

# FLOW SWITCH OPEN

FLOW SWITCH OPEN indicates the flow switch contacts connected to Terminals 13 and 14 of XTBC1 are open. A 3-second delay is built into software to prevent nuisance shutdowns due to erroneous signals from the flow switch.

SYS 1 SYS SWITCH OFF SYS 2 SYS SWITCH OFF

SYS SWITCH OFF tells that the system switch under OPTIONS is turned OFF. The system will not be allowed to run until the switch is turned back ON

123

SYS 1 NO COOL LOAD SYS 2 NO COOL LOAD

This message informs the operator that the chilled liquid temperature is below the point (determined by the setpoint and control range) that the microprocessor will bring on a system or that the microprocessor has not loaded the lead system far enough into the loading sequence to be ready to bring the lag system ON. The lag system will display this message until the loading sequence is ready for the lag system to start.



The COMPS RUNNING message indicates that the respective system is running due to demand. The "X" will be replaced with the number of compressors in that system that are running.



The anti-recycle timer message shows the amount of time left on the respective systems anti-recycle timer. This message is displayed when the system is unable to start due the anti-recycle timer being active.



The anti-coincidence timer is a software feature that guards against 2 systems starting simultaneously. This assures instantaneous starting current does not become excessively high due to simultaneous starts. The microprocessor limits the time between compressor starts to 1 minute regardless of demand or the anti-recycle timer being timed out. The anti-coincidence timer is only present on two system units.

SYS 1 DSCH LIMITING SYS 2 DSCH LIMITING

When this message appears, discharge pressure limiting is in effect. The Discharge Pressure Limiting feature is integral to the standard software control; however the discharge transducer is optional on some models. Therefore, it is important to keep in mind that this control will not function unless the discharge transducer is installed in the system.

The limiting pressure is a factory set limit to keep the system from faulting on the high discharge pressure cutout due to high load or pull down conditions. When the unload point is reached, the microprocessor will automatically unload the affected system by de energizing one compressor. The discharge pressure unload will occur when the discharge pressure gets within 10 PSIG (0.69 barg) of the programmed discharge pressure cutout. This will only happen if the system is fully loaded and will shut only one compressor OFF. If the system is not fully loaded, discharge limiting will not go into effect. Reloading the affected system will occur when the discharge pressure drops to 85% of the unload pressure and 10 minutes have elapsed.

SYS 1 SUCT LIMITING SYS 2 SUCT LIMITING

When this message appears, suction pressure limiting is in effect. The suction pressure limit is a control point that limits the loading of a system when the suction pressure drops to within 15% above the suction pressure cutout. On a standard system programmed for 44 PSIG/3.0 Bar suction pressure cutout, the microprocessor would inhibit loading of the affected system with the suction pressure less than or equal to 1.15 \* 44 PSIG/3.0 Bar = 50 PSIG/3.5 Bar. The system will be allowed to load after 60 seconds and after the suction pressure rises above the suction pressure load limit point.

SYS 1 LOAD LIMIT XX% SYS 2 LOAD LIMIT XX%

This message indicates that load limiting is in effect and the percentage of the limiting in effect. This limiting could be due to the load limit/pwm input, ISN or RCC controller sending a load limit command.

# MANUAL OVERRIDE

If MANUAL OVERRIDE mode is selected, the STATUS display will display this message. This will indicate that the Daily Schedule is being ignored and the chiller will start-up when chilled liquid temperature allows, Remote Contacts, UNIT switch and SYSTEM switches permitting. This is a priority message and cannot be overridden by anti-recycle messages, fault messages, etc. when in the STATUS display mode. Therefore, do not expect to see any other STATUS messages when in the MANUAL OVERRIDE mode. MANUAL

OVERRIDE is to only be used in emergencies or for servicing. Manual override mode automatically disables itself after 30 minutes.

SYS 1 PUMPING DOWN SYS 2 PUMPING DOWN

The PUMPING DOWN message indicates that a compressor in the respective system is presently in the process of pumping the system down. When pumpdown is initiated on shutdown, the liquid line solenoid or EEV will close and a compressor will continue to run. When the suction pressure decreases to the suction pressure cutout setpoint or runs for 180 seconds, whichever comes first, the compressor will cycle OFF.

# **Fault Safety Status Messages**

Safety Status messages appear when safety thresholds in the unit have been exceeded. Safeties are divided into two categories – system safeties and unit safeties. System safeties are faults that cause the individual system to be shut down. Unit safeties are faults that cause all running compressors to be shut down. Following are display messages and explanations.

# System Safeties

System safeties are faults that cause individual systems to be shut down if a safety threshold is exceeded for 3 seconds. They are auto reset faults in that the system will be allowed to restart automatically after the fault condition is no longer present. However, if 3 faults on the same system occur within 90 minutes, that system will be locked out on the last fault. This condition is then a manual reset. The system switch (under OP-TIONS key) must be turned OFF and then back on to clear the lockout fault. Fault messages will be displayed whenever a system is locked out.

SYS 1 HIGH DSCH PRES SYS 2 HIGH DSCH PRES

The Discharge Pressure Cutout is a software cutout in the microprocessor and is backed-up by a mechanical high pressure cutout switch located in the refrigerant circuit. It assures that the system pressure does not exceed safe working limits. The system will shutdown when the programmable cutout is exceeded and will be allowed to restart when the discharge pressure falls 40 PSIG below the cutout. Discharge transducers must be installed for this function to operate.

SYS 1 LOW SUCT PRESS SYS 2 LOW SUCT PRESS

The Suction Pressure Cutout is a software cutout that helps protect the chiller from an evaporator freeze-up should the system attempt to run with a low refrigerant charge or a restriction in the refrigerant circuit.



Repeated starts after resetting a low suction pressure fault will cause evaporator freeze-up. Whenever a system locks out on this safety or any safety, immediate steps should be taken to identify the cause.

At system start, the cutout is set to 10% of programmed value. During the next 3 minutes the cutout point is ramped up to the programmed cutout point. If at any time during this 3 minutes the suction pressure falls below the ramped cutout point, the system will stop. This cutout is completely ignored for the first 30 seconds of system run time to avoid nuisance shutdowns, especially on units that utilize a low pressure switch in place of the suction pressure transducer.

After the first 3 minutes, if the suction pressure falls below the programmed cutout setting, a "transient protection routine" is activated. This sets the cutout at 10% of the programmed value and ramps up the cutout over the next 30 seconds. If at any time during this 30 seconds the suction pressure falls below the ramped cutout, the system will stop.

SYS 1 MP/HPCO FAULT SYS 2 MP/HPCO FAULT SYS 1 MP/HPCO INHIB SYS 2 MP/HPCO INHIB

The Motor Protector/Mechanical High Pressure Cutout protect the compressor motor from overheating or the system from experiencing dangerously high discharge pressure.

This fault condition is present when CR1 (SYS 1) or CR2 (SYS 2) relays de-energize due to the HP switch or motor protector opening. This causes the respective CR contacts to open causing 0VDC to be read on the inputs to the microboard. The fault condition is cleared when a 30VDC signal is restored to the input.

FORM QTC3-NM1 (916) ISSUE DATE 9/30/2016

The internal motor protector opens at 185 °F to 248 °F (85 °C to 120 °C) and auto resets. The mechanical HP switch opens at 585 PSIG plus or minus 10 PSIG (27.92 barg plus or minus .69 barg) and closes at 330 PSIG plus or minus 25 PSIG (22.75 barg plus or minus 1.72 barg).

The compressor is also equipped with a discharge temperature sensor for the purpose of sensing internal scroll temperature. This sensor protects the scrolls from overheating due to inadequate cooling that may occur when refrigerant charge is low, or superheat is too high.

When the sensor senses a high temperature, it opens the motor protector circuit in the compressor causing the compressor to shut down.

During the first two faults an MP/HP INHIBIT message will be displayed and the system will not be locked out. Only after the third fault in 90 minutes will the MP/HPCO FAULT message be displayed.

Whenever the motor protector or discharge sensor shuts down a compressor and the system, the internal compressor contacts will open for a period of 30 minutes to assure that the motor or scroll temperatures have time to dissipate the heat and cool down. The MP/HP INHIBIT message will be displayed while these contacts are open or when the HPCO is open. While this message is displayed, the compressors will not be permitted to start.

After 30 minutes, the contacts will close and the system will be permitted to restart. The microprocessor will not try to restart the compressors in a system that shuts down on this safety for a period of 30 minutes to allow the internal compressor to time out.

During the 30 minute timeout, the MP/HPCO INHIB message will be displayed. The MP/HPCO fault will only be displayed after 3 shutdowns in 90 minutes, indicating the system is locked out and will not restart.

SYS 1 HIGH MTR CURR SYS 2 HIGH MTR CURR

When the System Current Feedback option is installed and selected (Option 11 under OPTIONS key Current Feedback), this safety will operate as follows. If the actual feedback voltage of the system proportional to currents exceeds the programmed trip voltage for 5 seconds, the system will shutdown.

This safety will shut down a system if either suction temperature or suction pressure sensors read out of range high or low. This condition must be present for 3 seconds to cause a system shutdown. The safety locks out a system after the first fault and will not allow automatic restarting.

#### **Unit Safeties**

Unit safeties are faults that cause all running compressors to be shut down. Unit faults are auto reset faults in that the unit will be allowed to restart automatically after the fault condition is no longer present.

UNIT FAULT: LOW AMBIENT TEMP

The Low Ambient Temp Cutout is a safety shutdown designed to protect the chiller from operating in a low ambient condition. If the outdoor ambient temperature falls below the programmable cutout, the chiller will shut down. Restart can occur when temperature rises 2 °F above the cutoff

# UNIT FAULT: LOW LIQUID TEMP

The Low Leaving Chilled Liquid Temp Cutout protects the chiller form an evaporator freeze-up should the chilled liquid temperature drop below the freeze point. This situation could occur under low flow conditions or if the micro panel setpoint values are improperly programmed. Anytime the leaving chilled liquid temperature (water or glycol) drops below the cutout point, the chiller will shutdown. Restart can occur when chilled liquid temperature rises 2 °F above the cutout.

# UNIT FAULT: 115VAC UNDER VOLTAGE

The Under Voltage Safety assures that the system is not operated at voltages where malfunction of the microprocessor could result in system damage. When the 115VAC to the micro panel drops below a certain level, a unit fault is initiated to safely shut down the unit. Restart is allowed after the unit is fully powered again and the anti-recycle timers have finished counting down.

# UNIT FAULT: HIGH MTR CURR

When the CURRENT FEEDBACK ONE PER UNIT option is selected under the OPTIONS key, the unit will shut down when the voltage exceeds the programmed trip voltage for 5 seconds.

The trip voltage is programmed at the factory according to compressor or unit RLA.

Restart will occur after the anti-recycle timer times out.

# **Unit Warning**

The following messages are not unit safeties and will not be logged to the history buffer. They are unit warnings and will not auto-restart. Operator intervention is required to allow a restart of the chiller.

!! LOW BATTERY !! CHECK PROG/SETP/OPTN

The Low Battery Warning can only occur at unit power-up. On micro panel power-up, the RTC battery is checked. If a low battery is found, all programmed setpoints, program values, options, time, schedule, and history buffers will be lost. These values will all be reset to their default values which may not be the desired operating values. Once a faulty battery is detected, the unit will be prevented from running until the PRO-GRAM key is pressed. Once PROGRAM is pressed the anti-recycle timers will be set to the programmed anti-recycle time to allow the operator time to check setpoints, and if necessary, reprogram programmable values and options.

If a low battery is detected, it should be replaced as soon as possible. The programmed values will all be lost and the unit will be prevented from running on the next power interruption. The RTC/battery (031-02565-000) is located at U5 on the microboard.

INCORRECT UNIT TYPE

This indicates the condensing unit jumper is installed between J11-12 and J11-7. This jumper must be removed to operate the chiller.

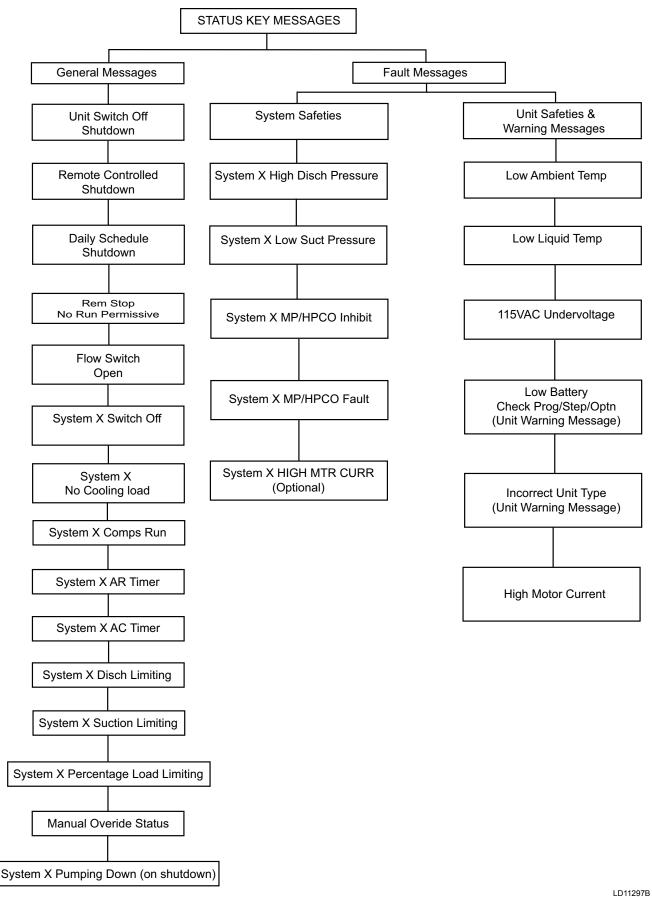
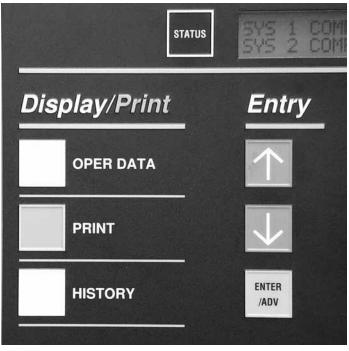


FIGURE 31 - STATUS KEY MESSAGES QUICK REFERENCE LIST

# **DISPLAY/PRINT KEYS**



00067VIF

The Display/Print keys allow the user to retrieve system and unit information that is useful for monitoring chiller operation, diagnosing potential problems, troubleshooting, and commissioning the chiller.

System and unit information, unit options, setpoints, and scheduling can also be printed out with the use of a printer. Both real-time and history information are available.

#### **Oper Data Key**

The OPER DATA key gives the user access to unit and system operating parameters. When the OPER DATA key is pressed, system parameters will be displayed and remain on the display until another key is pressed. After pressing the OPER DATA key, the various operating data screens can be scrolled through by using the ↑ (UP) and ↓ (DOWN) arrow keys or the ENTER/ADV key located under the "ENTRY" section.



System 2 information will only be displayed for 2 system units.

With the "UNIT TYPE" set as a liquid chiller (no jumper from J11-7 to J11-12 on the I/O Board), the following list of operating data screens are viewable under the OPER DATA key in the order that they are displayed. The ↓ (DOWN) arrow key scrolls through the displays in the order they appear below:



The chiller MUST be set to be a liquid chiller (no jumper from J11-7 to J11-12 on the I/O Board). DO NOT operate the chiller if not properly set up.

```
LCHLT = 46.2°F
RCHLT = 57.4°F
```

This display shows chilled leaving and return liquid temperatures. The minimum limit on the display for these parameters are 2.2 °F (-19 °C). The maximum limit on the display is 140 °F (60 °C).

AMBIENT AIR TEMP = 87.5°F

This display shows the ambient air temperature. The minimum limit on the display is 0.4 °F (-17.6 °C). The maximum limit on the display is 131.2 °F (55.1 °C).

S Y S X S P = 72.1 P S I G D P = 227.0 P S I G

These displays show suction and discharge pressures for each system. The discharge pressure transducer is optional on some models.

If the optional discharge transducer is not installed, the discharge pressure would display 0 PSIG (0 barg).

The minimum limits for the display are:

• Suction Pressure: 0 PSIG (0 barg)

• Discharge Pressure: 0 PSIG (0 barg)

The maximum limits for the display are:

• Suction Pressure: 400 PSIG (27.58 barg)

• Discharge Pressure: 650 PSIG (44.82 barg)

SYS X HOURS 1 = X X X X X 2 = X X X X X, 3 = X X X X X

S Y S X S T A R T S 1 = X X X X X X 2 = X X X X X, 3 = X X X X X

The above two messages will appear sequentially for each system. The first display shows accumulated running hours of each compressor for the specific system. The second message shows the number of starts for each compressor on each system.



Run times and starts will only be displayed for the actual number of systems and compressors on the unit.

A total of 99,999 hours and starts can be logged before the counter rolls over to "0".

LOAD TIMER 58 SECUNLOAD TIMER 0 SEC

This display of the load and unload timers indicate the time in seconds until the unit can load or unload. Whether the systems loads or unloads is determined by how far the actual liquid temperature is from setpoint. A detailed description of unit loading and unloading is covered under the topic of Capacity Control.

# COOLING DEMAND 2 OF 8 STEPS

The display of COOLING DEMAND indicates the current "step" in the capacity control scheme when in Return Water Control Mode. The number of available steps are determined by how many compressors are in the unit. In the above display, the "2" does not mean that two compressor are running but only indicates that the capacity control scheme is on step 2 of 8. Capacity Control is covered in more detail in this publication which provides specific information on compressor staging (for Return Water Control only).

TEMP ERROR XXX.X°F TEMP RATE XXX.X°F/M

The COOLING DEMAND message will be replaced with this message when Leaving Chilled liquid control is selected. This message indicates the temperature error and the rate of change of the chilled liquid temperature.

# LEAD SYSTEM IS SYSTEM NUMBER 2

This display indicates the current LEAD system. In this example system 2 is the LEAD system, making system 1 the LAG system. The LEAD system can be manually selected or automatic. Refer to the programming under the *Options Key on page 145*. The Lead System display will only appear on a two system unit.



A unit utilizing hot gas bypass should be programmed for MANUAL with system 1 as the lead system. Failure to do so will prevent hot gas operation if system 2 switches to the lead system when programmed for AUTOMATIC LEAD/LAG.

E V A P O R A T O R H E A T E R S T A T U S I S = X X X

This display indicates the status of the evaporator heater. The evaporator heater is controlled by ambient air temperature. When the ambient temperature drops below 40 °F the heater is turned ON. When the temperature rises above 45 °F the heater is turned OFF. An under voltage condition will keep the heater OFF until full voltage is restored to the system.

# E V A P O R A T O R W A T E R P U M P S T A T U S = X X X X

The evaporator pump dry contacts are energized when any compressor is running, or the unit is not OFF on the daily schedule and the unit switch is ON, or the unit has shutdown on a Low Leaving Chilled Liquid fault. However, even if one of above is true, the pump will not run if the micro panel has been powered up for less than 30 seconds or if the pump has run in the last 30 seconds to prevent pump motor overheating.

EVAP PUMP TOTAL RUN HOURS = XXXXX

The Evaporator Pump Total Run Hours display indicates the total pump run hours. Total hours continually increments similar to Compressor Run Hours. If dual pumps are fitted, run hours indicates total hours on both pumps.

ACTIVE REMOTE CTRL NONE

There are several types of remote systems that can be used to control or monitor the unit. The following messages indicate the type of remote control mode active:

NONE – no remote control active. Remote monitoring may be via ISN.

ISN – YT via ISN allows remote load limiting and temperature reset through an ISN system.

LOAD LIM – Load limiting enabled using contact closure.

PWM TEMP – EMS temperature reset

\*Refer to Remote BAS/EMS Temperature Reset Using A Voltage Or Current Signal on page 172.

If the microprocessor is programmed for CURRENT FEEDBACK ONE PER UNIT under the OPTIONS key, the display will show up as the first display prior to the SYS 1 displays. Total chiller current is displayed as shown below:

UNIT AMPS = 54.0 VOLTS = 1.2

If the microprocessor is programmed for CURRENT FEEDBACK NONE, no current display will appear.

S Y S X C O M P S T A T U S 1 = X X X 2 = X X X 3 = X X X

S Y S X R U N T I M E X X - X X - X X - X X D - H - M - S

SYS X LLSV IS ON HOT GAS SOL IS OFF

SYS X FAN STAGE 3

SYS X AMPS = 36.0 VOLTS = 0.8

The preceding five messages will appear sequentially, first for system 1, then for system 2.

The first message indicates the system and the associated compressors which are running.

The second message indicates the system run time in days – hours – minutes – seconds. Please note that this is not accumulated run time but pertains only to the current system cycle.

The third message indicates the system, and whether the liquid line solenoid or EEV pilot solenoid and hot gas solenoid are being turned ON by the microboard. Please note that hot gas is not available for system 2, so there is no message pertaining to the hot gas solenoid when system 2 message is displayed.

The fourth message indicates the stage of condenser fan operation that is active.

See *Standard Condenser Fan Control on page 168* for more information.

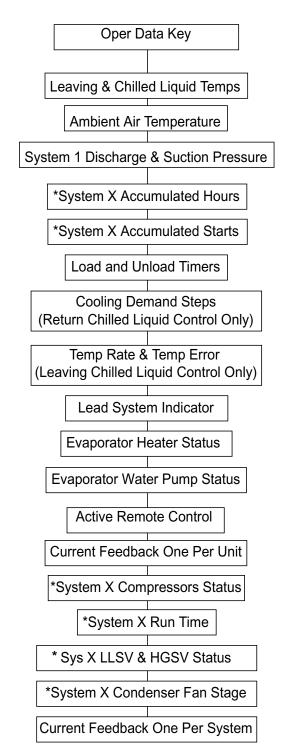
The fifth message displays current as sensed by the optional current feedback circuitry. The display reads out in amps along with the DC feedback voltage from the module. Current is calculated by:

225A x Actual Volts
5 Volts

Individual displays will be present for each system, if CURRENT FEEDBACK ONE PER SYSTEM is programmed under the OPTIONS key. Combined compressor current for each system is displayed.

#### **Oper Data Quick Reference List**

The following table is a quick reference list for information available under the OPER DATA key.



<sup>\*</sup> Block of information repeats for each system

LD12585

#### FIGURE 32 - OPERATION DATA

#### **Print Key**

The PRINT key allows the operator to obtain a printout of real-time system operating data or a history printout of system data at the "instant of the fault" on the last six faults which occurred on the unit. An optional printer is required for the printout.

#### **Operating Data Printout**

Pressing the PRINT key and then OPER DATA key allows the operator to obtain a printout of current system operating parameters. When the OPER DATA key is pressed, a snapshot will be taken of system operating conditions and panel programming selections. This data will be temporarily stored in memory and transmission of this data will begin to the printer. A sample Operating Data printout is shown below. (Note: Not all values are printed for all models.)

```
OTC3
         LIQUID CHILLER
          UNIT STATUS
        2:04PM 01 OCT 07
                 NO COOLING LOAD
SYS 1
SYS 2
           COMPRESSORS RUNNING 2
            OPTIONS
CHILLED LIQUID
                           WATER
AMBIENT CONTROL
                        STANDARD
LOCAL/REMOTE MODE
                          REMOTE
CONTROL MODE LEAVING LIQUID
LEAD/LAG CONTROL AUTOMATIC
FAN CONTROL AMB & DSCH PRESS
CURRENT FEEDBACK
                            NONE
POWER FAILURE RESTART
                      AUTOMATIC
SOFT START
                         ENABLED
EXPANSION VALVE
                    THERMOSTATIC
REMOTE TEMP RESET
                        4 TO 20 MA
         PROGRAM VALUES
DSCH PRESS CUTOUT
                        570 PSIG
SUCT PRESS CUTOUT
                         80 PSIG
SUCT PRESS CUT COOLING
                         42 PSIG
                         31 PSIG
SUCT PRESS CUT HEATING
                        25.0 DEGF
LOW AMBIENT CUTOUT
LEAVING LIQUID CUTOUT
                        25.0 DEGF
ANTI RECYCLE TIME
                        600 SECS
FAN CONTROL ON PRESS
                        425 PSIG
                        125 PSIG
FAN DIFF OFF PRESS
NUMBER OF COMPRESSORS
                               6
NUMBER OF FANS PER SYSTEM
                               4
UNIT TRIP VOLTS
                            3.0
REFRIGERANT TYPE
                            R-22
                       41.0 DEGF
DEFROST INIT TEMP
DEFROST INITIATION TIME
                           60MIN
DEFROST TERMINATION TIME
                            3MIN
BIVALENT HEAT DELAY TIME
                          30 MIN
REMOTE UNIT ID PROGRAMMED
HYDRO KIT PUMPS
                        1 (410a)
PUMP TOTAL RUN HOURS XXXXX (410a)
           UNIT DATA
RETURN LIQUID TEMP
                        58.2 DEGF
                        53.0 DEGF
LEAVING LIQUID TEMP
DISCHARGE AIR TEMP
                        55.3 DEGF
```

```
COOLING RANGE
                42.0 + / - 2.0 DEGF
HEATING RANGE 122.0 +/- 2.0 DEGF
                   70 + / - 3 PSIG
SYS 1 SETPOINT
                   70 +/- 3 PSIG
SYS 2 SETPOINT
                       44.0 DEGF
REMOTE SETPOINT
                       74.8 DEGF
AMBIENT AIR TEMP
LEAD SYSTEM
                           SYS 2
EVAPORATOR PUMP
                              ON
                             OFF
EVAPORATOR HEATER
ACTIVE REMOTE CONTROL
                            NONE
LAST DEFROST SYS X DURATION XXXS
TIME TO SYS X DEFROST
                          XX MIN
BIVALENT DELAY REMAINING XX MIN
UNIT XXX.X AMPS
                       X.X VOLTS
SOFTWARE VERSION
                     C.M02.13.00
         SYSTEM 1 DATA
COMP STATUS
              1=OFF 2=OFF 3=OFF
             0- 0- 0- 0 D-H-M-S
RUN TIME
TIME YYYYYYY 0- 0- 0- 0 D-H-M-S
LAST STATE
                         YYYYYYY
SUCTION PRESSURE
                        105 PSIG
DISCHARGE PRESSURE
                        315 PSIG
SUCTION TEMPERATURE
                       46.0 DEGF
SAT SUCTION TEMP
                      34.0 DEGF
SUCTION SUPERHEAT
                      12.0 DEGF
COOLER INLET REFRIG
                      31.6 DEGF
                      52.8 DEGF
DEFROST TEMPERATURE
LIOUID LINE SOLENOID
                             OFF
MODE SOLENOID
                             OFF
HOT GAS BYPASS VALVE
                             OFF
CONDENSER FAN STAGE
                             OFF
                           0.0 %
EEV OUTPUT
           XXX.X AMPS X.X VOLTS
SYSTEM
         SYSTEM 2 DATA
COMP STATUS
              1=ON, 2=OFF, 3=ON
               0-0-1-46 D-H-M-S
RUN TIME
TIME YYYYYYY
                0-0-0-0 D-H-M-S
LAST STATE
                         YYYYYYY
SUCTION PRESSURE
                        110 PSIG
DISCHARGE PRESSURE
                        320 PSIG
                       49.3 DEGF
SUCTION TEMPERATURE
SAT SUCTION TEMP
                      36.0 DEGF
SUCTION SUPERHEAT
                      13.3 DEGF
COOLER INLET REFRIG
                      31.6 DEGF
DEFROST TEMPERATURE
                      52.8 DEGF
LIQUID LINE SOLENOID
                              ON
                              ON
MODE SOLENOID
CONDENSER FAN STAGE
                               3
EEV OUTPUT
                           63.2%
          XXX.X AMPS X.X VOLTS
SYSTEM
         DAILY SCHEDULE
SMTWTFS
                       *=HOLIDAY
SUN START=00:00AM STOP=00:00AM
MON START=00:00AM STOP=00:00AM
TUE START=00:00AM STOP=00:00AM
WED START=00:00AM STOP=00:00AM
THU
    START=00:00AM
                   STOP=00:00AM
FRT
    START=00:00AM
                    STOP=00:00AM
SAT
    START=00:00AM
                    STOP=00:00AM
HOL START=00:00AM STOP=00:00AM
```



See Optional Printer Installation on page 180 for Printer Installation information.

# **History Printout**

Pressing the PRINT key and then the HISTORY key allows the operator to obtain a printout of information relating to the last 9 Safety Shutdowns which occurred. The information is stored at the instant of the fault, regardless of whether the fault caused a lockout to occur. The information is also not affected by power failures (long-term internal memory battery backup is built into the circuit board) or manual resetting of a fault lockout.

When the HISTORY key is pressed, a printout is transmitted of all system operating conditions which were stored at the "instant the fault occurred" for each of the 9 Safety Shutdowns buffers. The printout will begin with the most recent fault which occurred. The most recent fault will always be stored as Safety Shutdown No. 1. identically formatted fault information will then be printed for the remaining safety shutdowns.

Information contained in the Safety Shutdown buffers is very important when attempting to troubleshoot a system problem. This data reflects the system conditions at the instant the fault occurred and often reveals other system conditions which actually caused the safety threshold to be exceeded.

The history printout is similar to the operational data printout shown in the previous section. The differences are in the header and the schedule information. The daily schedule is not printed in a history print.

One example history buffer printout is shown following. The data part of the printout will be exactly the same as the operational data print so it is not repeated here. The difference is that the Daily Schedule is not printed in the history print and the header will be as follows.

QTC3
LIQUID CHILLER
SAFETY SHUTDOWN NUMBER 1
SHUTDOWN @ 3:56PM 29 SEP 07
SYS 1 HIGH DSCH PRESS SHUTDOWN
SYS 2 NO FAULTS

#### **History Displays**

The HISTORY key gives the user access to many unit and system operating parameters at the time of a unit or system safety shutdown. When the HISTORY key is pressed the following message is displayed.



While this message is displayed, the \(\frac{1}{UP}\) arrow key can be used to select any of the six history buffers. Buffer number 1 is the most recent, and buffer number 6 is the oldest safety shutdown that was saved.

After selecting the shutdown number, pressing the ENTER key displays the following message which shows when the shutdown occurred.

SHUTDOWN OCCURRED 03:56 PM 29 JAN 02

The  $\uparrow$  (UP) and  $\downarrow$  (DOWN) arrow keys are used to scroll forward and backward through the history buffer to display the shutdown conditions stored at the instant the fault occurred. The  $\downarrow$  (DOWN) arrow key scrolls through the displays in the order they appear below:

UNIT FAULT: LOW LIQUID TEMP

Displays the type of fault that occurred.

UNIT TYPE LIQUID CHILLER

Displays the type of chiller; Liquid, Condensing Unit or Heat Pump.

CHILLED LIQUID
XXXXX

Displays the chilled liquid type; Water or Glycol.

AMBIENT CONTROL

Displays the type of Ambient Control; Standard or Low Ambient.

LOCAL / REMOTE MODE XXXXXXX

Displays Local or Remote control selection.

CONTROL MODE LEAVING LIQUID

Displays the type of chilled liquid control; Leaving or Return.

LEAD/LAG CONTROL XXXXXXX

Displays the type of lead/lag control; Manual System 1, Manual System 2 or Automatic. This is only selectable on 2-system chillers.

FAN CONTROL DISCHARGE PRESSURE

Displays the type of fan control; Discharge Pressure or Ambient and Discharge Pressure.

MANUAL OVERRIDE MODE XXXXXXXX

Displays whether Manual Override was Enabled or Disabled.

CURRENT FEEDBACK XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

Displays type of Current Feedback utilized.

SOFT START XXXXXXX

Displays whether the optional European Soft Start was installed and selected.

DISCHARGE PRESSURE CUTOUT = XXXX PSIG

Displays the programmed Discharge Pressure Cutout.

SUCTION PRESSURE CUTOUT = XXXX PSIG

Displays the programmed Suction Pressure Cutout.

LOW AMBIENT TEMP CUTOUT = XXX.X ° F

Displays the programmed Low Ambient Cutout.

LEAVING LIQUID TEMP CUTOUT = XXX.X °F

Displays the Leaving Liquid Temp. Cutout programmed.

FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE = XXX PSIG

Displays the programmed Fan On Pressure.

FAN DIFFERENTIAL OFF PRESSURE = PSIG

Displays the programmed Fan Off Differential.

SYS1 TRIP VOLTS = X.X VOLTS

Displays the programmed High Current Trip Voltage.

SYS 2 TRIP VOLTS = X . X VOLTS

Displays the programmed High Current Trip Voltage.

HYDRO KIT PUMPS = X

Indicates the Pump Control option is selected.

LCHLT = XXX.X °F RCHLT = XXX.X °F

Displays the Leaving and Return chilled Liquid Temperature at the time of the fault.

SETPOINT = XXX.X °F RANGE = +/-°F

Displays the programmed Setpoint and Range, if the chiller is programmed for leaving chilled liquid control.

SETPOINT = XXX.X °F RANGE = +XX.X °F

Displays the programmed Setpoint and Range, if the chiller is programmed for return chilled liquid control.

AMBIENT AIR TEMP = XXX.X °F

Displays the Ambient Temp. at the time of the fault.

LEAD SYSTEM IS SYSTEM NUMBER X

Displays which system is in the lead at the time of the fault

E V A P O R A T O R H E A T E R S T A T U S I S X X X

Displays status of the Evaporator Heater at the time of the fault.

E VAPORATOR WATER
PUMP STATUS XXXX

Displays status of Evaporator Water Pump at the time of fault. Status may read ON, OFF or trip.

E V A P P U M P T O T A L R U N H O U R S = X X X X

Evap Pump total run hours at the time of fault.

ACTIVE REMOTE CTRL XXXX

Displays whether Remote Chiller Control was active when the fault occurred.

UNIT ACTUAL AMPS = X X X . X AMPS

This is only displayed when the Current Feedback Option is one per unit.

S Y S X C O M P S T A T U S 1 = X X X 2 = X X X 3 = X X X

Displays which Compressors were running in the system when the fault occurred.

SYS X RUN TIME XX-XX-XX-XX D-H-M-S

Displays the system run time when the fault occurred.

S Y S X S P = X X X X P S I G D P = X X X X P S I G

Displays the system Suction and Discharge Pressure of the time of the fault.



Displays the System Suction Temp and Saturated Suction Temp when an EEV is installed.



Displays whether the System Liquid Line Solenoid or Hot Gas Solenoid was energized at the time of the fault.



Displays the number of Fan Stages in the system active at the time of the fault.



Displays the system Amperage (calculated approximately) at the time of the fault.

For this message to appear, CURRENT FEEDBACK ONE PER SYSTEM must be programmed under the OPTIONS key. If the microprocessor is programmed as one CURRENT FEEDBACK ONE PER UNIT un-

der the PROGRAM key, the display will be the first display prior to the SYS 1 info. If the microprocessor is programmed for CURRENT FEEDBACK NONE, no current display will appear.

Displays for System 1 starting with SYS X NUMBER OF COMPS RUNNING X through SYS X AMPS = XXX.X VOLTS = X.X will be displayed first, followed by displays for System 2.

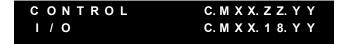
Further explanation of the above displays is covered under the STATUS, OPER DATA, COOLING SETPOINTS, PROGRAM, and OPTIONS keys.

#### **Software Version**

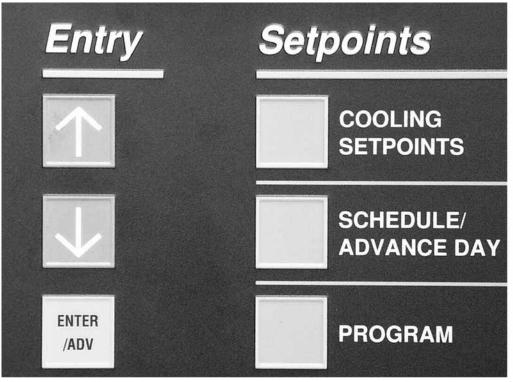
The software version may be viewed by first pressing the HISTORY key and then repeatedly pressing the \$\( \text{DOWN} \) arrow key until you scroll past the first history buffer choice.

DISPLAY SAFETY SHUT-DOWN NO.1 (1TO6)

After the  $\downarrow$  (DOWN) arrow key is pressed again, the software version will appear.



# **ENTRY KEYS**



00068VIP

The Entry Keys allows the user to view, change programmed values. The ENTRY keys consist of an ↑ (UP) arrow key, ↓ (DOWN) arrow key, and an ENTER/ADV key.

#### **Up and Down Arrow Keys**

Used in conjunction with the OPER DATA, HISTORY, COOLING SETPOINTS, SCHEDULE/ADVANCE DAY, OPTIONS and CLOCK keys, the ↑ (UP) and ↓(DOWN) arrow keys allow the user to scroll through the various data screens. Refer to *Display/Print Keys on page 129* for specific information on the displayed information and specific use of the ↑ (UP) and ↓ (DOWN) arrow keys.

The  $\uparrow$  (UP) arrow key, and  $\downarrow$  (DOWN) arrow key are also used for programming the control panel such as changing numerical or text values when programming cooling setpoints, setting the daily schedule, changing safety setpoints, chiller options, and setting the clock.

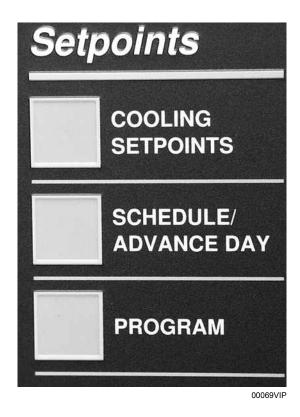
#### Enter/Adv Key

The ENTER/ADV key must be pushed after any change is made to the cooling setpoints, daily schedule, safety setpoints, chiller options, and the clock. Pressing this key "enters" the new values into memory. If the ENTER/ADV key is not pressed after a value is changed, the changes will not be "entered" and the original values will be used to control the chiller.

Programming and a description on the use of the ↑ (UP) arrow key, and ↓ (DOWN) arrow, and ENTER/ADV keys are covered in detail under the SETPOINTS, and UNIT keys.

FORM QTC3-NM1 (916) ISSUE DATE 9/30/2016

# SETPOINTS KEYS



Programming of the cooling setpoints, daily schedule, and safeties is accomplished by using the keys located under the SETPOINTS section.

The three keys involved are labeled COOLING SETPOINTS, SCHEDULE/ADVANCE DAY, and PROGRAM.

Following are instructions for programming the respective setpoints. The same instruction should be used to view the setpoints with the exception that the setpoint will not be changed.

#### **Cooling Setpoints**

The Cooling Setpoint and Range can be programmed by pressing the COOLING SETPOINTS key. The cooling mode (leaving chilled liquid or return chilled liquid) will be displayed for a few seconds, and the setpoint display entry screen will appear.

# **Leaving Chilled Liquid Control**

SETPOINT = 45.<u>0</u>°F RANGE = +/- 2.0°F

The above message shows the current chilled water temperature SETPOINT at 45.0 °F (notice the cursor positioned under the number 0). Pressing either the ↑ (UP) or ↓ (DOWN) arrow will change the setpoint in .5 °F increments. After using the ↑ (UP) or ↓ (DOWN) arrow keys to adjust to the desired setpoint, the ENTER/ADV key must be pressed to enter this number into memory and advance to the RANGE SETPOINT.

Entry of the setpoint will be indicated by the cursor moving under the current RANGE setpoint. The ↑ (UP) and ↓ (DOWN) arrow keys are used to set the RANGE, in .5 °F increments, to the desired RANGE setpoint. After adjusting the setpoint, the ENTER/ADV key must be pressed to enter the data into memory.

Notice that the RANGE was programmed for +/- X.X° F. This indicates the SETPOINT to be in the *center* of

Ę

the control range. If the control mode has been programmed for RETURN LIQUID control, the message below would be displayed in place of the previous message.

When in leaving chilled liquid temperature control, the microprocessor will attempt to control the leaving water temperature within the temperature range of the setpoint + or – the range. In the above example, control will be in the range of 43 to 47 °F.

# **Return Chilled Liquid Control**

```
SETPOINT = 45.<u>0</u> °F
RANGE = +10.0°F
```

In return chilled liquid control, the range no longer has a +/- X.X °F, but only a + X.X °F RANGE setpoint. This indicates that the setpoint is not centered within the RANGE but could be described as the bottom of the control range. A listing of the limits and the programmable values for the COOLING SETPOINTS are shown in *Table 19 on page 165*.

The SETPOINT and RANGE displays just described were based on LOCAL control. If the unit was programmed for REMOTE control (under the OPTIONS key), the above programmed setpoints would have no effect.

When in return chilled liquid temperature control, the microprocessor will turn all compressors OFF at setpoint and will turn compressors ON as return chilled liquid temperature rises. All compressors will be on at setpoint plus the range. If the range equals the temperature drop across the evaporator when fully loaded, the leaving chilled liquid temperature will remain near the setpoint plus or minus a few degrees as the chiller loads and unloads according to return chilled liquid temperature.

Both LEAVING and RETURN control are described in detail under *Capacity Control on page 163*.

#### **Remote Setpoint Control**

Pressing the COOLING SETPOINTS key a second time will display the remote setpoint and cooling range. This display automatically updates about every 2 seconds. Notice that these setpoints are not "locally" programmable, but are controlled by a remote device such as an ISN control, remote reset option board, or remote PWM signal. These setpoints would only be valid if the unit was operating in the REMOTE mode.

The following messages illustrate both leaving chilled liquid control and return chilled liquid control respectively.

```
REM SETP = 44.0°F
RANGE = +/-2.0°F
```

(leaving chilled liquid control)

```
REM SETP = 44.0°F
RANGE = +10.0°F
```

(return chilled liquid control)

The low limit, high limit, and default values for the keys under "SETPOINTS" are listed in *Table 19 on page 165*.

Pressing the COOLING SETPOINTS a third time will bring up the display that allows the Maximum EMS-PWM Temperature Reset to be programmed. This message is shown below.

MAX EMS-PWM REMOTE TEMP RESET = +20°F

The Temp Reset value is the maximum allowable remote reset of the temperature setpoint. The setpoint can be reset upwards by the use of an Energy Management System or from the Temperature Reset Option Board. See *Remote BAS/EMS Temperature Reset Using A Voltage Or Current Signal on page 172* for a detailed explanation of this feature.

As with the other setpoints, the  $\uparrow$  (Up) arrow and  $\downarrow$  (Down) arrow keys are used to change the Temp Reset value. After using the  $\uparrow$  (UP) and  $\downarrow$  (DOWN) arrows to adjust to the desired setpoint, the ENTER/ADV key must be pressed to enter this number into memory.

#### SCHEDULE/ADVANCE DAY KEY

The SCHEDULE is a seven day daily schedule that allows one start/stop time per day. The schedule can be programmed Monday through Sunday with an alternate holiday schedule available. If no start/stop times are programmed, the unit will run on demand, providing the chiller is not shut off on a unit or system shutdown. The daily schedule is considered "not programmed" when the times in the schedule are all zeros (00:00 AM).

To set the schedule, press the SCHEDULE/ADVANCE DAY key. The display will immediately show the following display.

FORM QTC3-NM1 (916) ISSUE DATE 9/30/2016

T	ARIF 1	2 - 00	OLING	SETPOINT	PROGRAMMARI F	LIMITS AND DEFAULTS
	<b>3</b> DLL 1	00		OLIFONIAL.		

SETPOINT KEY	MODE	LOW LIMIT	HIGH LIMIT	DEFAULT
LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID SETPOINT	WATER COOLING	40.0°F	**70.0°F	44.0°F
		4.4°C	21.1°C	6.7°C
	GLYCOL COOLING*	10.0°F	**70.0°F	44.0°F
		-12.2°C	21.1°C	6.7°C
LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID CONTROL RANGE	1	1.5°F	2.5°F	2.0°F
		0.8°C	1.4°C	1.1°C
RETURNED CHILLED LIQUID SETPOINT	WATER COOLING	40.0°F	70.0°F	44.0°F
		4.4°C	21.1°C	6.7°C
	GLYCOL COOLING*	10.0°F	70.0°F	44.0°F
		-12.2°C	21.1°C	6.7°C
RETURN CHILLED LIQUID CONTROL RANGE	_	4.0°F	20.0°F	10.0°F
		2.2°C	11.1°C	5.6°C
MAX EMS-PWM REMOTE TEMPERATURE	_	2°F	40°F	20°F
RESET		1.0°C	22.0°C	11.0°C

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Engineering Guide for operation below 30°F (-1.1°C). Alternate thermal expansion valves must be used below 30°F (-1.1°C).

M O NSTART AM00:00STOP 0 0 : 0 0 A M

The line under the 0 is the cursor. If the value is wrong, it may be changed by using the  $\uparrow$  (UP) and  $\downarrow$  (DOWN) arrow keys until correct. Pressing the ENTER/ADV key will enter the times and then move the cursor to the minute box. The operation is then repeated if necessary. This process may be followed until the hour, minutes, and meridian (AM or PM) of both the START and STOP points are set. After changing the meridian of the stop time, pressing the ENTER/ADV key will advance the schedule to the next day.



Whenever the daily schedule is changed for Monday, all the other days will change to the new Monday schedule. This means if the Monday times are not applicable for the whole week then the exceptional days would need to be reprogrammed to the desired schedule.

To page to a specific day, press the SCHEDULE/AD-VANCE DAY key until the desired day appears. The start and stop time of each day may be programmed differently using the ↑ (UP) and ↓ (DOWN) arrow, and ENTER/ADV keys.

After SUN (Sunday) schedule appears on the display a subsequent press of the SCHEDULE/ADVANCE DAY key will display the Holiday schedule. This is a two part display. The first reads:

HOL START 00:00 AMSTOP 00:00 A M

The times may be set using the same procedure as described above for the days of the week. After changing the meridian of the stop time, pressing the ENTER/ ADV key will advance the schedule to the following display:



The line below the empty space next to the S is the cursor and will move to the next empty space when the ENTER/ADV key is pressed. To set the Holiday, the cursor is moved to the space following the day of the week of the holiday and the \( \tau \) (UP) arrow key is pressed. An \* will appear in the space signifying that day as a holiday. The \* can be removed by pressing the ↓ (DOWN) arrow key.

The Holiday schedule must be programmed weekly – once the Holiday schedule runs, it will revert to the normal daily schedule.

<sup>\*</sup>When using glycol, Leaving Chilled Liquid Setpoint should not be set below 20°F (-6.7°C).

\*\*Do not exceed 55°F (12.8°C) setpoint before contacting the nearest Quantech Office for application guidelines.

#### **PROGRAM KEY**

There are several operating parameters under the PRO-GRAM key that are programmable. These setpoints can be changed by pressing the PROGRAM key, and then the ENTER/ADV key to enter *Program Mode*. Continuing to press the ENTER/ADV key will display each operating parameter. While a particular parameter is being displayed, the \(\gamma\) (UP) and \(\gamma\) (DOWN) arrow keys can be used to change the value. After the value is changed, the ENTER/ADV key must be pressed to enter the data into memory. *Table 13 on page 142* shows the programmable limits and default values for each operating parameter.

Following are the displays for the programmable values in the order they appear:

DISCHARGE PRESSURE CUTOUT = 395 PSIG

DISCHARGE PRESSURE CUTOUT is the discharge pressure at which the system will shutdown as monitored by the optional discharge transducer. This is a software shutdown that acts as a backup for the mechanical high pressure switch located in the refrigerant circuit. The system can restart when the discharge pressure drops 40 PSIG (2.76 barg) below the cutout point.

If the optional discharge pressure transducer is not installed, this programmable safety would not apply. It should be noted that every system has a mechanical high pressure cutout that protects against excessive high discharge pressure regardless of whether or not the optional discharge pressure is installed.

SUCTION PRESSURE CUTOUT = 80.0 PSIG

The SUCTION PRESSURE CUTOUT protects the chiller from an evaporator freeze-up. If the suction pressure drops below the cutout point, the system will shut down. Typically, the cutout should be set to 80 PSIG (5.52 Bars) form water cooling.



There are some exceptions when the suction pressure is permitted to temporarily drop below the cutout point. Details are explained under the topic of SYSTEM SAFETIES.

LOW AMBIENT TEMP CUTOUT = 25.0°F

The LOW AMBIENT TEMP CUTOUT allows the user to select the chiller outside ambient temperature cutout point. If the ambient falls below this point, the chiller will shut down. Restart can occur when temperature rises 2 °F (1.11 °C) above the cutout setpoint.

LEAVING LIQUID TEMP CUTOUT = 36.0°F

The LEAVING LIQUID TEMP CUTOUT protects the chiller from an evaporator freeze-up. Anytime the leaving chilled liquid temperature drops to the cutout point, the chiller shuts down. Restart will be permitted when the leaving chilled liquid temperature rises 2 °F (1.11 °C) above the cutout setpoint.

When water cooling mode is programmed (OPTIONS key), the value is fixed at 36.0 °F (2.22 °C) and cannot be changed. Glycol cooling mode can be programmed to values listed in *Table 13 on page 142*.

ANTI RECYCLE TIMER = 600 SEC

The programmable anti-recycle timer assures that systems do not short cycle, and the compressor motors have sufficient time to dissipate heat after a start. This timer is programmable under the PROGRAM key between 300 and 600 seconds. Whenever possible, to reduce cycling and motor heating, the anti-recycle timer should be adjusted as high as possible. The programmable anti-recycle timer starts the timer when the first compressor in a system starts. The timer begins to count down. If all the compressors in the circuit cycle OFF, a compressor within the circuit will not be permitted to start until the anti-recycle timer has timed out. If the lead system has run for less than 5 minutes, 3 times in a row, the anti-recycle timer will be extended to 10 minutes, if currently programmed for less than 10 minutes.

FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE = XXX PSIG

The Fan Control On Pressure is the programmed pressure value that is used to stage the condenser fans on, in relation to discharge pressure. Refer to *Standard Condenser Fan Control on page 168* in *SECTION 7 – UNIT CONTROLS* and *Table 22 on page 169* and *Table 23 on page 170*.

# FAN DIFFERENTIAL OFF PRESSURE = XXX PSIG

The Fan Differential Off Pressure is the programmed differential pressure value that is used to stage the condenser fans OFF, in relation to discharge pressure. Refer to *Standard Condenser Fan Control on page 168* in *SECTION 8 – UNIT OPERATION* and *Table 22 on page 169* and *Table 23 on page 170*.

# TOTAL NUMBER OF COMPRESSORS = 6

The TOTAL NUMBER OF COMPRESSORS is the total quantity of compressors in the chiller, and determines the stages of cooling available. Note in *Table 13*, the chiller may have single or dual systems. Single system units can have 2 or 3 compressors, while dual system units may have 4 or 6 compressors.



This MUST be programmed correctly to assure proper chiller operation.



The Number of Fans Per System must be programmed as needed to match the number of fans on each system.

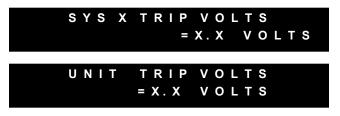


TABLE 13 - PROGRAM KEY LIMITS AND DEFAULT

PROGRAM VALUE	MODE	LOW LIMIT	HIGH LIMIT	DEFAULT
DISCHARGE PRESSURE CUTOUT	_	325 PSIG	575 PSIG	570 PSIG
		22.4 BARG	39.6 BARG	39.3 BARG
SUCTION PRESSURE CUTOUT	WATER COOLING	80.0 PSIG	120.0 PSIG	80.0 PSIG
		5.52 BARG	8.27 BARG	5.52 BARG
	GLYCOL COOLING	42.0 PSIG	70.0 PSIG	44.0 PSIG
		2.9 BARG	4.83 BARG	3.03 BARG
LOW AMBIENT TEMP. CUTOUT	STANDARD AMBIENT	25.0 °F	60.0 °F	25.0 °F
		-3.9 °C	15.6 °C	-3.9 °C
	LOW AMBIENT	0 °F	60.0 °F	25.0 °F
		-17.8 °C	15.6 °C	-3.9 °C
LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID TEMP. CUTOUT	WATER COOLING		_	36 °F
				2.2 °C
	GLYCOL COOLING	-1.0 °F	36.0 °F	36.0 °F
		-18.3 °C	2.2 °C	2.2 °C
ANTI-RECYCLE TIMER	ı	300 SEC.	600 SEC.	600 SEC.
FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE		360 PSIG	485 PSIG	385 PSIG
		24.8 BARG	33.4 BARG	26.5 BARG
FAN DIFFERENTIAL OFF PRESSURE		80 PSID	160 PSID*	125 PSID
		5.51 BARD	11.03 BARD*	8.62 BARD
TOTAL NUMBER OF COMPRESSORS	SINGLE SYSTEM	2	3	3
	DUAL SYSTEM	4	6	6
NUMBER OF FANS PER SYSTEM		2	4	3
UNIT/SYSTEM TRIP VOLTS	CURRENT FEEDBACK	0.5 Volts	4.5 Volts	2.5 Volts
REMOTE UNIT ID		0	7	0

<sup>\*</sup> The minimum discharge pressure allowed is 235 PSIG. The Fan Differential Off Pressure High Limit will be lowered (reduced) to prevent going below 235 PSIG based on where the fan control On Pressure is programmed.

E

Depending on the option, the trip voltage for a specific system or unit high current trip can be programmed. It also calibrates the current readout under the OPER DATA key. The approximate programmed value is calculated using the following formulas.

# **System Trip Volts**

For individual system high current trip programming on chillers:

- Add the sum of the compressor and fan RLA's in the system
- Multiply the sum by 1.25
- Divide by 225A
- The resulting voltage is the value that should be programmed

For example, if fan and compressor RLA's total 100A:

$$\frac{5V \times 100A}{225A} \times 1.25 = \frac{625VA}{225A} = 2.8V$$

The programmed value will be 2.8V. A similar calculation and programming will be necessary for the other system in a 2-system chiller.

#### **Unit Trip Volts**

For total chiller high current trip programming on 460VAC chillers:

- Add the sum of all the compressors and fan RLA's in the chiller
- Multiply the sum by 1.25
- Divide by 225A
- The resulting voltage is the value that should be programmed

For example, if fan and compressor RLA's total 180A:

$$\frac{5V \times 180A}{225A} \times 1.25 = \frac{1125VA}{225A} = 5.0V$$

The programmed value will be 5.0V.

When communications is required with a BAS or OptiView Panel, individual unit IDs are necessary for communications with specific chillers on a single RS-485 line. ID 0 - 7 is selectable.

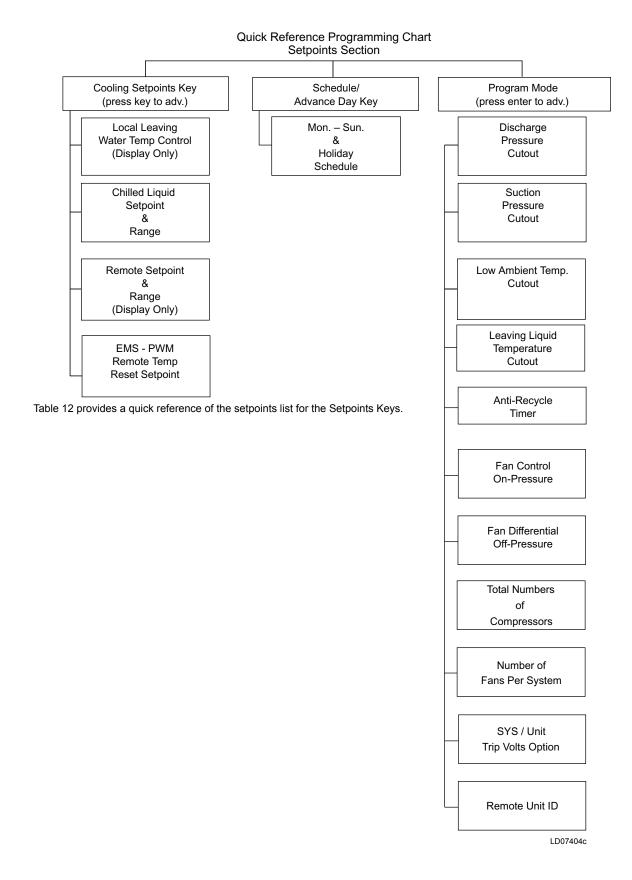
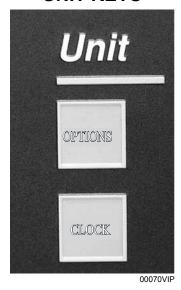


FIGURE 33 - SETPOINTS QUICK REFERENCE LIST

## 5

## **UNIT KEYS**



#### **Options Key**

There are many user programmable options under the OPTIONS key. The OPTIONS key is used to scroll through the list of options by repeatedly pressing the OPTIONS key. After the selected option has been displayed, the \(\gamma\) (UP) and \(\psi\) (DOWN) arrow keys are then used to change that particular option. After the option is changed, the ENTER/ADV key must be pressed to enter the data into memory.



Many of the OPTIONS displayed are only programmable under the SERVICE MODE and not under the OPTIONS key. Options only programmable under the SERVICE MODE are noted in the details describing the option.

Figure 34 on page 150 shows the programmable options. Following are the displays in the order they appear:

## Option 1 - Language



English, Spanish, French, German, and Italian can be programmed.

## Option 2 – System Switches (two system units only)

(Single System Display is similar)



This allows both systems to run.

or

SYS 1 SWITCH ON SYS 2 SWITCH OFF

This turns system 2 OFF.

SYS 1 SWITCH OFF SYS 2 SWITCH ON

This turns system 1 OFF.

or

SYS 1 SWITCH OFF SYS 2 SWITCH OFF

This turns systems 1 and 2 OFF.



Turning a system OFF with its system switch allows a pumpdown to be performed prior to shutdown.

## Option 3 – Chilled Liquid Cooling Type

CHILLED LIQUID WATER

The chilled liquid is water. The Cooling Setpoint can be programmed from 40 °F to 70 °F (4.4 °C to 21.1 °C)

or

145

## CHILLED LIQUID GLYCOL

The chilled liquid is glycol. The Cooling Setpoint can be programmed from 10 °F to 70 °F (-12.2 °C to 21.1 °C).

## **Option 4 – Ambient Control Type**

AMBIENT CONTROL STANDARD

The low ambient cutout is adjustable from  $25 \,^{\circ}\text{F}$  to  $60 \,^{\circ}\text{F}$  (-3.9  $\,^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $15.6 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ).

or

## AMBIENT CONTROL LOW AMBIENT

The low ambient cutout is programmable down to 0 °F (-17.8 °C). A low ambient kit MUST be installed for this option to be chosen. If the kit is NOT installed, and low ambient is selected, low pressure faults and compressor damage may occur.

### Option 5 - Local/Remote Control Type

LOCAL / REMOTE MODEL LOCAL

When programmed for LOCAL, an ISN or RCC control can be used to monitor only. The micro panel will operate on locally programmed values and ignore all commands from remote devices, or through the RS-485 inputs. The chiller will communicate and send data to the remote monitoring devices.

or

## LOCAL/REMOTE MODE REMOTE

This mode should be selected when an ISN or RCC control is to be used to control the chiller. This mode will allow the ISN to control the following items: Remote Start/Stop, Cooling Setpoint, Load Limit, and History Buffer Request. If the unit receives no valid ISN transmission for 5 minutes, it will revert back to the locally programmed values.

### Option 6 - Unit Control Mode

CONTROL MODE

Unit control is based on return chilled liquid temp. Return Chilled Liquid Control can only be selected on units that have 4 to 6 compressors (dual system units).

or

CONTROL MODE LEAVING LIQUID

#### Option 7 – Display Units

DISPLAY UNITS

This mode displays system operating values in Imperial units of °F or PSIG.

or

DISPLAY UNITS SI

This mode displays system operating values in Scientific International Units of °C or barg.

## Option 8 – Lead/Lag Type (two system units only)

LEAD/LAG CONTROL MANUAL SYS 1 LEAD

SYS 1 selected as lead compressor. SYS 1 lead option MUST be chosen if Hot Gas Bypass is installed.

or

LEAD/LAG CONTROL MANUAL SYS 2 LEAD

SYS 2 selected as lead compressor.

or

LEAD/LAG CONTROL AUTOMATIC

Lead/lag between systems may be selected to help equalize average run hours between systems on chillers with 2 refrigerant systems. Auto lead/lag allows automatic lead/lag of the two systems based on an average run hours of the compressors in each system. A new lead/lag assignment is made whenever all compressors shut down. The microprocessor will then assign the "lead" to the system with the shortest average run time.

## Ę

#### Option 9 - Condenser Fan Control Mode

## FAN CONTROL DISCHARGE PRESSURE

Condenser fans are controlled by discharge pressure only. This mode must be chosen.

or

FAN CONTROL AMBIENT & DSCH PRESS

Do not select this option on R-410A chillers.

## Option 10 - Manual Override Mode

MANUAL OVERRIDE MODE DISABLED

This option allows overriding of the daily schedule that is programmed. MANUAL OVERRIDE MODE – DISABLED indicates that override mode has no effect.

or

MANUAL OVERRIDE MODE ENABLED

Manual Override Mode is enabled. This is a service function and when enabled, will allow the unit to start when shut down on the daily schedule. It will automatically be disabled after 30 minutes.

## Option 11 – Current Feedback Options Installed

CURRENT FEEDBACK NONE

This mode should be selected when the panel is not equipped with current sensing capability.

or

CURRENT FEEDBACK ONE PER UNIT

This mode should be selected when an optional 2ACE Module is installed to allow combined current monitoring of all systems by sensing current on the incoming line.

or

## CURRENT FEEDBACK ONE PER SYSTEM

This mode should be selected when an optional 2ACE module is installed to allow individual current monitoring of each system. SYS 1 input is to J7 of the I/O. SYS 2 input is to J8 of the I/O.

## Option 12 – Power Fail Restart

POWER FAIL RESTART AUTOMATIC

Chiller auto restarts after a power failure.

POWER FAIL RESTART MANUAL

After a power failure, the UNIT switch must be toggled before restart at the unit is allowed. NORMALLY MANUAL RESTART should NOT BE SELECTED.

## Option 13 - Soft Start Enable/Disable

SOFT START DISABLED

SOFT START "DISABLED" MUST be selected on all chillers.

This message may not be viewable on non-European chillers.

### Option 14 - Unit Type

U NIT TYPE LIQUID CHILLER

The UNIT TYPE message cannot be modified under the unit keys.



"Liquid CHILLER" must be displayed, or damage to compressors or other components will occur if operated in the HEAT PUMP or CONDENSING UNIT modes.

If unit type needs to be changed to make the unit a liquid chiller, remove power and then remove the jumper between J11-7 and J11-12 on the I/O Board. Reapply power to the micro panel and the microprocessor will store the change.

147

### Option 15 - Refrigerant Type

## REFRIGERANT TYPE R-410A

Refrigerant type R-410A must be selected under Service Mode. Refrigerant type is displayed under the OPTIONS key, but is only programmable in Service Mode.



Incorrect programming may cause damage to compressors.

### Option 16 – Expansion Valve Type

## EXPANSION VALVE TYPE THERMOSTATIC

Expansion valve type, thermostatic or electronic may be selected under Service Mode. Expansion valve type is displayed under the OPTIONS key, but is only programmable in Service Mode. QTC3 chillers will typically always be equipped with thermostatic expansion valves.



Incorrect programming may cause damage to compressors.

Also see the UNIT KEYS PROGRAMMING QUICK REFERENCE LIST in *Figure 34 on page 150*.

## Option 17 - Flash Card Update

## FLASH CARD UPDATE DISABLED

A Flash Card is used to input the operating program into the chiller IPU. A Flash Card is used instead of an EPROM. Normally, a Flash Card update is not required and the message above will be displayed.

If the operating software is to be updated, insert the Flash Card into the Flash Card input port. Turn off the unit switch and set the FLASH CARD UPDATE TO "ENABLED" using the ↑ and ↓ keys.

FLASH CARD UPDATE ENABLED Press the ENTER key and the following message will be displayed until the update has been completed. The keypad and display will not respond during the update. DO NOT reset or power down the chiller until the update is completed.

F LASH CARD UPDATING PLEASE WAIT...

After the update is completed, an automatic reboot will occur. If an error occurred, the following message will appear with the error code and no reboot will occur.

FLASH CARD UPDATE ERROR XXXXXX

If the update resulted in an error, the original program will still be active. When an error occurs, assure the correct Flash Card was utilized. Incorrect chiller software will cause an error. If this is not the case, the Flash Card is most likely defective or the IPU and I/O combo board is bad.

## **Option 18 - Remote Temperature Reset**

R E M O T E T E M P R E S E T IN P U T XXXXXXXXXXXXXX

Remote Temp Reset input selection is programmable according to the type of input utilized. The following options are available:

- DISABLED (default)
- 0.0 10.0 (DC)
- 2.0 10.0 V (DC)
- 0.0 20.0 mA
- 4.0 20.0 mA



The options display message for Remote Temp Reset Input only appears if the Temp Reset Option is enabled under Service Mode. The option must be enabled under the Service Mode for the Remote Temperature Reset to operate.

### Option 19 - Pump Control

Pump Control is utilized to operate the optional onboard pump kit or to control an external pump through dry contacts 23 and 24 on Terminal Block XTBC2. To use this option, the following selection should be made in the Service Mode: HYDRO KIT PUMPS = 1

When HYDRO KIT PUMPS = 1, the controls will be closed to run the pumps whenever any one of the following conditions are true:

- Low Leaving Chilled Liquid Fault
- · Any compressor is running
- Daily Schedule is ON and Remote Stop is closed.



Even if one of the above conditions are true, the pump will not run if the chiller has been powered up for less than 30 seconds; or if the pump has run in the last 30 seconds to prevent pump overheating.

EXTERNAL EVAP PUMP

EXTERNAL EVAP PUMP should be selected if an external pump is being controlled with the chiller pump contacts. The operation will be the same as HDRO KIT PUMPS = 1

The following option should not be selected.



### Option 20 - Pump Selection

The displays for this PUMP SELECTION option should only appear if "HYDRO KIT PUMPS = 2" are selected under Option 19. Presently, this option should not be used.

#### Clock

The CLOCK display shows the current day, time, and date. Pressing the CLOCK key will show the current day, time, and date.

It is important that the date and time be correct, otherwise the daily schedule will not function as desired if programmed. In addition, for ease of troubleshooting via the History printouts, the day, time, and date should be correct.

To change the day, time, and date press the CLOCK key. The display will show something similar to the following:

TODAY IS <u>F</u>RI 08:51AM 25 JAN 15

The line under the F is the cursor. If the day is correct, press the ENTER/ADV key. The cursor will move under the 0 in 08 hours. If the day is incorrect, press the ↑ (UP) or ↓ (DOWN) arrow keys until the desired day is displayed and then press the ENTER/ADV key at which time the day will be accepted and the cursor will move under the first digit of the "2 digit hour". In a similar manner, the hour, minute, meridian, month, day, and year may be programmed, whenever the cursor is under the first letter/numeral of the item. Press the ↑ (UP) or ↓ (DOWN) arrow keys until the desired hour, minute, meridian; day, month, and year are displayed. Pressing the ENTER/ADV key will save the valve and move the cursor on to the next programmable variable.

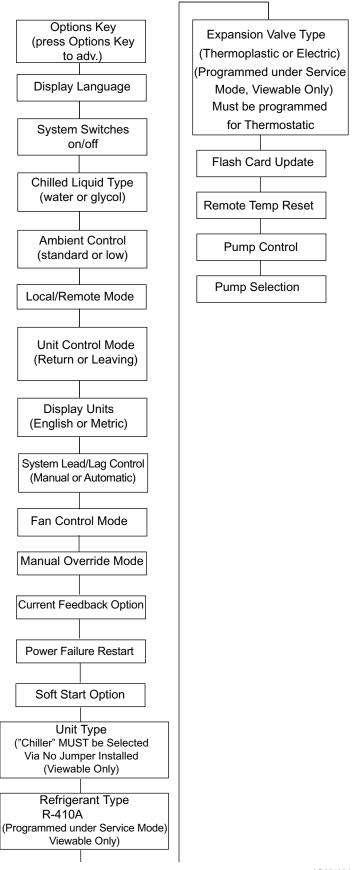


Figure 34 provides a quick reference list for the Unit key setpoints.

LD07405d

FIGURE 34 - UNIT KEYS OPTIONS PROGRAMMING QUICK REFERENCE LIST

## BACNET, MODBUS, N2 AND E-LINK COMMUNICATIONS

Data can be read and in some cases modified using a serial communication BACnet, Modbus or E-Link network connection. This information allows communications of chiller operating parameters and external control changes to setpoint, load limiting, and start/stop commands.

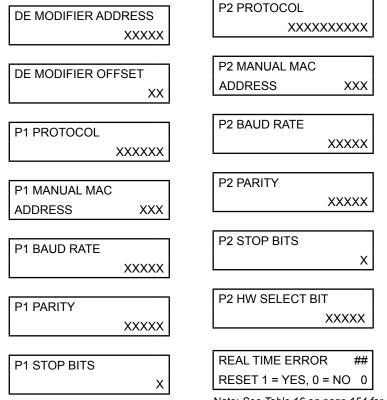
BACnet and E-Link RS485 networks are wired to the + and - terminals of TB1 for port 1 communications. Modbus network connection has the option of RS232 or RS485 connection for port 2 communications. Modbus network is wired to either TB2 or TB3 as follows:

• RS-485: connect to TB2 - Network (-1) to TB2 (-1); Network (+1) to TB2 (+1)

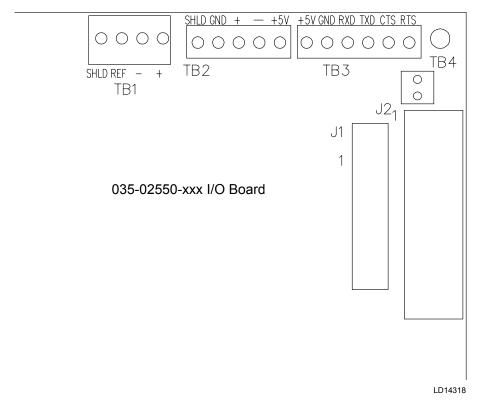
 RS-232: connect to TB3 - Network (RX) to TB3 (TXD); Network (TX) to TB3 (RXD); Network (GND) to TB3 (GND)

Refer to Figure 35 on page 152 for TB1, TB2 and TB3 locations.

In most cases, communication parameters will need to be modified. Table 30 on page 153 lists setup parameters for the available protocols. Modification is accomplished by pressing the PROGRAM, DOWN ARROW, DOWN ARROW, DOWN ARROW, and ENTER keys in sequence. The list below shows the displays for the values that may be modified:



Note: See Table 16 on page 154 for error descriptions



### FIGURE 35 - MICRO PANEL CONNECTIONS

The table below shows the minimum, maximum, and default values.

TABLE 14 - MINIMUM, MAXIMUM AND DEFAULT VALUES

DESCRIPTION	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	DEFAULT
DE MODIFIER ADDRESS	-1	41943	-1
DE MODIFIER OFFSET	-1	99	-1
P1 BAUD RATE	1200	76800	4800
	1200, 4800, 9600, 19200, 3840	00, 76800, AUTO SELECTABLE	
P2 BAUD RATE	1200	57600	1200
	1200, 4800, 9600, 19200, 3840	00, 57600 SELECTABLE	
P1, P2 MANUAL Mac AD- DRESS	-1	127	-1
P1, P2 PARITY	NONE	IGNORE	NONE
	NONE, EVEN, ODD, IGNORE	SELECTABLE	
P1 PROTOCOL	BACNET	API	BACNET
	BACNET, API SELECTABLE		
P2 PROTOCOL	TERMINAL	MODBUS CLIENT	API
	TERMINAL, MODBUS IO, MO	DBUS SERVER, API, MODBUS	CLIENT SELECTABLE
P1, P2 STOP BITS	1	2	1
RESET REAL TIME ERROR	NO	YES	NO

The table below shows set-up requirements for each communication protocol.

TABLE 15 - VALUES REQUIRED FOR BAS COMMUNICATION

OFTTING DECODIDATION		PROTOCOL		
SETTING DESCRIPTION	BACNET MS/TP	MODBUS RTU⁵	E-LINK	N2 <sup>6</sup>
DE MODIFIER ADDRESS	0 to 41943 <sup>3</sup>	1	-1	0 to 41943 <sup>3</sup>
DE MODIFIER OFFSET	0 to 99⁴	0	N/A	0 to 99⁴
P1 PROTOCOL	BACNET	N/A	N/A	9n2
P1 MANUAL MAC ADDRESS	0-127¹	N/A	N/A	0-127¹
P1 BAUD RATE	9600 To 76800 or Auto Selectable <sup>1</sup>	N/A	N/A	9600
P1 PARITY	NONE	N/A	N/A	NONE
P1 STOP BITS	1	N/A	N/A	1
P2 PROTOCOL	N/A	MODBUS SVR	N/A	N/A
P2 MANUAL MAC ADDRESS	N/A	0-127¹	N/A	N/A
P2 BAUD RATE	N/A	19,200²	N/A	N/A
P2 PARITY	N/A	NONE <sup>2</sup>	N/A	N/A
P2 STOP BITS	N/A	1	N/A	N/A
P2 HW SELECT BIT	N/A	RS-485 or RS-232 <sup>1</sup>	N/A	N/A
RESET REAL TIME ERROR	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
P1 HW SELECT BIT	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CHILLER ID	N/A	N/A	0	N/A

- 1. As required by network. 2. Or other as required by network. 3. Number is multiplied by 100, set as required by network.
- 4. Number is added to de modifier address, set as required by network.
- 5. Unit operating software version C.Mmc.13.03 or later required for Modbus Protocol.
- 6. Unit operating software version 04 (C.MMC.13.04, C.MMC.14.04, or C.MMC.16.04) or higher required for N2 protocol functionality.

#### **BACnet and Modbus Communications**

Chiller data that can be read and modified using specific BACnet or Modbus Register Addresses; and the data associated with the addresses, is outlined in the following description:

#### Analog Write Points

This data can be read and modified using a BACnet or Modbus network connection. The Modbus Register Address for these points is 1025 + AV #.

### Binary Write Points

This data can be read and modified using a BACnet or Modbus network connection. The Modbus Register Address for these points is 1537 + BV #.

#### Analog Read Only Points

This data can be read using a BACnet or Modbus network connection and can NOT be modified using this connection. The Modbus Register Address for these points is 513 + AI #.

#### **Binary Monitor Only Points**

This data can be read using a BACnet or Modbus network connection and can NOT be modified using this connection. The Modbus Register Address for these points is 1281 + BI #.

Refer to Table 17 on page 155 for complete list of BACnet and Modbus registers.



The latest data map information is listed on the Johnson Controls Equipment Integration website.

FORM QTC3-NM1 (916) ISSUE DATE 9/30/2016

#### **Communications Data Map Notes**

(See Table 17)

- IPU II based units are configured for Native BACnet MS/TP and Modbus RTU communications. E-Link Gateway not required for these two communication protocols.
- 2. BACnet Object Types:

0 = Analog In 5 =	= Binary	Value
-------------------	----------	-------

2 = Analog Value 15 = Alarm Notifica-

3 = Binary In tion (0 through 127 are reserved ASHRAE

4 = Binary Output Objects).

3.

WC= Inches of water Pa = Pascals

column

kPa = Kilopascals

CFM = Cubic Feet per

PPM = Part per Mil-

lion

FPM = Feet per Minute

kJ/kg = Kilojoules per

PSI = Lbs per square Kilogram.

inch

Minute

4. Water Cooled Scroll units use the same firmware as Air Cooled Scroll units, ignoring Fan Control.

The table below shows the real time error numbers that may be encountered during communication setup and a description of each.

**TABLE 16 - REAL TIME ERROR NUMBERS** 

ERROR NUMBER (##)	DESCRIPTION
0	ALL OK
1	DATUM TYPE OK TEST FAILED
2	ENGLISH TEXT TOO LONG
3	FLOATING POINT EXCEPTION
4	GET PACKET FAILED
5	GET TYPE FAILED
6	INVALID UNIT CONVERSION
7	INVALID HARDWARE SELECTION
8	REAL TIME FAULT
9	SPANISH TEXT TOO LONG
10	THREAD EXITED
11	THREAD FAILED
12	THREAD STALLED
13	IO BOARD RESET
14	BRAM INVALID
15	BACNET SETUP FAILED



Reboot required (cycle power) after settings are changed.

## TABLE 17 - BACNET AND MODBUS COMMUNICATIONS DATA MAP

YCAI	YCAL/YCUL/YCWL/YLAA/YLUA IPU	LAA/YL	UA IPI	n		Native	Modbus,	BACnet	Modbus, BACnet MS/TP, N2 Data Maps Board: 031-02630-xxx w/ 031-02550	30-xxx w/	031-02550	
E W	Version	Date	1	TOTK PIN		CN SUIII	474 · · · · · · · ·		Comments			
- 0	C.MMC.16.00	29-NOV-06	031-0	031-02/55-004			Standard Mi	THP WITH	Basildon MiMHP With Board: U31-U263U-xxx W/ U31-U255U Standard Minn Board 034 07550 xxv - Eiv native Modhue communicatione - Eiv Café Metric functionality / CCD 766)	7 000/4	(98)	
3 6	C.MMC. 14.02	17-Oct-08	031-(	031-02755-003			MMHP with	Board: 03	otandard witch board of 1-22,300-xxx. The flative modulos communications. The care wetter functionality (SCR-766). MMHP with Board: 031-02630-xxx w/ 031-02550Fix native Modulos communications. Fix Café Metric functionality (SCR-766).	unctionality	, (SCR-76	::
4	C.MMC.16.02	17-Oct-08	031-(	031-02755-004			Basildon MN	1HP with	Basildon MMHP with Board: 031-02630-xxx w/ 031-02550 Fix native Modbus communications. Fix Café Metric functionality (SC	fé Metric fu	inctionality	(SCI
2	C.MMC.13.03	3-Mar-09	031-(	02755-001			Add Al 54, 55, 56, 57	5, 56, 57				
9	C.MMC.14.03	3-Mar-09	031-	031-02755-003			Add AI 54, 55, 56, 57	5, 56, 57				
7	C.MMC.16.03	3-Mar-09	031-(	031-02755-004			Add AI 54, 55, 56, 57	5, 56, 57				
∞ (												
ກ (												
10												
L C L L	BACnet NAME	BACnet Object/Inst	MODBUS	MODBUS Data	MODBUS	N2 Metasvs		READ	Point DESCRIPTION S=Standard: O = C	Point List Code O = Optional: N = Not Available	e = Not Availab	ω
NON E		ance			Scaling	- (	UNITS	WRITE	1 2 3	9 9	7 8 9	10
<b>←</b> 0	OFFICE PROPERTY.				SEE NOTE 7		SEE NOTE 5		SEE NOTE 1			
n	ANALUG WRITE POINTS							Ī				
4	REM_SETP	AV_1	1026	03,06,16	div10	ADF 1	°L		S	S	S	
2	SP_REM_SP_S1	AV_2	1027	03,06,16	div10	ADF 2	PSIG		Pressure Control units only) S S S S S	S	S	
9	LOAD_LIMIT	AV 3	1028	03,06,16	n/a	ADF 3	index		note 2 below) S S S S S	S	S	
7	REM_CR	AV_4	1029	03,06,16	div10	ADF 4	°L		S S S	S	S	
8	SP_REM_SP_S2	AV_5	1030	03,06,16	div10	ADF 5	PSIG	R/W	S S S S	S	S	
6	REM_SP_HEAT	AV_6	1031	03,06,16	div10	ADF 6	L <sub>o</sub>		2°F) S S S S	S	S	
10	HP_MODE	AV_7	1032	03,06,16	n/a	ADF 7	index	E/W	Mode (HP Only) (0=Panel, 1=Cooling, 2=Heating)	S	S	
11									8 8 8	S	S	
12	BINARY WRITE POINTS											
13	START_STOP	BV_1	1538	01,03,05,15,06,	n/a	BD 1	0, 1	RW	Stop Start Command S S S S S S	S	S	
14	SS_SYS1	BV_2	1539	01,03,05,15,06,	n/a	BD 2	0, 1	RW	Sys 1 Start/Stop (Suction Pressure (SP) Control Only) S S S S	S	S	
15	SS_SYS2	BV_3	1540	01,03,05,15,06,	n/a	BD 3	0, 1	RW	Sys 2 Start/Stop (Suction Pressure (SP) Control Only) S S S S	S	S	
16	ANALOG READ ONLY POINTS	NTS										
17	LCHLT	A L	514	03.04	X10	ADF 8	°L	~	Leaving Chilled Liquid Temp	S	S	
18	RCHLT	AI 2	515	03,04	X10	ADF 9	°L		S S S	S	S	
19	DAT	Al_3	516	03,04	X10	ADF 10	L°	Z.	8888	S	S	
20	S1_SUCT_TEMP	Al_4	517	03,04	X10	<b>ADF 11</b>	°L		Sys 1 Suction Temp (EEV & Cond Units Only)	S	S	
21	OAT	Al_5	518	03,04	X10	ADF 12	ь°		S S S	S	S	
22	S1_SUCT_SHEAT	A 6	519	03,04	X10	ADF 13	- °L		EEV Models Only) S S S S S	တ	S	
2 2	SI KUN IIME	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	520	03,04	X10	ADF 14	Spuoses	צ מ	Sys 1 Kun lime (seconds)	ი	n u	
25	SA DSCH PR	o o	522	03,04	X10	ADF 16	DSIG.			) (r.	o 0.	
27	S1 CIR TEMP	A 10	523	03,04	X10	ADF 17	) L		ant Temp (R-407c Models Only) S S S S	S	S	
28	S1 DEF TEMP	- N	524	03,04	X10	ADF 18	. °L		SSS	S	S	
58	S1 EEV OUT	Al 12	525	03,04	X10	ADF 19	. °ш		s S S S S	S	S	
30	S1 AR TIMER	Al 13	526	03,04	X10	ADF 20	seconds		S	S	S	
31	AC TIMER	AI 14	527	03,04	X10	ADF 21	seconds		S S S	S	S	
32	S2_SUCT_TEMP	AI_15	528	03,04	X10	ADF 22	٤.		EEVModels Only)	S	S	
33	S2_RUN_TIME	Al_16	529	03,04	X10	ADF 23	seconds		(St) S S S S S	S	S	
34	S2 SUCT PR	AI 17	530	03,04	X10*	ADF 24	PSIG	<u>د</u> ا	S S S S	S	S	I
35	S2 DSCH PR	Al_18	531	03,04	X10	ADF 25	PSIG		S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	တ (	S	
36	SZ_CIR_IEMP	AI_19	532	03,04	X10	ADF 26	ů.		ature(K-40/c Only) S S S S	တ (	S	
37	S2 DEF TEMP	Al_20	533	03,04	X10	ADF 27	ů î		S (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S) (S	တ (	S	
88	SZ_SUCI_SH	Al_21	534	03,04	X10	ADF 28	îr (		(EEV Models Only) S S S S	so o	S	
39	S2_AR_TIMER	AI_22	535	03,04	X10	ADF 29	ட		S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	တ	S	
40	SZ_EEV_OUI	A 23	536	03,04	X10	ADF 30	seconds	r	Sys 2 Suction Superneat ( EEV Models Only)	S	20	

Property of JCI/York International. Subject to change without notice Small Tonnage Scroll IPU II NATIVE BACnet \_Modbus \_N2 Data Maps\_ Rev A\_10b

TABLE 17 - BACNET AND MODBUS COMMUNICATIONS DATA MAP (CONT'D)

	Ξ	•	<u>'</u>		יט	•	יוכ	-		AN	טו	IVI	<u> </u>		-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	۷۱۷	IIVI	U	VIV	υ <i>Γ</i>	<b>\</b>	U	NC.	) L	<i>-</i>	IA	IVI	<u> </u>	('	-	I V		,											
e 10																																														
Optional; N = Not Available  4   5   6   7   8   9	Γ	Γ	Γ		Γ		$\prod$				$\prod$				Ī		J				Γ									J	Γ	[ ]		ſ	Ī		Γ			T		Γ		Γ		
8																																		Ī												
2 = C	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	s u	S O	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	တ ပ	n v	S	S	S		Ī	S	s c	S	S	S	S	S	တ	ď	S	S	S
0 = Optional; N = 4 5 6 7	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	s u	o o	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	s c	n u	o 0.	S	S		ľ	S	so co	S	S	S	S	S	S	v.	S	S	v,
Option 5	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	so u	0 00	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	s c	n u	o 0.	S	S		-	S	so co	S	S	S	တ ပ	0 00	S	_	S	-	_
0=0	S	+-	S	1	┝	+	+-	H		S	S		S	S	-	so u	0 00	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	n z	zz	z	z		ŀ	S	s c	+	S	Н	_	0 00	_	_	S	-	_
	S	+-	S	1	-	+	+-	S		S	S		S	Н	-	so u	+	+-	+	+	+	S	S	S	S		-	-	n z	+-	+	z		ŀ	+	so co	+	S	Н	_	0 0	_	+	S	-	⊢
S=Standard;	╀	+	S	-	-	+	_	Н	_	S	S	-	S	Н	-	s u	+	+-	+-	+-	+-	S	S	S	S		-	-+	n z	+-	+	z	_	-	-	so co	+-	-	Н	S U	+	_	v.	-	S	⊢
S=St	╀	_	_	_	_	S	_	$\mathbf{L}$			+	_	┢	Н	_	_	+	+	+	+	1	┢		-	_		-+	-	+	+	+-			-  -	-	_	+-	-	Н	_	+	1	4	S	_	_
POINT DESCRIPTION	Number of Compressors	Svs 1 Operational Code (Definition in Table A)	Sys 1 Fault Code (Definition in Table B)	Sys 2 Operational Code (Definition in Table A)	Svs 2 Fault Code (Definition in Table B)	Sys 1 Debug Code	Sys 1 Condenser Fan Stage	Sys 2 Debug Code	Sys 2 Condenser Fan Stage	Unit Control Mode (0=Leaving Water, 1=Return Water, 2=Discharge Single Air 3=Surding Press, 4=Conline, 5=Heating)		Leaving Chilled Liquid Temp Cutout	Low Ambient Temperature Cutout	Low Suction Pressure Cutout Heating (HP Only)	Low Suction Pressure Cutout (Cooling on HP units)	High Discharge Pressure Cutout	Setpoint 1 (SP Control)	Cooling Range	Cooling Range 1 (SP Control)	Setpoint 2 (SP Control)	Heating Setpoint (HP Only)	Cooling Range 2 (SP Control)		Sys 1 Discharge Temperature (EEV Only)	Sys 1 Discharge Superheat (EEV Only)	Sys 2 Discharge Temperature (EEV Only)	Sys 2 Discharge Superheat (EEV Only)	Leaving Liquid Hot Temp (R-410a)		Remote Setpoint 1 (SP Control)	Remote Setpoint 2 (SP Control)	Remote Heating Setpoint (HP and YCWL HP)			Sys 1 Alarm	Sys 2 Alarm Evaporator Heater Status	Evaporator Pump Status	Sys 1 Comp 1 Run	Sys 2 Comp 1 Run	Sys 1 Liquid Line Solenoid Valve	Sys 1 Hot Gas Bypass Valve	Bivalent Heat Source (YLAE HP Only), Tray Heater (YLPA HP	only) Svs 1 Comp 2 Run	Sys 2 Comp 2 Run	Sys 2 Liquid Line Solenoid Valve	Svs 2 Mode Solenoid Valve (HP Only)
KEAD WRITE	ď	ď	ď	ď	œ	œ	ď	ď	ď	~	œ		ď	ď	۱ ۲	מ מ	<u> </u>	: œ	ď	ď	~	ď	α	ч	ď	œ	œ ا	œ a	۵ م	<u> </u>	ď	2			<u>د</u> ا	צ מ	<u>~</u>	ď	ď	∝ 0	2 02	~	α	<u>«</u>	~	Ω
UNITS	connt	index	index	index	index	index	count	index	count	tunoo	seconds	°F	°F	PSIG	PSIG	SISH SISH	. °L	· L	, L	°Ł	°L	, L	Ł٥	Ł。	°F	°L	°F	ů ů	ı °ı	L °L	L	۴°			0, 1	0, 1	0, 1	0, 1	0, 1	0, 1	0, 0	0, 1	0 1	0, 1	0, 1	0 1
N2 Metasys	ADF 31	ADF 32	ADF 33	ADF 34	ADF 35	ADF 36	ADF 37	ADF 38	ADF 39	ADF 40	ADF 41	ADF 42	ADF 43	ADF 44	ADF 45	ADF 46	ADF 48	ADF 49	ADF 50	ADF 51	ADF 52	ADF 53	ADF 54	ADF 55	ADF 56	ADF 57	ADF 58	ADF 59	ADF 60	ADF 62	ADF 63	ADF 64			BD 4	BD 5 BD 6	BD 7	BD 8	BD 9	BD 10	BD 12	BD 13	BD 14	BD 15	BD 16	RD 17
Scaling	X	X	×	X	X1	X	X	X1	X	XX	X10	X10	X10	X10	×10*	X10	X10	X10	X10	X10	X10	X10	X10	X10	X10	X10	X10	X10	X10	X10	X10	X10			n/a	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	e/u
Type Supported	03.04	03.04	03,04	03,04	03.04	03,04	03,04	03,04	03,04	03,04	03,04	03,04	03,04	03,04	03,04	03,04	03.04	03.04	03.04	03,04	03,04	03,04	03,04	03,04	03,04	03,04	03,04	03,04	03.04	03.04	03,04	03,04			01,02,03	01,02,03	01,02,03	01,02,03	01,02,03	01,02,03	01,02,03	01,02,03	01 02 03	01,02,03	01,02,03	01 02 03
MODBUS	537	538	539	540	541	542	543	544	545	546	547	548	549	220	551	552	554	555	556	222	258	259	260	561	562	563	564	565	200	268	699	220			1282	1283	1285	1286	1287	1288	1290	1291	1292	1293	1294	1295
Object/Inst ance	AI 24	AI 25	AI 26	Al 27	AI 28	AI 29	Al_30	Al_31	AI_32	AI_33	Al_34	Al_35	Al_36	AI_37	Al 38	Al 39	A 41	Al 42	Al 43	A 14	Al_45	Al_46	AI_47	AI_48	AI_49	AI_50	Al_51	Al_52	Al_53	Al 55	AI 56	AI_57		POINTS	BI_1	B 2	BI 4	B	B <u>_</u> 6	B  7	6 6 8	BI_10	- B	BI_12	BI_13	BI 14
BACnet NAME	NUM COMPS	S1 OF CODE	S1 FLT CODE	S2 OP CODE	S2 FLT CODE	S1_DBG_CODE	S1_FAN_STAGE	S2_DBG_CODE	S2_FAN_STAGE	CONTROL_MODE	AR_TIME	LCHLT_CUT	LOW_AMB_CUT	SUCT_P_CO_HT	L SUCT P CO	H DSCH P CO	SP SETP S1	CONTROL RG	SP_CTL_RG_S1	SP_SETP_S2	HEAT_SETP	SP_CTL_RG_S2	HEAT_RANGE	S1_DSCH_TEMP	S1_DSCH_SHEAT	S2_DSCH_TEMP	S2_DSCH_SH	LEAVING_HOT	R COOL SETP	R SP SETP S1	R_SP_SETP_S2	R_HEAT_SETP		BINARY MONITOR ONLY POINTS	S1_ALARM	SZ ALAKM FVAP HTR	EVAP PUMP	S1_C1_RUN	S2_C1_RUN	S1 LLSV	S1 HGBV	S1_BHS	S1 C2 RUN	S2_C2_RUN	S2_LLSV	VS AUOM CS
ITEM REF	41	42	43	4	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	5 25	25 65	09	61	62	63	64	92	99	29	89	69	7 9	12	73	74	75	92	77	8/	80	81	82	83	85	98	87	88	89	06

Property of JCI/York International. Subject to change without notice Small Tonnage Scroll IPU II NATIVE BACnet\_Modbus\_N2 Data Maps\_ Rev A\_10b

### TABLE 17 - BACNET AND MODBUS COMMUNICATIONS DATA MAP (CONT'D)

		BACnet	o o	MODELLE	01000		C N	DEAD				ď	Point List Code	st C	ge		
EM REF	BACnet NAME	Object/Inst	≥ 4	Two Supported	Scaling	N2 Metasys	PINE		POINT DESCRIPTION	S=S	S=Standard; O = Optional; N = Not Available	9	= Opti	nal;	ž	t Ava	lable
MOM		ance		national addition	8		2 20	M N		-	2 3	4	2	9	7	8	6
91	LEAD_SYS	BI_15	1296	01,02,03	n/a	BD 18	0, 1	ď	Lead System (0 = Sys 1, 1 = Sys 2)	S	S	S	S	S	S		
95	S1_C3_RUN	BI_16	1297	01,02,03	n/a	BD 19	0, 1	ď	Sys 1 Comp 3 Run	S	SS	S	S	S	S		
93	S2_C3_RUN	BI_17	1298	01,02,03	n/a	BD 20	0, 1	ď	Sys 2 Comp 3 Run	S	s s	S	S	S	S		
94	CH_LIQ_TYPE	BI_18	1299	01,02,03	n/a	BD 21	0, 1	ď	Chilled Liquid Type (0=Water, 1=Glycol)	S	s s	S	S	S	S		
93	AMB_MODE	BI_19	1300	01,02,03	n/a	BD 22	0, 1	ď	Ambient Control Mode (0=Std Amb, 1=Low Amb)	S	S	S	S	S	S		
94	CNTL_MODE	BI_20	1301	01,02,03	n/a	BD 23	0, 1	ď	Local/Remote Control Mode (0=Local, 1=Remote)	S	SS	S	S	S	S		
92	DATA_UNIT	BI_21	1302	01,02,03	n/a	BD 24	0, 1	ď	Units (0=Imperial, 1=SI)	S	s S	S	S	S	S		
96	AUTO_LL	BI_22	1303	01,02,03	n/a	BD 25	0, 1	ď	Lead/Lag Control Mode (0=Manual, 1=Auto)	S	S	S	S	S	S		
26	S2_HGBV	BI_23	1304	01,02,03	n/a	BD 26	0, 1	ď	Sys 2 HotGas Bypass Valve	z	z	Z	z	z	z		

ABLE B		Note
Code	Fault Codes	Shadod Codos may not be
21	Power Failure, Manual Reset Required	conjecto on oil models Disse
22	Unit Motor Current	available on all models. Please
23	Low Superheat	check the Fault and
24	Sensor Fault	Operational codes against the
52	Discharge Inhibit	codes published in your
56	MP/HPCO Inhibit	operators manual or confirm
22	Pump Trip	Code is available through the
28	Pump Fail Make Flow	display of vour unit If the Code
29	High Ambient Temperature	appears in the display volumil
30		appears in the display, yet will
31		recieve triat value trirough trie
32		
33		

		ABLE B	
Code	Fault Codes	Code	Fault Codes
0	No Fault	21	Power Failure, Manual Reset Required
1	VAC Under Voltage	22	Unit Motor Current
2	Low Ambient Temperature	23	Low Superheat
က	High Ambient Temperature	24	Sensor Fault
4	Low Leaving Chilled Liquid Temp	22	Discharge Inhibit
2	High Discharge Pressure	56	MP/HPCO Inhibit
9	High Differential Oil Pressure	27	Pump Trip
7	Low Suction Pressure	28	Pump Fail Make Flow
8	High Motor Current	59	High Ambient Temperature
6	LLSV Not On	30	
10	Low Battery Warning	31	
11	High Oil Temperature	32	
12	High Discharge Temperature	33	
13	Improper Phase Rotation	34	
14	Low Motor Current / MP / HPCO	32	
15	Motor Current Unbalanced	36	
16	Low Differential Oil Pressure	37	
17	Ground Fault	38	
18	MP/HPCO Fault	39	
19	Low Evaporator Temperature	40	
20	Incorrect Refrigerant Programmed	41	

Daily Schedule Shutdown No Run Permissive No Cool Load

System Fault Remote Shutdowr

Anti-Recycle Timer Active Manual Override Anti-Coincidence Timer Active

> 7 13

12

9

Suction Limiting

Operational Codes

Code

TABLE A

Property of JCI/York International. Subject to change without notice Small Tonnage Scroll IPU II NATIVE BACnet \_Modbus\_N2 Data Maps\_ Rev A\_10b

#### **E-Link Communications**

### Received Data (Control Data)

The unit receives eight data values from the E-Link Gateway. The first four are analog values and the last four are digital values. These eight data values are used as control parameters when in REMOTE mode. When the unit is in LOCAL mode, these eight values are ignored. If the unit receives no valid transmission for 5 minutes, it will revert back to all local control values. *Table 18 on page 159* lists the control parameters. These values are found under feature 54 in the E-Link Gateway.

#### Transmitted Data

After receiving a valid transmission from the E-Link Gateway, the unit will transmit either operational data or history buffer data depending on the "History Buffer Request" on ENG PAGE 10. Data must be transmitted for every page under feature 54. If there is no value to be sent to a particular page, a zero will be sent. *Table 18 on page 159* shows the data values and page listings for this unit.



Please contact Quantech Product Support for the latest data points map.

## TABLE 18 - E-LINK COMMUNICATIONS DATA MAP

920						66)QQT							D L C	PAGE	+	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P10	P11	P12	P13	P14	P15	P16	P17	P18	P19	P20	P21	P22	P23	P24	P25	P26	P27	P28	P29	P30	P31	P32	P33	P34	P35	P36	P37	P38	P39	P40	P41	P42
-02050/02						nality (SCR-7								7 8 9 10	0																																					<b>-</b>	_ _	
Micro Board: 031-02050/02550						Metric function							L .	NOI AVAILABLE	o	o v.	С	0	S			S	_	S S S	0 0 0	S S S	0 0 0	S S S	0 0	ഗ	S	S	S S		0 0	S	S S S	0	S	S	ഗ	S S	0 0 0	0 0 0	S	0 0 0	S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S	S	S	S S
Micro E						. Fix Café I									1 (	o v.	С	0	S			S	-	SS	0	S	0 0	S S	0	ഗ	_	S	S		0	S	SSS	0	ഗ	_	ഗ	S	0 0	0 0	S	0 0	တ	SSS	SS	SS	S	S	S	8 8
ELINK	COMMENIS	QTC Micro Board 031-02050-xxx	QTC Micro Board 031-02050-xxx	QTC Micro Board 031-02550-xxx, IPU 2 board.		Micro Board 031-02550-xxx. Fix native Modbus communications (SCR. Fix Café Metric functionality (SCR-766)QQT					roGateway to communicate to a chiller LINC			POINT LIST CODE: S = STANDARD O = OPTIONAL POINT LIST DESCRIPTION	Notice of the Control	Load Limit Stace (0 1 2)	Heating Setnoint (HP and YCWL HP)	Mode (HP and YCWL HP only) (0=Panel, 1= Cooling, 2 = Heating)	Start/Stop Command			History Buffer Reguest	Leaving Chilled Liquid Temp	Return Chilled Liquid Temp	Leaving Hot Liquid Temp (R-410a) Heat Mode Only	Discharge Air Temp ( Cond Unit) Return Hot Liquid Temp (410a- Heat Mod	Leaving Liquid Temp Hot (R-410a)	Ambient Air Temperature	Sys 1 Suction Superheat ( EEV only)	Sys 1 Run Time (seconds)	Sys 1 Suction Pressure	Sys 1 Discharge Pressure	Sys 1 Cooler Inlet Refrigerant Temperature(R-407c Only)		Sys 1 EEV Output % (EEV only)	Sys 1 Anti- Recycle Timer	Anti-Coincident Timer	Sys Suction Temp ( EEV only)	Sys 2 Run Time (seconds)	Sys 2 Suction Pressure	Sys 2 Discharge Pressure	Sys 2 Cooler Inlet Refrigerant Temperature (R-407c systems Only)	Sys 2 Defrost Temperature ( HP only)	Sys 2 Suction Superheat (EEV only)	Sys 2 Anti-Recycle Timer	Sys 2 EEV Output % (EEV only)	Number of Compressors	Sys 1 Alarm	Sys 2 Alarm	Evaporator Heater Status	Evaporator Pump Status	Sys 1 Compressor 1 Run	Sys 2 Compressor 1 Run	Sys 1 Liquid Line Solenoid Valve
	Baud	4800	4800	4800	4800	4800					lator or Mic	;	Z	Address	ADE 1	ADF 2	ADF 3	ADF 4	BD 1	BD 2	BD 3	BD 4	ADF 5	ADF 6	ADF 7	ADF 8	ADF 9	ADF 10	ADF 11	ADF 12	ADF 13	ADF 14	ADF 15	ADF 16	ADF 17	ADF 18	ADF 19	ADF 20	ADF 21	ADF 22	ADF 23	ADF 24	ADF 25	ADF 26	ADF 27	ADF 28	ADF 29	BD 5	BD 6	BD 7	BD 8	BD 9	BD 10	BD 11
	Checksu m	944D 061B	2226	XXXX	xxxx	XXXX					SCII XL Trans		d	Character	101100								8 - 11	12 - 15	16 - 19	20 - 23	24 - 27	28 - 31	32 - 35	36 - 39	40 - 43	44 - 47	48 - 51	52 - 55	56 - 59	60 - 63	64 - 67	68 - 71	72 - 75	76 - 79	80 - 83	84 - 87	88 - 91	92 - 95	96 - 96	100 - 103	104 - 107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114
Middle Market w/ control board 2050,	P/N	031-02049-001	031-02049-001	flash	flash	flash					rfaces utilizing an A		LON SNVT	Type	SNVT count f (51)	SNVT count f (51)	SNVT count f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)
arket w/ cont	Date										column for inter		LON Profile	Name	nviYTS01p003	nviYTS01p004	nviYTS01p005	nviYTS01p006	nviYTS01p007	nviYTS01p008	nviYTS01p009	nviYTS01p010	nvoYTS01p011	nvoYTS01p012	nvoYTS01p013	nvoYTS01p014	nvoYTS01p015	nvoYTS01p016	nvoYTS01p017	nvoYTS01p018	nvoYTS01p019	nvoYTS01p020	nvoYTS01p021	nvoYTS01p022	nvoYTS01p023	nvoYTS01p024	nvoYTS01p025	nvoYTS01p026	nvoYTS01p027	nvoYTS01p028	nvoYTS01p029	nvoYTS01p030	nvoYTS01p031	nvoYTS01p032	nvoYTS01p033	nvoYTS01p034	nvoYTS01p035	nvoYTS01p036	nvoYTS01p037	nvoYTS01p038	nvoYTS01p039	nvoYTS01p040	nvoYTS01p041	nvoYTS01p042
:	Version	C.MMC.03.02	C MMC 03 00	C.MMC.13.xx	C.MMC.13.xx	C.MMC.13.02					Use ASCII page		ASCII	Type	A Control	A Control	A Control	A. Control	D. Control	D. Control	D. Control	D. Control	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor
O	Ket.											-	ASCII	TAGE THE	2	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P10	P11	P12	P13	P14	P15	P16	P17	P18	P19	P20	P21	P22	P23	P24	P25	P26	P27	P28	P29	P30	P31	P32	P33	P34	P35	P36	P37	P38	P39	P40
QTC2,	Item	- 0	۷ c	4	2	9	7	∞ .	6	10		i	ENG	PAGE	ואבו	P04	P05	90d	P07	P08	P09	P10	P11	P12	P13	P14	P15	P16	P17	P18	P19	P20	P21	P22	P23	P24	P25	P26	P27	P28	P29	P30	P31	P32	P33	P34	P35	P36	P37	P38	P39	P40	P41	P42

## TABLE 18 - E-LINK COMMUNICATIONS DATA MAP (CONT'D)

	O REF	P43	P45	P46	P47	P48	P49	P50	P51	P52	P53	P54	P55	P56	P57	P58	P59	P60	P61	P62	P63	P64	P65	P66	P67	P68	P69	P70	P71	P72	P73	P74	P75	P76	P77	P78	P79	P80	P81	P82	P83	P84								_
	8 9 10																																												1					_
LABLE	4 5 6 7	n v.	0 0	S	SS	S S	S	SS	N S	SS	_	S	SS	S	SS	S	SS	SS	S S	SS	S		SS	S S	SS		SS	S	S	SS	S	0	0	_	_	_	0													_
T AV	ကျ	n v.	0	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S		S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	0	0	0	0	0	0								1					
NC =	_	n v.	S	S	S		S	S	S	S		S	S	S	S	S	S	S	SS	S	S		SS	SS	SS	_	S	S	S	S	S	0	0	0	_	_	0	- 			- 		-	-	1	+		-	-	_
O = OPTIONAL N																							3P, 4=Cool, 5=Heat									( HP and YCWL HF	nd YCWL HP only)																	
\RD	POINT LIST DESCRIPTION	Sys 1 Hot Gas Bypass valve Sys 1 Compressor 2 Run	Sys 2 Compressor 2 Run	Sys 2 Liquid Line Solenoid Valve	Lead System (0 = Sys 1, 1 = Sys 2)	Sys 1 Compressor 3 Run	Sys 2 Compressor 3 Run	Chilled Liquid Type (0=Water, 1=Glycol)	Ambient Control Mode (0=Std Amb, 1=Low Amb)	Local/Remote Control Mode (0=Local, 1=Remote)	Units (0=Imperial, 1=SI)	Lead/Lag Control Mode (0=Manual, 1=Auto)	Sys 2 Hot Gas Bypass Valve	*Sys 1 Operational Code	*Sys 1 Fault Code	*Sys 2 Operational Code	'Sys 2 Fault Code		Sys 1 Condenser Fan Stage		Sys 2 Condenser Fan Stage		Jnit Control Mode (0=Lv Wtr, 1=Ret Wtr, 2=Dis Air, 3=SP, 4=Cool, 5=Heat	Anti-Recycle Time (Programmed)	<ul> <li>eaving Chilled Liquid Temp Cutout</li> </ul>	Low Ambient Temperature Cutout	Low Suction Pressure Cutout (Heating HP Only)	Low Suction Pressure Cutout (Cooling HP only)	High Discharge Pressure Cutout	Remote Setpoint	Cooling Range	Remote Setpnt 2 (SP Control), Remote Heatng Setpnt (HP and YCWL HPO	Cool Range Setpoint 2 (SP Control), Heat Range (HP and YCWL HP only)	Sys 1 Discharge Temp (EEV only)	Sys 1 Discharge Superheat (EEV only)	Sys 2 Discharge Temp (EEV only)	Sys 2 Discharge Superheat (EEV only)													
Address P	0, 01				BD 16 Le					BD 21			BD 24	ADI 1 *8	ADI 2 *8		ADI 4 *5	ADI 5	ADI 6	ADI 7	ADI 8	ADI 9	ADI 10 U	ADF 30 A	ADF 31 L	_		ADF 34 Lo		ADF 36 R			ADF 39 C					BD 25	BD 26	BD 27	BD 28	BD 29								
Character	Position	116	117	118	119	120	121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138 - 141	142 - 145	146 - 149	150 - 153	154 - 157	158 - 161	162 - 165	166 - 169	170 - 173	174 - 177	178 - 181	182 - 185	186 - 189	190 - 193	194	195	196	197	198								
LON SNVT Tvpe	SNVT switch (95)	SNVT switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNVT_count_f (51)	SNV I_switch (95)	SNV1_switch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)	SNV I_swtch (95)	SNVT_switch (95)								•
LON Profile	nvoYTS01n043	nvoYTS01p044	nvoYTS01p045	nvoYTS01p046	nvoYTS01p047	nvoYTS01p048	nvoYTS01p049	nvoYTS01p050	nvoYTS01p051	nvoYTS01p052	nvoYTS01p053	nvoYTS01p054	nvoYTS01p055	nvoYTS01p056	nvoYTS01p057	nvoYTS01p058	nvoYTS01p059	nvoYTS01p060	nvoYTS01p061	nvoYTS01p062	nvoYTS01p063	nvoYTS01p064	nvoYTS01p065	nvoYTS01p066	nvoYTS01p067	nvoYTS01p068	nvoYTS01p069	nvoYTS01p070	nvoYTS01p071	nvoYTS01p072	nvoYTS01p073	nvoYTS01p074	nvoYTS01p075	nvoYTS01p076	nvoYTS01p077	nvoYTS01p078	nvoYTS01p079	nvoY1501p080	nvoYTS01p081	nvoYTS01p082	nvoY1S01p083	nvoYTS01p084								
Point	Type	D. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor	Code Monitor	Code Monitor	Code Monitor	Code Monitor	Code Monitor	Code Monitor	Code Monitor	Code Monitor	Code Monitor	Code Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	A. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor	D. Monitor								
PAGE	REF	P41	P43	P44	P45	P46	P47	P48	P49	P50	P51	P52	P53	P54	P55	P56	P57	P58	P59	P60	P61	P62	P63	P64	P65	P66	P67	P68	69A	P70	P71	P72	P73	P74	P75	P76	P77	P78	P79	P80	P81	P82								
PAGE	REF D43	P43	P45	P46	P47	P48	P49	P50	P51	P52	P53	P54	P55	P56	P57	P58	P59	P60	P61	P62	P63	P64	P65	99d	P67	P68	69d	P70	P71	P72	P73	P74	P75	P76	P77	P78	P79	P80	P84	P82	P83	P84								

TABLE 18 - E-LINK COMMUNICATIONS DATA MAP (CONT'D)

											VIII	VIC			/A 																																
																																														+	
																																															_
																																														_	_
Fault Code	C FAULT.CODE	No Fault Code	No Fault Code	l ow Ambient Temperature	High Ambient Temperature	Low Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature	High Discharge Pressure	High Differential Oil Pressure	Low Suction Pressure	High Motor Current	LLSV Not On	Low Battery Warning	High Oil Temperature	High Discharge Temperature	Improper Phase Rotation	Low Motor Current / IMP / HPCO	I wold Cullent Inpollabalanced	Computed Fault	May / IDOO Fault	IMP / HPCO Fault	Low Evapolated Telliperature Incorrect Definernat Programmed	Down Ealling Manual Deed Decimed	Hait Motor Current		Sepsor Fault	Discharge Inhihit	MP/HPCO Inhibit	Pump Trip	Pump Fail Make Flow	High Ambient Temperature																	
ASCII	P55	8	> =	- ~	၊ က	4	2	9	7	8	6	10	1	12	13	4 4	0 4	0 1	- 0	Σ 0	200	2 6	22	22	27	25	26	27	28	29																	
ENG	P57		- C	- 6	n 6	4	2	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	10	17	100	9 0	20	21	22	22	27	56	26	27	28	29																	Ī
Operational Code	C OPER.CODE	No Abpormal Condition	The Administration	System Switch Off	Lock-Out	Unit Fault	System Fault	Remote Shutdown	Daily Schedule Shutdown	No Run Permissive	No Cool Load	Anti-Coincidence Timer Active	Anti-Recycle Timer Active	Manual Override	Suction Limiting	Ulscharge Limiting	Carrent Emming	Commission(s) Bunning	Compressor(s) Rumming	Heat Pump Load Limiting ( HP Only)													* Note	200	Shaded Codes may not be available on all	models. Please check the Fault and	Operational codes against the codes	- published in vour operators manual or confirm	Code is available through the display of your	unit If the Code appears in the display vou	will moious that walls through the DAS	wii recieve iilat value iiii ougii iile bAo.					
ASCII	_	+	> +	- ~	n (۳	4	2	9	7	8	6	10	1	15	13	4- 4	<u>.</u>	2,10	- 5	0																										$\downarrow$	_
ENG	P56	0	> +	6	9	4	2	9	7	8	6	10	-	12	13	4 7	0 4	9 7	- 0	Ω																											

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

## **SECTION 8 – UNIT OPERATION**

#### **UNIT OPERATING SEQUENCE**

The operating sequence described below relates to operation on a hot water start after power has been applied, such as start-up commissioning. When a compressor starts, internal timers limit the minimum time before another compressor can start to 1 minute.

- 1. For the chiller system to run, the Flow Switch must be closed, any remote cycling contacts must be closed, the Daily Schedule must not be scheduling the chiller OFF, and temperature demand must be present.
- 2. When power is applied to the system, the microprocessor will start a 2 minute timer. This is the same timer that prevents an instantaneous start after a power failure.
- 3. At the end of the 2 minute timer, the microprocessor will check for cooling demand. If all conditions allow for start, a compressor on the lead system will start and the liquid line solenoid will open. Coincident with the start, the anti-coincident timer will be set and begin counting downward from "60" seconds to "0" seconds.
  - If the unit is programmed for Auto Lead/Lag, the system with the shortest average run-time of the compressors will be assigned as the "lead" system. A new lead/lag assignment is made whenever all systems shut down.
- 4. Several seconds after the compressor starts, that systems first condenser fan will be cycled ON (outdoor air temperature more than 25 °F (-4 °C) or discharge pressure). See *Standard Condenser Fan Control on page 168* for details concerning condenser fan cycling.
- 5. After 1 minute of compressor run time, the next compressor in sequence will start when a system has to load. Additional compressors will be started at 60 second intervals as needed to satisfy temperature setpoint.
- 6. If demand requires, the lag system will cycle ON with the same timing sequences as the lead system after the lead system has run for five minutes. Refer to the section on Capacity Control for a detailed explanation of system and compressor staging.

- 7. As the load decreases below setpoint, the compressors will be shut down in sequence. This will occur at intervals of either 60, 30, or 20 seconds based on water temperature as compared to setpoint, and control mode. See *Leaving Chilled Liquid Control on page 164* for a detailed explanation.
- 8. When the last compressor in a "system" (two or three compressors per system), is to be cycled OFF, the system will initiate a pump-down. Each "system" has a pump-down feature upon shut-off. On a non-safety, non-unit switch shutdown, the LLSV will be turned OFF and the last compressor will be allowed to run until the suction pressure falls below the suction pressure cutout or for 180 seconds, whichever comes first.

#### **CAPACITY CONTROL**

To initiate the start sequence of the chiller, all run permissive inputs must be satisfied (flow/remote start/stop switch), and no chiller or system faults exist.

The first phase of the start sequence is initiated by the Daily Schedule Start or any Remote Cycling Device. If the unit is shut down on the daily schedule, the chilled water pump contacts (Terminals 23 and 24 of XTBC2) will close to start the pump when the daily schedule start time has been reached. Once flow has been established and the flow switch closes, capacity control functions are initiated, if the remote cycling contacts wired in series with the flow switch are closed.

It should be noted that the chilled water pump contacts (Terminals 23 and 24 of XTBC2) are not required to be used to cycle the chilled water pump. However, in all cases the flow switch must be closed to allow unit operation.

The control system will evaluate the need for cooling by comparing the actual leaving or return chilled liquid temperature to the desired setpoint, and regulate the leaving or return chilled liquid temperature to meet that desired setpoint.

FORM QTC3-NM1 (916) ISSUE DATE 9/30/2016

#### SUCTION PRESSURE LIMIT CONTROLS

The anticipatory controls are intended to prevent the unit from ever actually reaching a low-pressure cutout. Loading is prevented, if the suction pressure drops below 1.15 x suction pressure cutout (15% below the cutout). Loading may reoccur after suction pressure rises above the unload point and a period of one minute elapses. This control is only operable if the optional suction pressure transducers are installed.

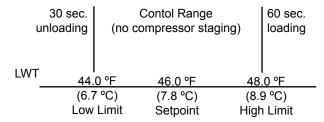
#### DISCHARGE PRESSURE LIMIT CONTROLS

The discharge pressure limit controls unload a system before it reaches a safety limit due to high load or dirty condenser coils. The microprocessor monitors discharge pressure and unloads a system, if fully loaded, by one compressor when discharge pressure exceeds the programmed cutout minus 10 PSIG (0.69 barg). Reloading will occur when the discharge pressure on the affected system drops to 85% of the unload pressure and 10 minutes have elapsed.

This control is only applicable if optional discharge pressure transducers are installed.

#### **LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID CONTROL**

The setpoint, when programmed for Leaving Chilled Liquid Control, is the temperature the unit will control to within plus or minus the (control) cooling range. The Setpoint High Limit is the Setpoint plus the Cooling Range. The Setpoint Low Limit is the Setpoint minus the Cooling Range. Figure 36 below should be used to aid in understanding the following description of Leaving Chilled Liquid Control.



Leaving Water Temp. Control - Compressor Staging Setpoint = 46.0 °F (7.8 °C) Range = +/-2 °F (1.1 °C)

FIGURE 36 - LEAVING WATER TEMPERATURE CONTROL EXAMPLE

If the leaving chilled liquid temperature is above the Setpoint High Limit, the lead compressor on the lead system will be energized along with the liquid line solenoid. Upon energizing any compressor, the 60 second Anti-Coincidence timer will be initiated to prevent multiple compressors from turning ON.

If after 60 seconds of run-time the leaving chilled liquid temperature is still above the Setpoint High Limit, the next compressor in sequence will be energized. Additional compressors will be energized at a rate of once every 60 seconds if the chilled liquid temperature remains above the Setpoint High Limit and the chilled liquid temperature is dropping less than 3 °F/min. The lag system will not be allowed to start a compressor until the lead system has run for 5 minutes.

If the chilled liquid temperature falls below the Setpoint High Limit but is greater than the Setpoint Low Limit, loading and unloading do not occur. This area of control is called the control range.

If the chilled liquid temperature drops to between Setpoint Low Limit and 0.5 °F (0.28 °C) below the Setpoint Low Limit, unloading (a compressor turns OFF) occurs at a rate of 1 every 30 seconds. If the chilled liquid temperature falls to a value greater than 0.5 °F (0.28 °C) below the Setpoint Low Limit but not greater than 1.5 °F (0.83 °C) below the Setpoint Low Limit, unloading occurs at a rate of 20 seconds. If the chilled liquid temperature falls to a value greater than 1.5 °F (0.83 °C) below the Setpoint Low Limit, unloading occurs at a rate of 10 seconds. If the chilled liquid temperature falls below 1 °F above the low chilled liquid temperature cutout, unloading occurs at a rate of 10 seconds if it is greater than 10 seconds.

In water cooling mode on R-410A chillers, the minimum low limit of the control range will be 40.0°F. For leaving chilled liquid temperature setpoint and control range combinations that result in the low limit of the control range being below 40.0°F, the low limit will be reset to 40.0°F and the difference will be added to the high limit. This will result in a control range the same size as programmed but not allow the unit to run below 40.0°F. This control will not affect glycol chillers.

Hot gas, if present, will be the final step of capacity. Hot gas is energized when only a single compressor is running and LWT is less than SP. Hot gas is turned OFF as temperature rises when LWT is more than SP plus CR/2. If temperature remains below the setpoint low limit on the lowest step of capacity, the microprocessor will close the liquid line solenoid, after turning off hot gas, and pump the system down before turning off the last compressor in a system.

The leaving chilled liquid setpoint is programmable from 40 °F to 70 °F (4.4 °C to 21.1 °C) in water chilling mode and from 10 °F to 70 °F (-12.2 °C to 21.1 °C) in glycol chilling mode. In both modes, the cooling range can be from plus or minus1.5 °F to plus or minus2.5 °F (plus or minus.83 °C to 1.39 °C).leaving chilled liquid control.

TABLE 19 - SAMPLE COMPRESSOR STAGING FOR RETURN WATER CONTROL

	COMPRESSOR STAGING FOR RETURN WATER CONTROL											
	4 COMPRESSOR											
	COOLING SETPOINT = 45 °F (7.2 °C) RANGE = 10 °F (5.6 °C)											
# OF COMP ON	0	* 1+HG	1	2	3	4						
RWT	45 °F	46.25 °F	47.5 °F	50.0 °F	52.5 °F	55.0 °F						
IXVVI	(7.2 °C)	(7.9 °C)	(8.6 °C)	(10.0 °C)	(11.4 °C)	(12.8 °C)						

<sup>\*</sup>Unloading only

## LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID CONTROL OVERRIDE TO REDUCE CYCLING

To avoid compressor cycling the microprocessor will adjust the setpoint upward temporarily. The last run time of the system will be saved. If the last run time was greater than 5 minutes, no action is to be taken. If the last run time for the lead system was less than 5 minutes, the microprocessor will increase the setpoint high limit according to the chart at right, with a maximum value allowed of 50 °F (see *Figure 37 on page 165*).

If adding the setpoint adjust value to the setpoint high limit causes the setpoint high limit to be greater than 50 °F, the setpoint high limit will be set to 50 °F, and the difference will be added to the setpoint low limit.

Once a system runs for greater than 5 minutes, the setpoint adjust will be set back to 0. This will occur while the system is still running.

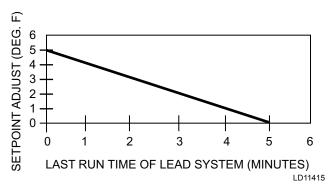


FIGURE 37 - SETPOINT ADJUST

TABLE 20 - RETURN CHILLED LIQUID CONTROL FOR 4 COMPRESSORS (6 STEPS)

*STEP	COMPRESSOR	COMPRESSOR ON POINT	COMPRESSOR OFF POINT
0	0	SETPOINT	SETPOINT
1	1 W/HGB	SP + CR/8 (Note 1)	SETPOINT
2	1 NO HGB	SP + CR/4	SP + CR/8
3	2	SP + 2*CR/4 (Note 2)	SP + CR/4
4	2	SP + 2*CR/4	SP + CR/4 (Note 3)
5	3	SP + 3*CR/4	SP + 2*CR/4
6	4	SP + CR	SP + 3*CR/4

#### NOTES

- 1. Step 1 is Hot Gas Bypass and is skipped when loading occurs. Hot Gas Bypass operation is inhibited during Pumpdown.
- 2. Step 3 is skipped when loading occurs.
- 3. Step 4 is skipped when unloading occurs.

165

<sup>\*</sup> STEP can be viewed using the OPER DATA key and scrolling to COOLING DEMAND.

## LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID SYSTEM LEAD/ LAG AND COMPRESSOR SEQUENCING

A Lead/Lag option may be selected to help equalize average run hours between systems with 2 refrigerant systems. This may be programmed under the OPTIONS key. Auto Lead/Lag allows automatic Lead/Lag of the two systems based on average run hours of the compressors in each system. Manual Lead/Lag selects specifically the sequence which the microprocessor starts systems.

On a hot water start, once a system starts, it will turn ON all compressors before the next system starts a compressor. The microprocessor will sequence compressors within each circuit to maximize individual compressor run time on individual compressors within a system to prevent short cycling.

Each compressor in a system will be assigned an arbitrary priority number 1, 2, or 1, 2, 3. The non-running compressor within a system with the lowest priority number will always be the next compressor to start. The running compressor with priority number 1 will always be the next to shut OFF. Whenever a compressor is shut OFF, the priority numbers of all compressors will be decreased by 1 with wrap-around. This control scheme assures the same compressor does not repeatedly cycle ON and OFF.

Once the second system starts a compressor on a 2 system chillers, the microprocessor will attempt to equally load each system as long as the system is not limiting or pumping down. Once this occurs, loading and unloading will alternate between systems, loading the lead system first or unloading the lag system first.

#### RETURN CHILLED LIQUID CONTROL

## (Can be used on Dual System 4, 5 and 6 Comp Units Only)

Return chilled liquid control is based on staging the compressors to match the cooling load. The chiller will be fully loaded when the return water temperature is equal to the Cooling Setpoint plus the Range. The chiller will be totally unloaded (all compressors OFF) when the return water temperature is equal to the Cooling Setpoint (See sample in *Table 19 on page 165*). At return water temperatures between the Cooling Setpoint and Cooling Setpoint plus Range, compressor loading and unloading will be determined by the formulas in *Table 20 on page 165*.



Return Chilled Liquid Control MUST only be used when constant chilled liquid flow is ensured.

The range MUST always be programmed to equal the temperature drop across the evaporator when the chiller is "fully loaded". Otherwise, chilled liquid temperature will over or under shoot. Variable flow must never be used in return chilled liquid mode.

Normal loading will occur at intervals of 60 seconds according to the temperatures determined by the formulas. Unloading will occur at a rate of 30 seconds according to the temperatures determined in the formulas used to calculate the ON and OFF points for each step of capacity.

The return chilled liquid setpoint is programmable from 40 °F to 70 °F (4.4 °C to 21.1 °C) in water chilling mode and from 10 °F to 70 °F (-12.2 °C to 21.1 °C) in glycol chilling mode. In both modes, the cooling range can be from 4 °F to 20 °F (2.2° to 11.1 °C).

TABLE 21 - LEAD/LAG RETURN CHILLED LIQUID CONTROL FOR 4 COMPRESSORS (6 STEPS)

		LEAD SYSTEM				LAG SYSTEM	
STEP	COMP 1	COMP 2	-		COMP 1	COMP 2	-
0	OFF	OFF	-		OFF	OFF	-
1	ON + HG	OFF	-	SEE NOTE 1	OFF	OFF	-
2	ON	OFF	-		OFF	OFF	-
3	ON	OFF	-	SEE NOTE 2	ON	OFF	-
4	ON	ON	-	SEE NOTE 3	OFF	OFF	-
5	ON	ON	-		ON	OFF	-
6	ON	ON	-		ON	ON	-

**NOTES** 1. Step is Hot Gas Bypass and is skipped when loading occurs. Hot Gas Bypass operation is inhibited during pumpdown. For Leaving Chilled Liquid Control the Hot Gas Bypass solenoid is energized only when the lead compressor is running and the LWT < SP, the Hot Gas Bypass solenoid is turned off when the LWT more than SP + CR/2.

<sup>2.</sup> Step 3 is skipped when loading occurs.

<sup>3.</sup> Step 4 is skipped when unloading occurs.

As an example of compressor staging (refer to *Table 20 on page 165*), a chiller with six compressors using a Cooling Setpoint programmed for 45 °F (7.20 °C) and a Range Setpoint of 10 °F (5.56 °C). Using the formulas in *Table 20 on page 165*, the control range will be split up into six (seven including hot gas) segments, with the Control Range determining the separation between segments. Note also that the Cooling Setpoint is the point at which all compressors are OFF, and Cooling Setpoint plus Range is the point all compressors are ON. Specifically, if the return water temperature is 55 °F (12.8 °C), then all compressors will be ON, providing full capacity. At nominal gpm, this would provide approximately 45 °F (7.2 °C) leaving water temperature out of the evaporator.

If the return water temperature drops to 53.4 °F (11.9 °C), one compressor would cycle OFF leaving five compressors running. The compressors would continue to cycle OFF approximately every 1.7 °F (.94 °C), with the exception of hot gas bypass. Notice that the hot gas bypass would cycle ON when the return water temperature dropped to 46.25 °F (7.9 °C). At this point one compressor would be running with hot gas.

Should the return water temperature rise from this point to  $46.7 \, ^{\circ}\text{F}$  ( $8.2 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ ), the hot gas bypass would shut OFF, still leaving one compressor running. As the load increased, the compressors would stage ON every  $1.7 \, ^{\circ}\text{F}$  (.94  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ).

Also note that *Table 20 on page 165* not only provides the formulas for the loading (ON POINT) and unloading (OFF POINT) of the system, the "STEP" is also shown in the table. The "STEP" is the increment in the sequence of the capacity control scheme that can be viewed under the OPER DATA key. Refer to *Display/Print Keys on page 129* for specific information on the OPER DATA key.

## RETURN CHILLED LIQUID SYSTEM LEAD/ LAG AND COMPRESSOR SEQUENCING

A Lead/Lag option may be selected to help equalize average run hours between systems with 2 refrigerant systems. This may be programmed under the OPTIONS key. Auto Lead/Lag of the 2 systems based on average run hours of the compressors in each system. Manual Lead/Lag selects specifically the sequence which the microprocessor starts the systems.

The microprocessor will sequence compressors load and unload systems according to *Table 21 on page 166*. The microprocessor will lead/lag compressors within each circuit to maximize individual compres-

sor run time for the purpose of lubrication. It will also prevent the same compressor from starting 2 times in a row. The microprocessor will not attempt to equalize run time on individual compressors within a system.

Each compressor in a system will be assigned an arbitrary number 1, or 2. The non-running compressor within a system with the lowest priority number will always be the next compressor to start. The running compressor with priority number 1 will always be the next compressor to shut OFF. Whenever a compressor is shut OFF, the priority numbers of all compressors in each system will be decreased by 1 with the wrap around. This control scheme assures the same compressor does not repeatedly cycle ON and OFF.

#### **ANTI-RECYCLE TIMER**

The programmable anti-recycle timer assures that systems do not cycle. This timer is programmable under the PROGRAM key between 300 and 600 seconds. Whenever possible, to reduce cycling and motor heating, the anti-recycle timer should be adjusted to 600 seconds. The programmable anti-recycle timer starts the timer when the first compressor in a system starts. The timer begins to count down. If all of the compressors in a circuit cycle OFF, a compressor within the circuit will not be permitted to start until the anti-recycle timer has timed out. If the lead system has run for less than 5 minutes, 3 times in a row, the anti-recycle timer will be extended to 10 minutes.

#### **ANTI-COINCIDENCE TIMER**

This timer is not present on single-system units. Two timing controls are present in software to assure compressors within a circuit or between systems, do not start simultaneously. The anti-coincidence timer assures there is at least a one minute delay between system starts on 2-circuit systems. This timer is NOT programmable. The load timers further assure that there is a minimum time between compressor starts within a system.

## EVAPORATOR PUMP CONTROL AND HYDRO KIT PUMP CONTROL

The evaporator pump dry contacts (XTBC2 – Terminals 23 and 24) are energized when any of the following conditions are true:

- 1. Low Leaving Chilled Liquid Fault
- 2. Any compressor is running
- 3. Daily Schedule is ON, Unit Switch is ON and Remote Stop is closed

The pump will not run if the microprocessor panel has been powered up for less than 30 seconds or if the pump has run in the last 30 seconds to prevent pump motor overheating.

Whenever the option "HYDRO KIT PUMPS = 1" is selected under the OPTIONS key, the pump control will be as described above. DO NOT SELECT the option "HYDRO KIT PUMPS = 2" under the OPTIONS key. If a dual pump option is installed, the active pump is selected by the selector switch.

#### **EVAPORATOR HEATER CONTROL**

The evaporator heater is controlled by ambient air temperature. When the ambient temperature drops below 40 °F (4.4 °C) the heater is turned ON. When the temperature rises above 45 °F (7.2 °C) the heater is turned OFF. An under voltage condition will keep the heater OFF until full voltage is restored to the system.

#### PUMPDOWN CONTROL

Each system has a pump-down feature upon shut-off. Manual pumpdown from the keypad is not possible. On a non-safety, non-unit switch shutdown, all compressors but one in the system will be shut OFF. The LLSV will also be turned OFF. The final compressor will be allowed to run until the suction pressure falls below the cutout, or for 180 seconds, whichever comes first.

#### STANDARD CONDENSER FAN CONTROL

Condenser fan operation must be programmed with the OPTIONS key under "Fan Control." Condenser fan must be selected for Discharge Pressure only. Fan control by discharge pressure will work according to the tables on the following pages (see *Table 22 on page 169* and *Table 23 on page 170*). The fan control on pressure and fan differential off-pressure are programmable under the PROGRAM key. Standard fan control operates down to a temperature of 25° F.

The delay between turning ON and OFF fan stages is always fixed at 5 seconds.

When a fan stage is turned ON by pressure, the on pressure for the next stage is increased 20 PSIG and ramped back to the programmed on pressure over the next 20 seconds. Typically, standard ambient control on pressure should be programmed at 385 PSIG with a differential of 125 PSIG.

When a fan stage is turned OFF (programmed on pressure minus programmed differential), the off pressure for the next stage is decreased 20 PSIG and ramped back to the programmed off pressure minus the differential over the next 20 seconds.

Condenser fan locations are shown in *Figure 38 on page 168*. Detailed Standard Fan Control operation is shown in *Table 22 on page 169* and *Table 23 on page 170*.

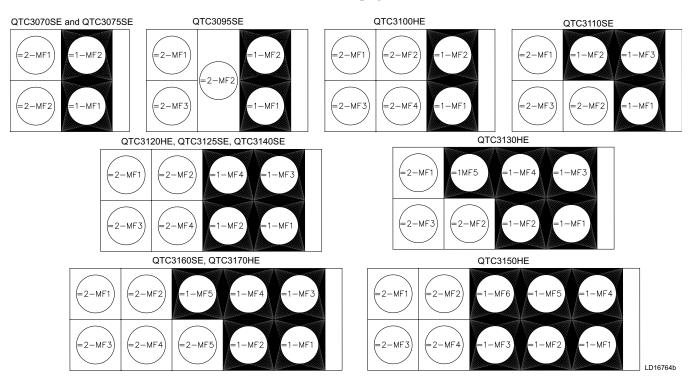


FIGURE 38 - CONDENSER FAN LOCATIONS

**TABLE 22 -** QTC3 STANDARD CONDENSER FAN CONTROL USING DISCHARGE PRESSURE ONLY (2, 3, OR 4 FANS PER SYSTEM)

FAN STAGE	ON*	OFF**	IPUII I/O	ОИТРИТ		AN ACTOR	FAI	N #
STAGE			SYS 1	SYS 2	SYS 1	SYS 2	SYS 1	SYS 2
1	DP > PROGRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE	DP < PROGRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE MINUS PROGRAMMED DIF- FERENTIAL PRES- SURE	7B7-8	TB10-8	1-KF1	2-KF1	1-MF1	2-MF2
2	DP > PROGRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE AND FAN STAGE 1 IS ENER- GIZED	DP < PROGRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE MINUS PROGRAMMED DIF- FERENTIAL PRES- SURE AND FAN STAGE 1 IS ENER- GIZED	TB7-8 and TB7-9	TB10-8 and TB10-9	1-KF1 and 1-KF2	2-KF1 and 2-KF2	1-MF1 and 1-MF2	2-MF1 and 2-MF2
3	DP > PROGRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE AND FAN STAGES 1 AND 2 ARE ENERGIZED	DP < PROGRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE MINUS PROGRAMMED DIF- FERENTIAL PRES- SURE AND FAN STAGES 1 AND 2 ARE ENERGIZED	TB7-8 and TB7-9 and TB7-10	TB10- 8 and TB10-9 and TB10-10	1-KF1 and 1-KF2 and 1-KF3	2-KF1 and 2-KF2 and 2-KF3	3 FAN: 1-MF1 and 1-MF2 and 1-MF3 4 FAN: 1-MF1 and 1-MF2 and 1-MF3 and 1-MF4	3 FAN: 2-MF1 and 2-MF2 and 2-MF3 4 FAN: 2-MF1 and 2-MF2 and 2-MF3 and 2-MF4

<sup>\*</sup> When a fan stage is turned on, the pressure for the next stage is increased 20 PSIG and ramped back to the programmed on pressure over the next 20 seconds.

<sup>\*\*</sup> When a fan stage is turned off (Programmed ON pressure minus the differential), the OFF pressure for the next stage is decreased 20 PSIG and ramped back to the programmed OFF pressure minus the differential.



The time delay (fan delay timer) between turning fan stages on and off is fixed at 5 seconds.

169

FORM QTC3-NM1 (916) ISSUE DATE 9/30/2016

**TABLE 23 -** QTC3 STANDARD CONDENSER FAN CONTROL USING DISCHARGE PRESSURE ONLY (5 OR 6 FANS PER SYSTEM)

FAN	ON*	OFF**	IPUII I/O	OUTPUT	FAN CON	ITACTOR	FAN#		
STAGE	ON"	OFF	SYS 1	SYS 2	SYS 1	SYS 2	SYS 1	SYS 2	
1	DP > PRO- GRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE	DP < PRO- GRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE MINUS PRO- GRAMMED DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE	TB7-8	TB10-8	1-KF1	2-KF1	1-MF1	2-MF1	
2	DP > PRO- GRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE AND FAN STAGE 1 IS ENERGIZED	DP < PRO- GRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE MINUS PRO- GRAMMED DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND FAN STAGE 1 IS ENERGIZED	TB7-8 and TB7-9	TB10-8 and TB10-9	1-KF1 and 1-KF2	2-KF1 and 2-KF2	1-MF1 and 1-MF2 and 1-MF3	2-MF1 and 2-MF2 and 2-MF3	
3	DP > PRO- GRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE AND FAN STAGES 1 AND 2 ARE EN- ERGIZED	DP < PRO- GRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE MINUS PRO- GRAMMED DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND FAN STAGES 1 AND 2 ARE ENER- GIZED	TB7-8 and TB7-9 and TB7-10	TB10-8 and TB10-9 and TB10-10	1-KF1 and 1-KF2 and 1-KF3	2-KF1 and 2-KF2 and 2-KF3	5 FAN: 1-MF1 and 1-MF2 and 1-MF3 and 1-MF4 and 1-MF5 6 FAN: 1-MF1 and 1-MF2 and 1-MF3 and 1-MF4 and 1-MF4 and	5 FAN: 1-MF1 and 1-MF2 and 1-MF3 and 1-MF5 6 FAN: 1-MF1 and 1-MF2 and 1-MF3 and 1-MF4 and 1-MF5 and 1-MF4 and	

<sup>\*</sup> When a fan stage is turned on, the pressure for the next stage is increased 20 PSIG and ramped back to the programmed on pressure over the next 20 seconds.

<sup>\*\*</sup> When a fan stage is turned off (Programmed ON pressure minus the differential), the OFF pressure for the next stage is decreased 20 PSIG and ramped back to the programmed OFF pressure minus the differential.



The time delay (fan delay timer) between turning fan stages on and off is fixed at 5 seconds.

#### **LOAD LIMITING**

Load Limiting is a feature that prevents the unit from loading beyond the desired value. 2 and 4 compressor units can be load limited to 50%. This would allow only 1 compressor per system to run. 3 and 6 compressor units can be load limited to 33% or 66%. The 66% limit would allow up to 2 compressors per system to run, and the 33% limit would allow only 1 compressor per system to run. Five-compressor units may be load limited to 40% (1 compressor per system runs) or 80% (up to 2 compressors per system) are permitted to run. No other values of limiting are available.

There are two ways to load limit the unit. The first is through remote communication via an ISN. Load limit stages are sent through YT on pages 9 and 10 of feature 54. Page 9 is stage 1 load limit and page 10 is stage 2 load limit.

A second stage of load limiting the unit is accomplished by closing contacts connected to the Load Limit (XTBC1 – terminals 13-21) and PWM inputs (XTBC1 – terminals 13-20). Stage 1 of load limiting involves closing the Load Limit input. Stage 2 of load limiting involves closing both the Load Limit and PWM inputs. The first stage of limiting is either 80%, 66% or 50%, depending on the number of compressors on the unit. The second stage of limiting is either 40% or 33% and is only available on 3, 5 and 6 compressor units. *Table 24 on page 171* shows the load limiting permitted for the various numbers of compressors.

**TABLE 24 -** COMPRESSOR OPERATION LOAD LIMITING

COMPRESSORS IN UNIT	STAGE 1	STAGE 2
2	50%	-
3	66%	33%
4	50%	-
5	80%	40%
6	66%	33%



Simultaneous operation of Remote Load Limiting and EMS-PWM Temperature Reset (described on following pages) cannot occur.

#### **COMPRESSOR RUN STATUS**

Compressor run status is indicated by closure of contacts at XTBC2 – Terminals 25 to 26 for system 1 and XTBC2 – Terminals 27 to 28 for system 2.

#### **ALARM STATUS**

System or unit shutdown is indicated by normally-open alarm contacts opening whenever the unit shuts down on a unit fault, locks out on a system fault, or experiences a loss of power to the chiller electronics . System 1 alarm contacts are located at XTBC2 – Terminals 29 to 30. System 2 alarm contacts are located at XTBC2 – Terminals 31 to 32. The alarm contacts will close when conditions allow the unit to operate, or the fault is reset during a loss of power, the contacts will remain open until power is reapplied and no fault conditions exist.

## REMOTE BAS/EMS TEMPERATURE RESET USING A VOLTAGE OR CURRENT SIGNAL

The Remote Reset Option allows the Control Center of the unit to reset the chilled liquid setpoint using a 0 to 10VDC input, or a 4 to 20mA input connected to XTBC1 Terminals A- and A+. Whenever a reset is called for, the change may be noted by pressing the COOLING SETPOINTS key twice. The new value will be displayed as "REM SETP = XXX °F."

If a 0 to 10VDC signal is supplied, it is applied to Terminals A+ and A-, and jumper JP1 on the I/O board must be inserted between pins 2 and 3. To calculate the reset chilled liquid setpoint for values between 0VDC and 10VDC use the following formula:

#### Example:

Local Chilled Liquid Setpoint = 45 °F (7.22 °C)

\*Max Reset Value = 20 °F (11.11 °C)

Input Signal = 6VDC

(English)

$$^{\circ}$$
Reset =  $\frac{6\text{VDC x 20 }^{\circ}\text{F}}{10}$  = 12  $^{\circ}$ F Reset

New Setpoint = 45 °F + 12 °F = 57 °F (Metric)

 $^{\circ}$ Reset =  $\frac{6\text{VDC x 11. 11 }^{\circ}\text{C}}{10}$  = 6.67  $^{\circ}$ C Reset

New Setpoint = 7.22 °C + 6.67 °C = 13.89 °C

If a 4 to 20mA signal is supplied, it is applied to Terminals A+ and A- and jumper JP1 on the I/O board must be installed between pin 1 and 2. To calculate the chilled liquid setpoint for values between 4mA and 20 mA use the following formula:

Setpoint = Local Chilled Liquid Setpoint + °Reset

°Reset = (mA signal - 4) x (\*Max Reset Value)

16

### Example:

Local Chilled Liquid Setpoint = 45° (7.22 °C)

\*Max Reset Value = 10 °F (5.56 °C)

Input Signal = 12 mA

(English)

$$^{\circ}$$
Reset =  $\frac{8mA \times 10 ^{\circ}F}{16}$  = 5  $^{\circ}F$  Reset

Setpoint = 45 °F + 5 °F = 50 °F

(Metric)

$$^{\circ}\text{Reset} = \frac{8\text{mA} \times 5.56 \,^{\circ}\text{C}}{16} = 2.78 \,^{\circ}\text{C Reset}$$

Setpoint = 7.22 °C + 2.78 °C = 10.0 °C



A 240 to 24 Volt Ratio Transformer (T3) is used to derive nominal 12 volt output from the 120 volt supply.

<sup>\*</sup> Max Reset Value is the "Max EMS-PWM Remote Temp. Reset" setpoint value described in *Remote Setpoint Control on page 139* under "Cooling Setpoints". Programmable values are from 2 °F to 40 °F (1.11 °C to 11.11 °C).

## 9

## **SECTION 9 – SERVICE AND TROUBLESHOOTING**

#### **CLEARING HISTORY BUFFERS**

The history buffers may be cleared by pressing the HISTORY key and then repeatedly pressing the UP arrow key until you scroll past the last history buffer choice. The following message will be displayed:

INITIALIZE HISTORY ENTER = YES

Pressing the ENTER/ADV key at this display will cause the history buffers to be cleared. Pressing any other key will cancel the operation.



DO NOT CLEAR BUFFERS. Important information may be lost. Contact factory service.

#### **SERVICE MODE**

Service Mode is a mode that allows the user to enable or disable all of the outputs (except compressors) on the unit, change chiller configuration setup parameters and view all the inputs to the microboard.

To enter Service Mode, turn the Unit Switch OFF and press the following keys in the sequence shown:

- PROGRAM
- UP ARROW
- UP ARROW
- DOWN ARROW
- DOWN ARROW
- ENTER

Service Mode will time out after 30 minutes and return to normal control mode, if the panel is accidentally left in this mode. Otherwise, turning the unit switch ON will take the panel out of Service Mode.

#### **SERVICE MODE - OUTPUTS**

After pressing the key sequence as described, the control will enter Service Mode permitting the outputs (except compressors), operating hours, refrigerant type, expansion valve type, and start/hour counters to be viewed/modified. The ENTER/ADV key is used to advance through the outputs. Using the ↑ and ↓ (UP/DOWN) arrow keys will turn the respective digital output ON/OFF or modify the value.

Following is the order of outputs that will appear as the ENTER/ADV key is pressed:

SYS 1 COMP 1 STATUS TB7-2 IS: SYS 1 LLSV STATUS TB7-3 IS: SYS 1 COMP 2 STATUS TB7-4 IS: SYS 1 COMP 3 STATUS TB7-5 IS: SYS 1 HGBP STATUS TB7-7 IS: SYS 2 COMP 1 STATUS TB10-2 IS: SYS 2 LLSV STATUS TB10-3 IS: SYS 2 COMP 2 STATUS TB10-4 IS: SYS 2 COMP 3 STATUS TB10-5 IS: SYS 1 FAN OUTPUT 1 TB7-8 IS: SYS 1 FAN OUTPUT 2 TB7-9 IS: SYS 1 FAN OUTPUT 3 TB7-10 IS: SYS 2 FAN OUTPUT 1 TB10-8 IS: SYS 2 FAN OUTPUT 2 TB10-9 IS: SYS 2 FAN OUTPUT 3 TB10-10 IS: **EVAP HEATER STATUS TB8-2 IS:** SYS 1 ALARM STATUS TB8-3 IS: SYS 2 ALARM STATUS TB9-2 IS: **EVAP PUMP STATUS TB8-6,7 IS:** SYS 2 HGBV STATUS TB10-7 IS: SPARE DO TB8-4 IS: SPARE DO TB8-5 IS: SPARE DO TB8-8, 9 IS: SPARE DO TB9-4 IS: SYS 1 EEV OUTPUT TB5-1, 2 = XXX% SYS 2 EEV OUTPUT TB6-1, 2 = XXX% SYS 1 COND FAN SPEED J15-1.5 = XXX% SYS 2 COND FAN SPEED J15-2,6 = XXX% SPARE AO J15-3.7 = XXX%SPARE AO J15-4.8 = XXX%DATA LOGGING MODE 1 = ON, 0 = OFFDATA LOGGING TIMER X SECS SOFT START (disabled) REFRIGERANT TYPE (R-410A only) EXPANSION VALVE TYPE (Thermostatic Only) REMOTE TEMP RESET OPTION = REMOTE INPUT SERVICE TIME = "NORTH AMERICAN FEATURE SET ENABLED" HYDRO PUMP SELECTION EVAP PUMP TOTAL RUN HOURS SYS 1 HOURS SYS 2 HOURS SYS 1 STARTS **SYS 2 STARTS** 

Each display will also show the output connection on the microboard for the respective output status shown. For example:

## SYS 1 LLSV STATUS TB10-3 IS OFF

This display indicates that the system 1 liquid line solenoid valve is OFF, and the output connection from the microboard is coming from terminal block 10 - pin 3.

Pressing the \(\frac{1}{2}\) (UP) arrow key will energize the liquid line solenoid valve and OFF will change to ON in the display as the LLSV is energized. Energizing and denergizing outputs may be useful during troubleshooting.

#### SERVICE MODE - CHILLER CONFIGURATION

After the Outputs are displayed, the next group of displays relate to chiller configuration and start/hour counters. Data logging, soft start, refrigerant type, pump control selection and expansion valve type all must be programmed to match actual chiller configuration.



Soft start (disabled), Refrigerant Type (R-410A), and Expansion Valve Type (Thermostatic), and North American Feature (Enabled) MUST be properly programmed or damage to compressors and other system components may result

Following is a list of chiller configuration selections, in order of appearance:

DATA LOGGING MODE = : DO NOT MODIFY DATA LOGGING TIMER = : DO NOT MODIFY

SOFT START

REFRIGERANT TYPE

**EXPANSION VALVE TYPE** 

REMOTE TEMP RESET OPTION

REMOTE INPUT SERVICE TIME

FEATURE SET

PUMP CONTROL SELECTION

SYS 1 HOURS

SYS 2 HOURS

SYS 1 STARTS

SYS 2 STARTS

The last displays shown on the above list are for the accumulated run and start timers for each system. All values can also be changed using the \( \triangle (UP) \) and \( \triangle (Down) \) arrow keys, but under normal circumstances would not be required or advised. After the last start display, the microprocessor will display the first programmable value under the PROGRAM key.

## SERVICE MODE – ANALOG AND DIGITAL INPUTS

After entering Service Mode (PROGRAM  $\uparrow \uparrow \downarrow \downarrow$ ), all digital and analog inputs to the microboard can be viewed by pressing the OPER DATA key. After pressing the OPER DATA key, the  $\uparrow$  (UP) arrow and  $\downarrow$  (DOWN) arrow keys are used to scroll through the analog and digital inputs.

Following is the order of analog and digital inputs that will appear when sequenced with the  $\downarrow$  (Down) arrow key:

(analog inputs)

SYS 1 SUCT PRESSURE

**UNIT TYPE** 

SYS 1 \*DISCH PRESSURE

SYS 1\*\* SUCTION TEMP.

SYS 2\*\* SUCTION TEMP.

AMBIENT AIR TEMP.

LEAVING LIQUID TEMP.

RETURN LIQUID TEMP.

SYS 2 SUCTION PRESSURE

SYS 2 SPARE

SYS 2 \*DISCH PRESSURE

SYS 1 MTR VOLTS

SYS 2 MTR VOLTS (digital inputs)

PWM TEMP RESET INPUT

LOAD LIMIT INPUT FLOW SW / REM START

SPARE

SINGLE SYSTEM SELECT SYS 1 MP / HPCO INPUT

SYS 2 MP / HPCO INPUT

The analog inputs will display the input connection, the temperature or pressure, and corresponding input voltage such as:



This example indicates that the system 1 suction pressure input is connected to plug 7 – pin 10 (J7-10) on the I/O board. It indicates that the voltage is 2.1VDC which corresponds to 81 PSIG (5.6 bars) suction pressure.

The digital inputs will display the input connection and ON/OFF status such as:

<sup>\*</sup> The discharge pressure transducer is optional on some models.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The suction temp. sensor is on EEV units only.

## FLOW SW/REM START J13-5 IS ON

This indicates that the flow switch/remote start input is connected to plug 13- pin 5 (J13-5) on the microboard, and is ON (ON = +30VDC unregulated input, OFF = 0VDC input on digital inputs).

#### **CONTROL INPUTS/OUTPUTS**

Table 25 through Table 28 on page 175 are a quick reference list providing the connection points and a description of the inputs and outputs respectively. All input and output connections pertain to the connections at the microboard.

TABLE 25 - I/O DIGITAL INPUTS

J13-2	Unit ON/OFF Switch
J13-3	Load Limit Stage 2 on 3, 5 & 6 Comp. Units
J13-4	Load Limit Stage 1
J13-5	Flow Switch and Remote Start/Stop
J13-6	Spare
J13-7	Single System Select (Jumper = Single Sys, No Jumper = Two Sys)
J13-8	CR1 (Sys 1 Motor Protector/High Pressure Cutout)
J13-10	CR2 (Sys 2 Motor Protector/High Pressure Cutout)

## TABLE 26 - I/O DIGITAL OUTPUTS

TB7-2	SYS 1 Compressor 1
TB7-3	SYS 1 Liquid Line Solenoid Valve
TB7-4	SYS 1 Compressor 2
TB7-5	SYS 1 Compressor 3
TB7-7	SYS 1 Hot Gas Bypass Valve
TB10-2	SYS 2 Compressor 1
TB10-3	SYS 2 Liquid Line Solenoid Valve
TB10-4	SYS 2 Compressor 2
TB10-5	SYS 2 Compressor 3
TB7-8	SYS 1 Condenser Fan Output 1
TB7-9	SYS 1 Condenser Fan Output 2
TB7-10	SYS 1 Condenser Fan Output 3
TB10-8	SYS 2 Condenser Fan Output 1
TB10-9	SYS 2 Condenser Fan Output 2
TB10-10	SYS 2 Condenser Fan Output 3
TB8-2	Evaporator Heater
TB8-3	SYS 1 Alarm
TB9-2	SYS 2 Alarm
TB8-6 & 7	Evaporator Pump Starter
TB10-7	SYS 2 Hot Gas Bypass Valve

#### TABLE 27 - I/O ANALOG INPUTS

	SYS 1 Suction Transducer
J7-10	-or-
	SYS 1 Low Pressure Switch
	Unit Type: Chiller = NO Jumper J11-12 to +24
J11-12	VDC
J11-12	YCUL Condensing Unit = Jumper J11-12 to +24
	VDC (Do NOT Use)
J7-11	SYS 1 Discharge Pressure Transducer (Optional)
J6-9	Ambient Air Temp. Sensor
J6-7	Leaving Chilled Liquid Temp. Sensor
J6-8	Return Chilled Liquid Temp. Sensor
	SYS 2 Suction Pressure Transducer
J9-10	-or-
	SYS 2 Low Pressure Switch
J9-11	SYS 2 Discharge Pressure Transducer
J9-11	(Optional)
J7-12	Unit/SYS 1 Voltage
J9-12	SYS 2 Voltage
J11-11	Remote Temperature Reset
	•

#### TABLE 28 - I/O ANALOG OUTPUTS

N/A	Not Applicable

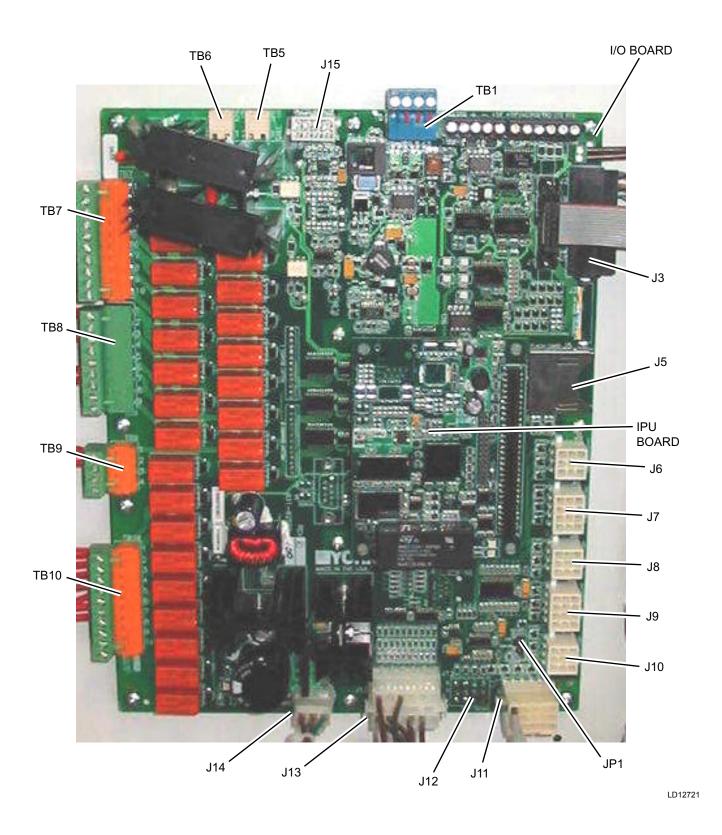


FIGURE 39 - MICROBOARD LAYOUT

#### **CHECKING INPUTS AND OUTPUTS**

### **Digital Inputs**

Refer to the unit wiring diagram. All digital inputs are connected to J13-1 of the I/O board. The term "digital" refers to two states – either ON or OFF. As an example, when the flow switch is closed, 30VDC will be applied to J13, pin 5 (J13-5) of the I/O board. If the flow switch is open, 0VDC will then be present at J13-5.

Pin 1 of J13 is an unregulated 30VDC source used to supply the DC voltage to the various user contacts, unit switch, flow switch, etc. This DC source is factory wired to XTBC1, Terminal 13. Any switch or contact used as a digital input would be connected to this terminal, with the other end connecting to its respective digital input on the microboard. Any time a switch or contact is closed, 30VDC would be applied to that particular digital input. Any time a switch or contact is open, 0VDC would be applied to that particular digital input.

Typically, voltages of 24 to 36VDC could be measured for the DC voltage on the digital inputs. This voltage is in reference to ground. The unit case should be sufficient as a reference point when measuring digital input voltages.

#### **Analog Inputs - Temperature**

Refer to the unit wiring diagram. Temperature inputs are connected to the microboard on plug J6. These analog inputs represent varying DC signals corresponding to varying temperatures. All voltages are in reference to the unit case (ground). Following are the connections for the temperature sensing inputs.

#### **Outside Air Sensor**

J6-6 = +5VDC regulated supply to sensor.

J6-9 = VDC input signal to the microboard. See *Table 29 on page 177* for voltage readings that correspond to specific outdoor temperatures.

J6-3 = drain (shield connection = 0VDC) return

**TABLE 29 -** OUTDOOR AIR SENSOR TEMPERA-TURE/VOLTAGE/CORRELATION

V017407										
TEMP °F	VOLTAGE (SIGNAL INPUT TO RETURN)	TEMP °C								
0	0.7	-18								
5	0.8	-15								
10	0.9	-12								
15	1.0	-9								
20	1.1	-7								
25	1.2	-4								
30	1.4	-1								
35	1.5	2								
40	1.7	4								
45	1.8	7								
50	2.0	10								
55	2.2	13								
60	2.3	16								
65	2.5	18								
70	2.6	21								
75	2.8	24								
80	2.9	27								
85	3.1	29								
90	3.2	32								
95	3.4	35								
100	3.5	38								
105	3.6	41								
110	3.7	43								
115	3.8	46								
120	3.9	49								
125	4.0	52								
130	4.1	54								

**TABLE 30 -** ENTERING/LEAVING CHILLED LIQ-UID TEMP. SENSOR, TEMPERATURE/ VOLTAGE CORRELATION

VOLTAGE CORRELATION				
TEMP °F	VOLTAGE (SIGNAL INPUT TO RETURN)	TEMP °C		
10	1.33	-12		
12	1.39	-11		
14	1.46	-10		
16	1.51	-9		
18	1.58	-8		
20	1.65	-7		
22	1.71	-6		
24	1.78	-4		
26	1.85	-3		
28	1.91	-2		
30	1.98	-1		
32	2.05	0		
34	2.12	1		
36	2.19	2		
38	2.26	3		
40	2.33	4		
42	2.40	6		
44	2.47	7		
46	2.53	8		
48	2.60	9		
50	2.65	10		
52	2.73	11		
54	2.80	12		
56	2.86	13		
58	2.92	14		
60	2.98	16		
62	3.05	17		
64	3.11	18		
66	3.17	19		
68	3.23	20		
70	3.29	21		
72	3.34	22		
74	3.39	23		
76	3.45	24		
78	3.5	26		
80	3.54	27		
<u> </u>				

## **Liquid and Refrigerant Sensor Test Points** (See *Table 30 on page 178*)

#### **Entering Chilled Liquid Sensor**

J6-5 = +5VDC regulated supply to sensor.

J6-8 = VDC input signal to the I/O board. See *Table* 30 on page 178 for voltage readings that correspond to specific liquid temperatures.

J6-2 = drain (shield connection = 0VDC) Return

#### **Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Sensor**

J6-4 = +5VDC regulated supply to sensor.

J6-7 = VDC input signal to the microboard. See *Table* 30 on page 178 for voltage readings that correspond to specific liquid temperatures.

J6-1 = drain (shield connection = 0VDC) return

#### Analog Inputs - Pressure

Refer to the unit wiring diagram. Pressure inputs are connected to the microboard on plugs J7 and J9. These analog inputs represent varying DC signals corresponding to varying pressures. All voltages are in reference to the unit case (ground).

System 1 discharge and suction pressures will be connected to J7 of the microboard. System 2 discharge and suction pressure transducers will be connected to J9 of the microboard.

The discharge transducers are optional on all units. If the discharge transducers are not installed, no connections are made to the microboard and the discharge pressure readout on the display would be zero.

The suction pressure transducers are standard on all QTC3's. The suction pressure transducers have a range of 0 to 400 PSIG. The output will be linear from 0.5VDC to 4.5VDC over the 400 PSIG (27.5 barg) range.

The discharge transducers have a range from 0 to 650 PSIG. The output will be linear from 0.5VDC to 4.5VDC over the 600 PSIG (41.25 barg) range. Following is the formula that can be used to verify the voltage output of the transducer. All voltage reading are in reference to ground (unit case).

**TABLE 31 - PRESSURE TRANSDUCERS** 

0-400 PSIG SUCTION PRESSURE TRANSDUCER		0-600 PSIG DISCHARGE PRESSURE TRANSDUCER	
PRESSURE PSIG	VOLTAGE VDC	PRESSURE PSIG	VOLTAGE VDC
0	0.5	0	0.5
50	1.0	75	1.0
100	1.5	150	1.5
150	2.0	225	2.0
200	2.5	300	2.5
250	3.0	375	3.0
300	3.5	450	3.5
350	4.0	525	4.0
400	4.5	600	4.5

RED WIRE = 5V, BLACK WIRE = 0V, WHITE/GREEN WIRE = SIGNAL

#### **TEST POINTS:**

V = (Pressure in BARG x .145) + .5

where V = DC voltage output

Pressure = pressure sensed by transducer

The I/O board connections for the Discharge Transducers are as follows.

#### System 1 Discharge Transducer

J7-6 = +5VDC regulated supply to transducer.

J7-11 = VDC input signal to the microboard. See the formula above for voltage readings that correspond to specific discharge pressures.

J7-7 = +5VDC return

J7-2 = drain (shield connection = 0VDC)

#### System 2 Discharge Transducer

J9-6 = +5VDC regulated supply to transducer.

J9-11 = VDC input signal to the microboard. See the formula above for voltage readings that correspond to specific discharge pressures.

J9-7 = +5VDC return

J9-2 = drain (shield connection = 0VDC)

The suction transducers have a range from 0 to 400 PSIG (27.5 barg). The output will be linear from 0.5VDC to 4.5VDC over the 400 PSIG (27.5 barg) range. Following is a formula that can be used to verify the voltage output of the transducer. All voltage reading are in reference to ground (unit case).

V = (Pressure in PSIG x .02) + .5

or

V = (Pressure in barg x .29) + .5

where V = DC voltage input to microprocessor

Pressure = pressure sensed by transducer

Following are the I/O board connections for the Suction Transducer.

#### **System 1 Suction Transducer**

J7-5 = +5VDC regulated supply to transducer.

J7-10 = VDC input signal to the microboard. See the formula above for voltage readings that correspond to specific suction pressures.

J7-9 = +5VDC return.

J7-1 = drain (shield connection = 0VDC).

### **System 2 Suction Transducer**

J9-5 = +5VDC regulated supply to transducer.

J9-10 = VDC input signal to the microboard. See the formula above for voltage readings that correspond to specific suction pressures.

J7-9 = +5VDC return.

J7-11 = drain (shield connection = 0VDC).

## **Digital Outputs**

Refer to the unit wiring diagram and *Figure 40 on page 180*. The digital outputs are located on TB7, TB8, and TB9 and TB-10 of the microboard. All outputs are 120VAC with the exception of TB8-6 to TB8-7 which are the contacts that can be used for a remote evaporator pump start signal. The voltage applied to either of these terminals would be determined by field wiring.

179

Each output is controlled by the microprocessor by switching 120VAC to the respective output connection energizing contactors, evaporator heater, and solenoids according to the operating sequence.

120VAC is supplied to the I/O board via connections at TB7-1, TB7-6, TB10-1, TB10-6, TB8-1 and TB9-1. Figure 40 illustrates the relay contact architecture on the microboard.

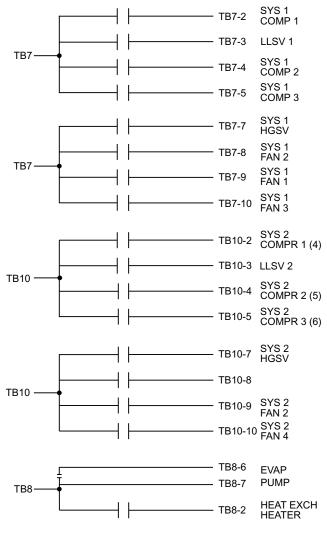


FIGURE 40 - I/O BOARD RELAY CONTACT

**ARCHITECTURE** 

#### OPTIONAL PRINTER INSTALLATION

The micro panel is capable of supplying a printout of chiller conditions or fault shutdown information at any given time. This allows operator and service personnel to obtain data and system status with the touch of the keypad. In addition to manual print selection, the micro panel will provide an automatic printout whenever a fault occurs. Detailed explanation of the print function is given under *Print Key on page 132*.

Johnson Controls recommends the field tested WEIGH-TRONIX model 1220 printer (or former IMP 24). This is a compact low cost printer that is ideal for service work and data logging.

The WEIGH-TRONIX printer can be obtained by contacting WEIGH-TRONIX for purchase information at:

**WEIGH-TRONIX** 

2320 Airport Blvd.

Santa Rosa, CA 95402

Phone: 1-800-982-6622 or 1-707-527-5555

(International Orders Only)

The part number for the printer that is packaged specifically for Quantech is P/N 950915576. The cable to connect the printer can either be locally assembled from the parts listed, or ordered directly from WEIGHTRONIX under part number 287-040018.

#### **Parts**

The following parts are required:

- 1. WEIGH-TRONIX model 1220 printer.
- 2. Desk top calculator paper, 2.25" (5.7cm) wide.
- 3. Twisted Pair Shielded Cable (minimum 3 conductor), #18 AWG stranded, 300V minimum insulation, 25 ft. (7.62m) maximum length.
- 4. One 25 pin Cannon connector and shell.
- 5. Cannon P/N DB-25P connector, or equivalent.
- 6. Cannon P/N DB-C2-J9 shell.

#### 9

### **Assembly and Wiring**

All components should be assembled and wired as shown in Figure 41. Strip the outside insulation back several inches and individual wires about 3/8" (9.5 mm) to connect the cable at the Microboard. Do not connect the shield at the printer-end of the cable.

## **Obtaining a Printout**

A printout is obtained by pressing the PRINT key on the keypad and then pressing either the OPER DATA key or HISTORY key.

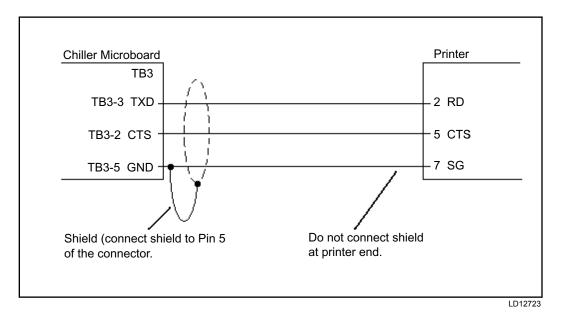


FIGURE 41 - PRINTER TO MICROBOARD ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

181

## **TROUBLESHOOTING**

**TABLE 32 - TROUBLESHOOTING** 

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
	1. No 115VAC to 24VAC Transformer.	1a. Check wiring and fuse 1FU.
		1b. Check wiring emergency stop contacts 5 to L of XTBC2 Terminal Block.
		1c. Replace Control Transformer.
	2. No 24VAC to Microboard.	Check wiring Control Transformer to Microboard.
	Control Transformer defective, no 24VAC output.	3. Replace Control Transformer.
NO DISPLAY ON PANEL. UNIT WILL NOT OPERATE	4. Short in wire to temp. sensors or pressure transducers.	4. Unplug connections at IPU II & I/O Board to isolate.
	Defective IPU II & I/O Board or the Display Board.	5. Replace IPU II & I/O Board or the Display Board.
		Contact Quantech Service before replacing circuit Boards!
	No chilled liquid flow.	Check chilled liquid flow.
	Flow switch improperly installed.	Check that the flow switch is installed according to manufacturer's instructions.
FLOW SWITCH/REM STOP NO RUN PERMISSIVE	3. Defective flow switch.	3. Replace flow switch.
	4. Remote cycling device open.	Check cycling devices connected to terminals 13 and 14 of the XTBC1 Terminal Block.
	Improper suction pressure cutouts adjustments.	Adjust per recommended settings.
	2. Low refrigerant charge.	2. Repair leak if necessary and add refrigerant.
	3. Fouled filter dryer.	3. Change dryer/core.
	4. TXV defective.	4. Replace TXV.
LOW SUCTION PRESSURE FAULT	Reduced flow of chilled liquid through the cooler.	5. Check GPM (See Operational Limitations (English) on page 43). Check operation of pump, clean pump strainer, purge chilled liquid system of air.
	Defective suction pressure transducer/low pressure switch or wiring.	6. Replace transducer/low pressure switch or faulty switch or wiring. Refer to SECTION 9  - SERVICE AND TROUBLESHOOTING for pressure/voltage formula.
	7. LLSV defective	7. Replace LLSV
	Condenser fans not operating or operating backwards.	Check fan motor, and contactors. Assure fan blows air upward.
	2. Too much refrigerant.	2. Remove refrigerant.
HIGH DISCHARGE PRESSURE	3. Air in refrigerant system.	3. Evacuate and recharge system.
FAULT	Defective discharge pressure transducer.	4. Replace discharge pressure transducer. Refer to SECTION 9 – SERVICE AND TROUBLESHOOTING for pressure/voltage formula on page 179.

TABLE 32 - TROUBLESHOOTING (CONT'D)

PROBLEM	ROBLEM CAUSE SOLUTION		
	Improperly adjusted leaving chilled liquid temp. cutout (glycol only).	Re-program the leaving chilled liquid temp.     cutout.	
	Micro panel setpoint/range values improperly programmed.	2. Re-adjust setpoint/range.	
LOW LIQUID TEMP FAULT	3. Chilled liquid flow too low.	Increase chilled liquid flow. Refer to     Operational Limitations (English) on page     43).	
	4. Defective LWT or RWT sensor (assure the sensor is properly installed in the bottom of the well with a generous amount of heat) conductive compound).	4. Compare sensor against a known good Temperature sensing device. Refer to <i>Table</i> 30 on page 178	
	Compressor internal motor protector (MP) open.	Verify refrigerant charge is not low. Verify superheat setting of 10 °F to 15 °F (5.6 °C to 8.3 °C). Verify correct compressor rotation. Verify compressor is not overloaded.	
MP / HPCO FAULT	2. External overload tripped.	2. Determine cause and reset.	
	3. HPCO switch open.	3. See High Press. Disch. Fault.	
	4. Defective HPCO switch.	4. Replace HPCO switch.	
	5. Defective CR relay.	5. Replace relay.	
	Demand not great enough.	No problem. Consult Installation Manual to aid in understanding compressor operation and capacity control.	
COMPRESSOR(S) WON'T START	Defective water temperature sensor.	2. Compare the display with a thermometer. Should be within plus or minus 2 degrees. Refer to Table 30 on page 178 for RWT/ LWT temp./voltage table.	
	3. Contactor/Overload failure.	3. Replace defective part.	
	4. Compressor failure.	4. Diagnose cause of failure and replace.	
	Fouled evaporator surface.  Low suction pressure will be observed.	Contact the local Quantech service representative.	
LACK OF COOLING EFFECT	Improper flow through the evaporator.	Reduce flow to within chiller design specs.     See Operational Limitations (English) on page 43).	
	Low refrigerant charge. Low suction pressure will be observed.	Check subcooling and add charge as needed.	

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

# 10

### **SECTION 10 – MAINTENANCE**

It is the responsibility of the equipment owner to perform maintenance on the system.

### **Important**

If system failure occurs due to improper maintenance during the warranty period, Quantech will not be liable for costs incurred to return the system to satisfactory operation. The following is intended only as a guide and covers only the chiller unit components. It does not cover other related system components which may or may not be furnished by Quantech. System components should be maintained according to the individual manufacture's recommendations as their operation will affect the operation of the chiller.

#### **COMPRESSORS**

#### Oil Level check

The oil level can only be tested when the compressor is running in stabilized conditions, to ensure that there is no liquid refrigerant in the lower shell of the compressor. When the compressor is running at stabilized conditions, the oil level must be between 1/4 and 3/4 in the oil sight glass. At shutdown, it is acceptable if the oil level falls to the bottom limit of the oil sight glass.



Use YORK "V" oil for Copeland compressor and "PVE" oil for Bitzer Compressor.

#### Oil Analysis

The oil used in these compressors is pale yellow in color (POE oil). If the oil color darkens or exhibits a change in color, this may be an indication of contaminants in the refrigerant system. If this occurs, an oil sample should be taken and analyzed. If contaminants are present, the system must be cleaned to prevent compressor failure.



Never use the scroll compressor to pump the refrigerant system down into a vacuum. Doing so will cause internal arcing of the compressor motor which will result in failure of compressor.

#### **CONDENSER FAN MOTORS**

Condenser fan motors are permanently lubricated and require no maintenance.

#### **Condenser MCHX**

Dirt should not be allowed to accumulate on the MCHX condenser surfaces. Cleaning should be as often as necessary to keep coils clean.



Exercise care when cleaning the MCHX so that the fins are not damaged.

#### **CONDENSER MCHX CLEANING**

The cleaning procedure for the condenser MCHX is significantly different than tube and fin type MCHX. Care must be taken to understand the differences to avoid damage to the MCHX. These differences require a number of DO NOT's that must be observed:

- DO NOT use coil cleaners or any chemical on a MCHX. This can cause severe damage to the coils.
- DO NOT use a pressure washer to clean the MCHX. While it is possible to clean a the MCHX with a pressure washer, it's also possible to destroy it.
- DO NOT contact the MCHX with a hard surface such as a hose nozzle or metal vacuum nozzle or any other tool.

Follow the three steps below for cleaning the MCHX:

1. Remove surface debris such as dirt, leaves, insects, fibers, etc. with a vacuum cleaner having a soft attachment rather than a metal tube. Compressed air blown from the inside out can also be used. When brushing debris off the face of the MCHX a soft bristle (not wire) brush can be used. Do not scrape the MCHX with the vacuum nozzle, air nozzle, or any other tool.

FORM QTC3-NM1 (916) ISSUE DATE 9/30/2016

- 2. Rinse the MCHX with tap water. Do not use MCHX cleaners. Rinse the coil from the inside out, running water through every passage in the heat exchanger surface until it is clean. Use a gentle spray from a spray nozzle with a plastic end or put your finger on the end of the spray nozzle to reduce impact and provide a gentle spray.
- 3. Because of the fin geometry, the condenser MCHX retain water more than tube and fin style. It is generally recommended to blow or vacuum out the rinse water from the MCHX to speed drying and prevent water pooling.

#### **OPERATING PARAMETERS**

Regular checks of the system should be preformed to ensure that operating temperatures and pressures are within limitations, and that the operating controls are set within proper limits. Refer to *SECTION 8 – UNIT OPERATION*, *SECTION 6 – COMMISSIONING*, and *SECTION 4 – INSTALLATION* of this manual.

#### **ON-BOARD BATTERY BACK-UP**

The Real Time Clock chip (U5) located on the 031-02630 IPU II board that maintains the date/time and stores customer programmed setpoints.



Do not confuse JP1 on the IPU II (031-02630) board with JP1 on the I/O (031-02550) board.

## BRAZED PLATE HEAT EXCHANGER (EVAPORATOR) HEATER



The internal power supply to the Evaporator Heater is 120VAC. Disconnecting 120VAC power from the unit, at or below freezing temperatures, can result in damage to the evaporator and unit as a result of the chilled liquid freezing.

#### **OVERALL UNIT INSPECTION**

In addition to the checks listed on this page, periodic overall inspections of the unit should be accomplished to ensure proper equipment operation. Items such as loose hardware, component operation, refrigerant leaks, unusual noises, etc. should be investigated and corrected immediately.

## 10

## **TEMPERATURE CONVERSION CHART**

# Temperature Conversion Chart - Actual Temperatures

°F :	0.0	°C :	۰,-
	= °C		= °F
0	-17.8	-18	-0.4
4	-15.6	-16	3.2
8 12	-13.3 -11.1	-14 -12	6.8 10.4
16	-8.9	-12 -10	10.4
20	-6.7	-10	17.6
24	-0.7 -4.4	-6	21.2
28	-2.2	-4	24.8
32	0.0	-2	28.4
36	2.2	0	32
40	4.4	2	35.6
44	6.7	4	39.2
48	8.9	6	42.8
52	11.1	8	46.4
56	13.3	10	50
60	15.6	12	53.6
64	17.8	14	57.2
68	20.0	16	60.8
72	22.2	18	64.4
76	24.4	20	68
80	26.7	22	71.6
84	28.9	24	75.2
88	31.1	26	78.8
92	33.3	28	82.4
96	35.6	30	86
100	37.8	32	89.6
104	40.0	34	93.2
108	42.2	36	96.8
112	44.4	38	100.4
116	46.7	40	104
120	48.9	42	107.6
124	51.1	44	111.2
128 132	53.3 55.6	46 48	114.8 118.4
136	57.8	50	122
140	60.0	52	125.6
144	62.2	54	129.2
148	64.4	56	132.8
152	66.7	58	136.4
156	68.9	60	140
160	71.1	62	143.6
164	73.3	64	147.2
168	75.6	66	150.8
172	77.8	68	154.4
176	80.0	70	158
180	82.2	72	161.6
184	84.4	74	165.2
188	86.7	76	168.8
192	88.9	78	172.4
196	91.1	80	176
200	93.3	82	179.6
204	95.6	84	183.2
208	97.8	86	186.8
212	100.0	88	190.4
216	102.2	90	194
220	104.4	92	197.6
224	106.7	94 06	201.2
228 232	108.9 111.1	96 98	204.8 208.4
232	113.3	100	212
240	115.6	102	212
244	117.8	102	219.2
<b>∠</b> -1⊤	117.0	107	210.2

## Temperature Conversion Chart - Differential Temperatures

°F =	· °C	°C :	= °F
0	0	0	0
4	2.2	2	3.6
8	4.4	4	7.2
12	6.7	6	10.8
16	8.9	8	14.4
20	11.1	10	18
24	13.3	12	21.6
28	15.6	14	25.2
32	17.8	16	28.8
36	20	18	32.4
40	22.2	20	36
44	24.4	22	39.6
48	26.7	24	43.2
52	28.9	26	46.8
56	31.1	28	50.4
60	33.3	30	54

## Pressure Conversion Chart - Gauge or Differential

PSI	= BAR	BAR	= PSI
20	1.38	1.5	21.8
30	2.07	2	29
40	2.76	2.5	36.3
50	3.45	3	43.5
60	4.14	3.5	50.8
70	4.83	4	58
80	5.52	4.5	65.3
90	6.21	5	72.5
100	6.9	5.5	79.8
110	7.59	6	87
120	8.28	6.5	94.3
130	8.97	7	101.5
140	9.66	7.5	108.8
150	10.34	8	116
160	11.03	8.5	123.3
170	11.72	9	130.5
180	12.41	9.5	137.8
190	13.1	10	145
200	13.79	10.5	152.3
210	14.48	11	159.5
220	15.17	11.5	166.8
230	15.86	12	174
240	16.55	12.5	181.3
250	17.24	13	188.5
260	17.93	13.5	195.8
270	18.62	14	203
280	19.31	14.5	210.3
290	20	15	217.5
300	20.69	15.5	224.8
310	21.38	16	232
320	22.07	16.5	239.3
330	22.76	17	246.5
340	23.45	17.5	253.8
350	24.14	18	261
360	24.83	18.5	268.3
370	25.52	19	275.5
380	26.21	19.5	282.8
390	26.9	20	290
400	27.59	20.5	297.3

## R-410A PRESSURE TEMPERATURE CHART

PSIG	TEMP °F	PSIG	TEMP °F
0	-60	78	20
2	-58	80	21
4	-54	85	24
6	-50	90	26
8	-46	95	29
10	-42	100	32
12	-39	105	34
14	-36	110	36
16	-33	115	39
18	-30	120	41
20	-28	125	43
22	-26	130	45
24	-24	135	47
26	-20	140	49
28	-18	145	51
30	-16	150	53
32	-14	160	57
34	-12	170	60
36	-10	180	64
38	-8	190	67
40	-6	200	70
42	-4	210	73
44	-3	220	76
46	-2	225	78
48	0	235	80
50	1	245	83
52	3	255	85
54	4	265	88
56	6	275	90
58	7	285	92
60	8	295	95
62	10	305	97
64	11	325	101
66	13	355	108
68	14	375	112
70	15	405	118
72	16	500	134
74	17	600	149
76	19	700	159

The following factors can be used to convert from English to the most common SI Metric values.

**TABLE 33 - SI METRIC CONVERSION** 

MEASUREMENT	MULTIPLY ENGLISH UNIT	BY FACTOR	TO OBTAIN METRIC UNIT
Capacity	Tons Refrigerant Effect (ton)	3.516	Kilowatts (kW)
Power	Horsepower	0.7457	Kilowatts (kW)
Flow Rate	Gallons / Minute (gpm)	0.0631	Liters / Second (I/s)
l an oth	Feet (ft)	0.3048	Meters (m)
Length	Inches (in)	25.4	Millimeters (mm)
Weight	Pounds (lbs)	0.4538	Kilograms (kg)
Velocity	Feet / Second (fps)	0.3048	Meters / Second (m/s)
Pressure Drop	Feet of Water (ft)	2.989	Kilopascals (kPa)
	Pounds / Square Inch (psi)	6.895	Kilopascals (kPa)

#### **TEMPERATURE**

To convert degrees Fahrenheit (°F) to degrees Celsius (°C), subtract 32° and multiply by 5/9 or 0.5556.

Example:  $(45.0^{\circ}\text{F} - 32^{\circ}) \times 0.5556 = 7.22^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

To convert a temperature range (i.e., a range of 10°F) from Fahrenheit to Celsius, multiply by 5/9 or 0.5556.

Example: 10.0°F range x 0.5556 = 5.6 °C range

