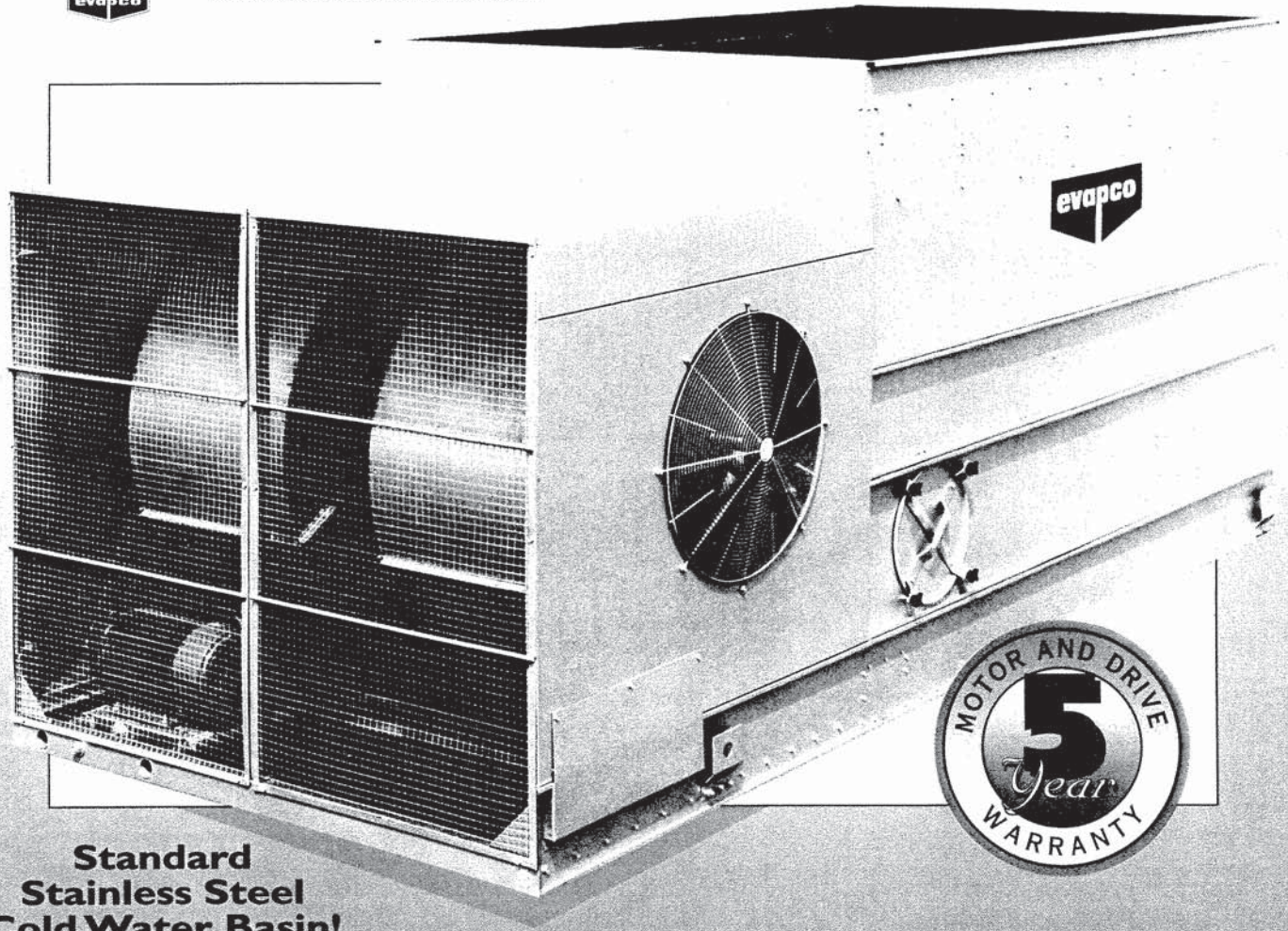


LRT

COOLING TOWER



Member MCAA
Mechanical Contractors Association of America



**Standard
Stainless Steel
Cold Water Basin!**



**THERMAL PERFORMANCE
27 TO 33 I NOMINAL TONS**



LRT Cooling Tower – Another Product Innovation from EVAPCO

The LRT Cooling Tower is a combination of EVAPCO's extensive forced draft cooling tower experience and engineered solutions design philosophy. The result is the easiest forced-draft cooling tower to maintain and operate. The LRT Cooling Tower's superior engineering design offers:

Contractor Features

- Low Rigging Cost
- Low Installation Cost
- Quick Connect Piping

Owner Features

- Low Maintenance
- Low Silhouette
- 5 Year Motor and Drive Warranty

All these features and more ...

THE LRT IS STANDARD WITH A STAINLESS STEEL COLD WATER BASIN AND STRAINERS!

THE LRT IS THE QUIETEST LOW SILHOUETTE COOLING TOWER IN THE INDUSTRY!

Solves Cooling Tower Sound Concerns!

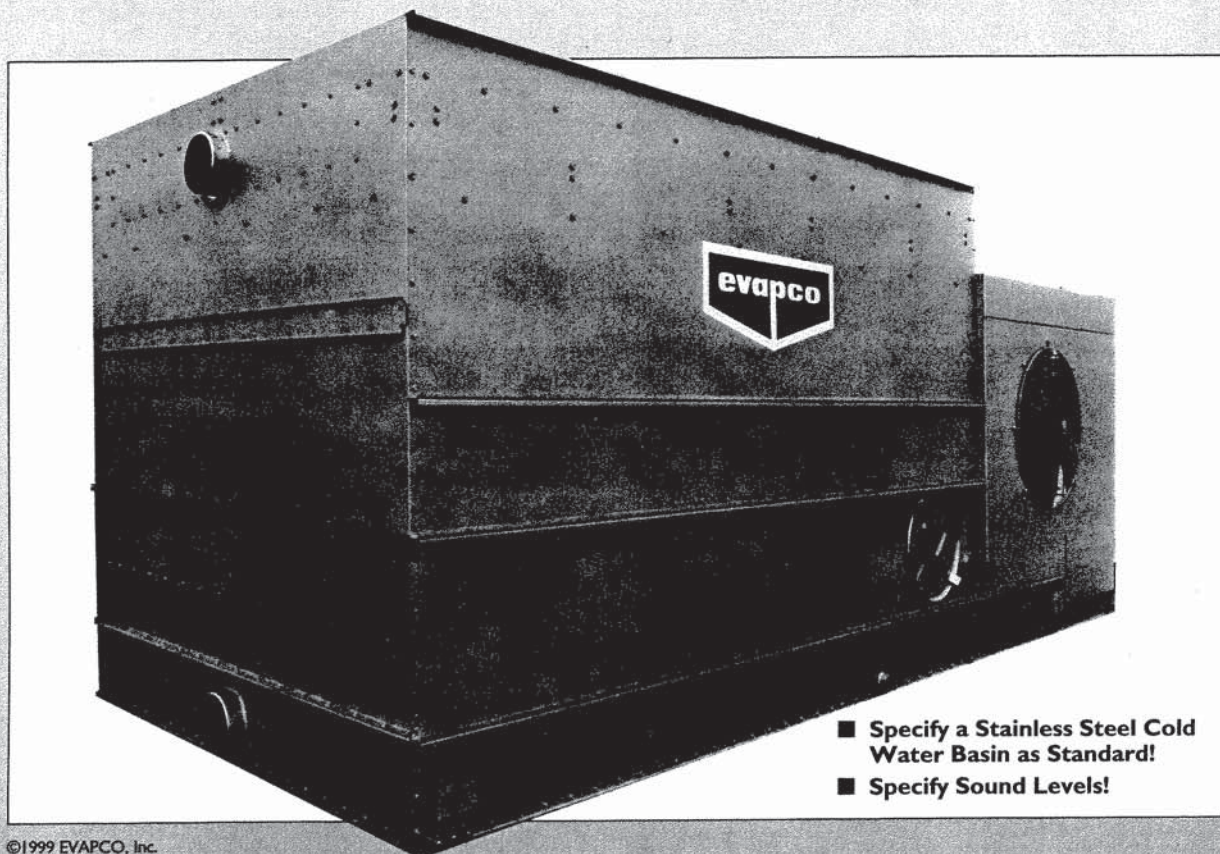
Following EVAPCO's philosophy of "Taking Quality and Service to a Higher Level", EVAPCO's standard stainless steel cold water basin and low sound design takes industry standards in product quality to a higher level.

The stainless steel cold water basin and strainers will:

- Provide Protection from the Effects of Corrosion
- Extend the Life of the Cooling Tower Without the Need for Future Basin Repairs.

The low sound design provides:

- Standard Cooling Tower Sound Levels Lower than Most Sound Ordinances Found in the U.S.
- Sound Pressure Levels Lower than the Competitions Comparable Product



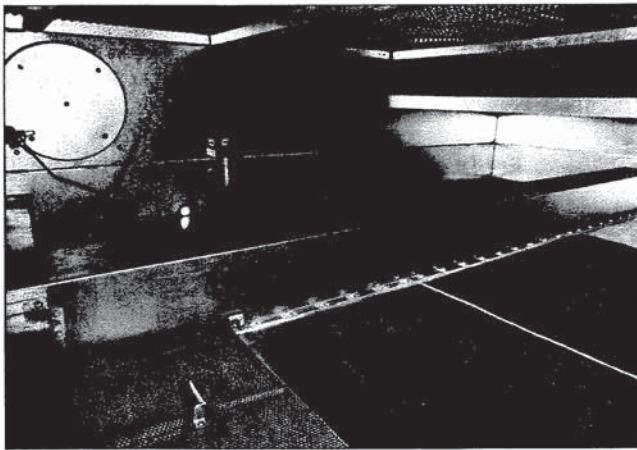
- Specify a Stainless Steel Cold Water Basin as Standard!
- Specify Sound Levels!

LRT Cooling Tower Maintenance Accessibility

Stainless Steel Cold Water Basin Access

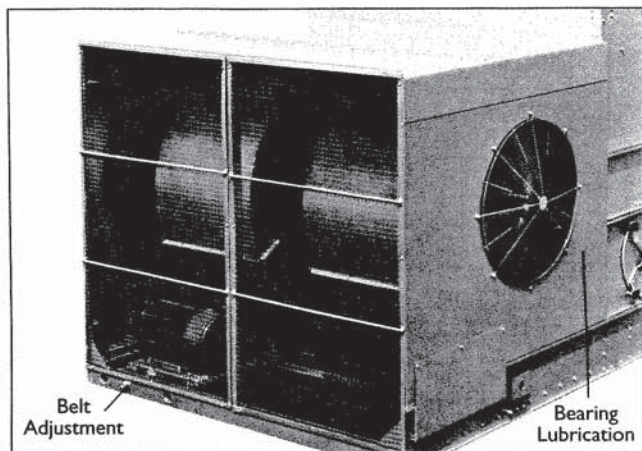
The LRT stainless steel cold water basin can be easily maintained from the side of the cooling tower through large, circular access doors. The unique stepped configuration of the LRT heat transfer section allows unimpeded access to the basin to allow adjustment of the float assembly, removal of the stainless steel strainers and basin cleaning.

This feature is not found on any other manufacturer's products.



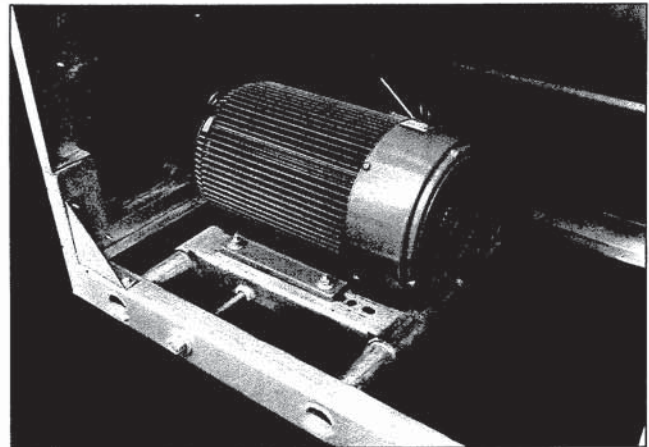
Mechanical Drive System Access

The LRT mechanical drive system is easy to maintain. Bearing lubrication and belt adjustment can be performed from outside the unit. There is no need to remove fan screens to maintain important drive components. In addition, the locking mechanism used to maintain belt tension can also work as a wrench to adjust the belt.



Motor Location

All LRT models have TEFC motors mounted on adjustable motor bases, similar in design to the large EVAPCO AT Cooling Tower Drive System. This same technology has been utilized in the LRT design to allow belt adjustment to be performed externally. In addition, the motor is located under the protective fan system enclosure and can be easily accessed by removing one air inlet screen.



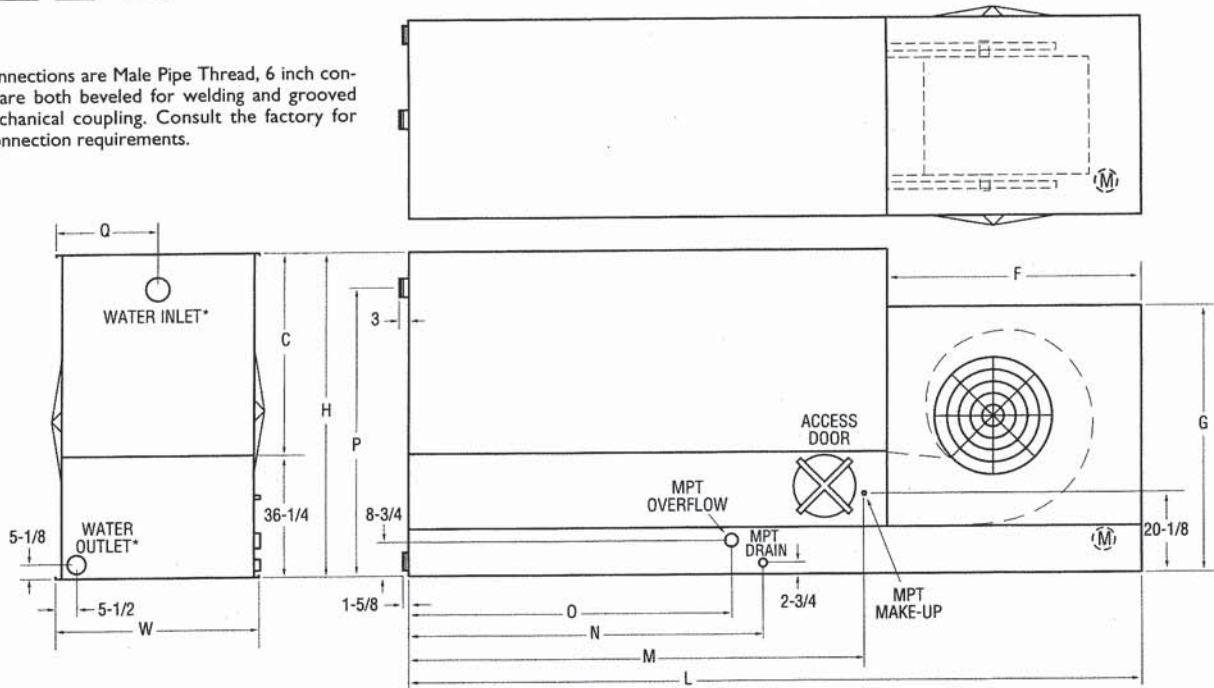
Fan Access-Split Housing

Another unique feature of the LRT Cooling Towers are split fan housings. The split fan housing on the LRT allows quick removal of the fans from the front end of the unit. This feature allows fan removal when units are placed side by side where space is minimal.



LRT Engineering Data and Dimensions

* 4 inch connections are Male Pipe Thread, 6 inch connections are both beveled for welding and grooved for a mechanical coupling. Consult the factory for special connection requirements.



Low Silhouette Cooling Towers

Models LRT 3-61 to 5-127

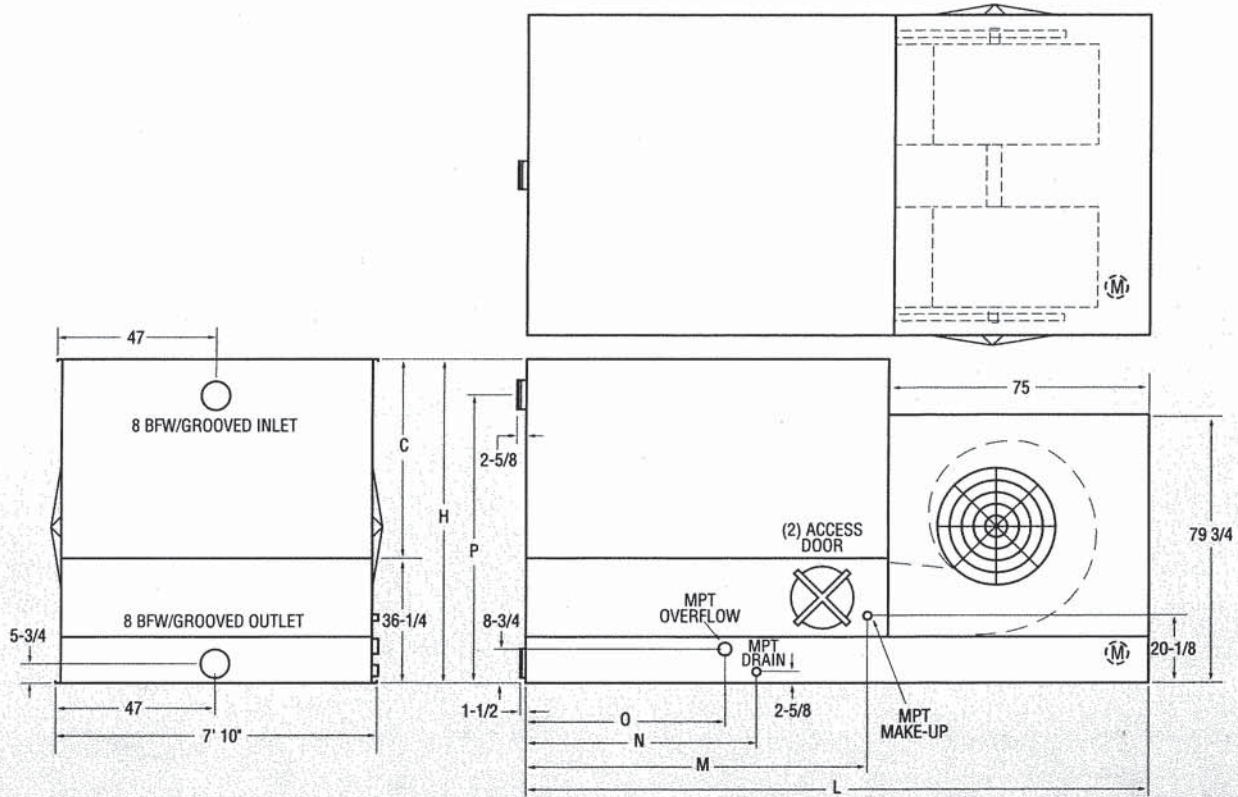
MODEL NO.	WEIGHT		FANS			DIMENSIONS											CONNECTIONS (IN)				
	SHIPPING	OPERATING	NO.	MOTOR HP	CFM	H	W	L	P	Q	C	O	N	M	F	G	WATER IN	WATER OUT	MAKE UP	DRAIN	OVER FLOW
LRT 3-61	1510	2490	1	1	7020	6' 10-1/2"	3' 4-1/2"	10' 1-7/8"	6' 1-7/8"	1' 8-1/4"	3' 10-1/4"	2' 1/4"	2' 8-1/2"	5' 6"	4' 2"	5' 3-3/8"	4	4	1	2	2
LRT 3-62	1520	2490	1	2	8850	6' 10-1/2"	3' 4-1/2"	10' 1-7/8"	6' 1-7/8"	1' 8-1/4"	3' 10-1/4"	2' 1/4"	2' 8-1/2"	5' 6"	4' 2"	5' 3-3/8"	4	4	1	2	2
LRT 3-63	1530	2510	1	3	10130	6' 10-1/2"	3' 4-1/2"	10' 1-7/8"	6' 1-7/8"	1' 8-1/4"	3' 10-1/4"	2' 1/4"	2' 8-1/2"	5' 6"	4' 2"	5' 3-3/8"	4	4	1	2	2
LRT 3-64	1620	2590	1	3	9940	6' 10-1/2"	3' 4-1/2"	10' 1-7/8"	6' 1-7/8"	1' 8-1/4"	3' 10-1/4"	2' 1/4"	2' 8-1/2"	5' 6"	4' 2"	5' 3-3/8"	4	4	1	2	2
LRT 3-65	1630	2600	1	5	11780	6' 10-1/2"	3' 4-1/2"	10' 1-7/8"	6' 1-7/8"	1' 8-1/4"	3' 10-1/4"	2' 1/4"	2' 8-1/2"	5' 6"	4' 2"	5' 3-3/8"	4	4	1	2	2
LRT 3-66	1670	2640	1	7.5	13490	6' 10-1/2"	3' 4-1/2"	10' 1-7/8"	6' 1-7/8"	1' 8-1/4"	3' 10-1/4"	2' 1/4"	2' 8-1/2"	5' 6"	4' 2"	5' 3-3/8"	4	4	1	2	2
LRT 5-61	2320	4040	1	3	14880	6' 10-5/8"	5' 5/8"	12' 2-3/4"	6' 1-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	3' 10-3/8"	2' 1/4"	2' 7-5/8"	5' 6"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	4	4	1	2	3
LRT 5-62	2330	4050	1	5	17640	6' 10-5/8"	5' 5/8"	12' 2-3/4"	6' 1-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	3' 10-3/8"	2' 1/4"	2' 7-5/8"	5' 6"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	4	4	1	2	3
LRT 5-63	2470	4190	1	3	14560	7' 10-5/8"	5' 5/8"	12' 2-3/4"	7' 1-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	4' 10-3/8"	2' 1/4"	2' 7-5/8"	5' 6"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	4	4	1	2	3
LRT 5-64	2410	4130	1	5	17320	7' 10-5/8"	5' 5/8"	12' 2-3/4"	7' 1-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	4' 10-3/8"	2' 1/4"	2' 7-5/8"	5' 6"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	4	4	1	2	3
LRT 5-65	2370	4100	1	7.5	20210	6' 10-5/8"	5' 5/8"	12' 2-3/4"	6' 1-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	3' 10-3/8"	2' 1/4"	2' 7-5/8"	5' 6"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	4	4	1	2	3
LRT 5-66	2400	4120	1	7.5	19960	6' 10-5/8"	5' 5/8"	12' 2-3/4"	6' 1-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	3' 10-3/8"	2' 1/4"	2' 7-5/8"	5' 6"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	4	4	1	2	3
LRT 5-67	2480	4210	1	10	21300	6' 10-5/8"	5' 5/8"	12' 2-3/4"	6' 1-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	3' 10-3/8"	2' 1/4"	2' 7-5/8"	5' 6"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	4	4	1	2	3
LRT 5-68	2520	4240	1	7.5	19750	7' 10-5/8"	5' 5/8"	12' 2-3/4"	7' 1-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	4' 10-3/8"	2' 1/4"	2' 7-5/8"	5' 6"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	4	4	1	2	3
LRT 5-69	2560	4280	1	10	21300	7' 10-5/8"	5' 5/8"	12' 2-3/4"	7' 1-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	4' 10-3/8"	2' 1/4"	2' 7-5/8"	5' 6"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	4	4	1	2	3
LRT 5-91	2820	5430	1	10	26470	7' 5/8"	5' 5/8"	15' 2-1/4"	6' 2-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	4' 3/8"	4' 11-5/8"	5' 7-1/8"	8' 5-1/4"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	6	6	1	2	3
LRT 5-92	2930	5530	1	15	30290	7' 5/8"	5' 5/8"	15' 2-1/4"	6' 2-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	4' 3/8"	4' 11-5/8"	5' 7-1/8"	8' 5-1/4"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	6	6	1	2	3
LRT 5-93	2990	5590	1	15	29960	7' 5/8"	5' 5/8"	15' 2-1/4"	6' 2-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	4' 3/8"	4' 11-5/8"	5' 7-1/8"	8' 5-1/4"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	6	6	1	2	3
LRT 5-94	3000	5600	1	20	32110	7' 5/8"	5' 5/8"	15' 2-1/4"	6' 2-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	4' 3/8"	4' 11-5/8"	5' 7-1/8"	8' 5-1/4"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	6	6	1	2	3
LRT 5-95	3170	5770	1	15	29590	8' 5/8"	5' 5/8"	15' 2-1/4"	7' 2-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	5' 3/8"	4' 11-5/8"	5' 7-1/8"	8' 5-1/4"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	6	6	1	2	3
LRT 5-96	3240	5830	1	20	32110	8' 5/8"	5' 5/8"	15' 2-1/4"	7' 2-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	5' 3/8"	4' 11-5/8"	5' 7-1/8"	8' 5-1/4"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	6	6	1	2	3
LRT 5-121	3440	6990	1	15	32190	7' 5/8"	5' 5/8"	18' 2-5/8"	6' 2-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	4' 3/8"	8'	8' 7-1/2"	11' 5-5/8"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	6	6	1	2	3
LRT 5-122	3450	7010	1	20	35460	7' 5/8"	5' 5/8"	18' 2-5/8"	6' 2-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	4' 3/8"	8'	8' 7-1/2"	11' 5-5/8"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	6	6	1	2	3
LRT 5-123	3460	7020	1	25	38170	7' 5/8"	5' 5/8"	18' 2-5/8"	6' 2-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	4' 3/8"	8'	8' 7-1/2"	11' 5-5/8"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	6	6	1	2	3
LRT 5-124	3490	7040	1	30	40550	7' 5/8"	5' 5/8"	18' 2-5/8"	6' 2-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	4' 3/8"	8'	8' 7-1/2"	11' 5-5/8"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	6	6	1	2	3
LRT 5-125	3700	7250	1	25	37890	8' 5/8"	5' 5/8"	18' 2-5/8"	7' 2-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	5' 3/8"	8'	8' 7-1/2"	11' 5-5/8"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	6	6	1	2	3
LRT 5-126	3720	7270	1	30	40280	8' 5/8"	5' 5/8"	18' 2-5/8"	8' 2-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	5' 3/8"	8'	8' 7-1/2"	11' 5-5/8"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	6	6	1	2	3
LRT 5-127	3980	7520	1	30	40110	9' 5/8"	5' 5/8"	18' 2-5/8"	7' 2-7/8"	2' 6-3/8"	6' 3/8"	8'	8' 7-1/2"	11' 5-5/8"	6' 3"	6' 6-3/4"	6	6	1	2	3

Notes:

- 1) An adequately sized bleed line must be installed in the cooling tower system to prevent buildup of impurities in the recirculated water.
- 2) Do not use catalog drawings for certified prints. Dimensions subject to change.
- 3) For external static pressure up to 1/2", use next size fan motor.



LRT Engineering Data and Dimensions



Low Silhouette Cooling Towers

Models LRT 8-91 to 8-128

MODEL NO.	WEIGHT		FANS			DIMENSIONS						CONNECTIONS (IN)					
	SHIPPING	OPERATING	NO.	MOTOR HP	CFM	H	L	P	C	O	N	M	WATER IN	WATER OUT	MAKE UP	DRAIN	OVER FLOW
LRT 8-91	4220	8530	2	20	49270	6' 11-1/2"	15' 2-1/4"	6' 5/8"	3' 11-1/4"	4' 11-1/2"	5' 7-1/2"	8' 5-1/4"	8	8	1	2	3
LRT 8-92	4290	8600	2	15	41610	6' 11-1/2"	15' 2-1/4"	6' 5/8"	3' 11-1/4"	4' 11-1/2"	5' 7-1/2"	8' 5-1/4"	8	8	1	2	3
LRT 8-93	4220	8530	2	20	46850	6' 11-1/2"	15' 2-1/4"	6' 5/8"	3' 11-1/4"	4' 11-1/2"	5' 7-1/2"	8' 5-1/4"	8	8	1	2	3
LRT 8-94	4460	8770	2	15	41020	7' 11-1/2"	15' 2-1/4"	7' 5/8"	4' 11-1/4"	4' 11-1/2"	5' 7-1/2"	8' 5-1/4"	8	8	1	2	3
LRT 8-95	4320	8630	2	25	49340	6' 11-1/2"	15' 2-1/4"	6' 5/8"	3' 11-1/4"	4' 11-1/2"	5' 7-1/2"	8' 5-1/4"	8	8	1	2	3
LRT 8-96	4340	8650	2	30	51110	6' 11-1/2"	15' 2-1/4"	6' 5/8"	3' 11-1/4"	4' 11-1/2"	5' 7-1/2"	8' 5-1/4"	8	8	1	2	3
LRT 8-97	4490	8790	2	25	48680	7' 11-1/2"	15' 2-1/4"	7' 5/8"	4' 11-1/4"	4' 11-1/2"	5' 7-1/2"	8' 5-1/4"	8	8	1	2	3
LRT 8-121	4760	10610	2	25	57240	6' 11-1/2"	18' 2-5/8"	6' 5/8"	3' 11-1/4"	7' 11-7/8"	8' 6-7/8"	11' 5-3/4"	8	8	2	2	3
LRT 8-122	4830	10670	2	30	59530	6' 11-1/2"	18' 2-5/8"	6' 5/8"	3' 11-1/4"	7' 11-7/8"	8' 6-7/8"	11' 5-3/4"	8	8	2	2	3
LRT 8-123	5080	10920	2	40	66940	6' 11-1/2"	18' 2-5/8"	6' 5/8"	3' 11-1/4"	7' 11-7/8"	8' 6-7/8"	11' 5-3/4"	8	8	2	2	3
LRT 8-124	5110	10960	2	30	58650	7' 11-1/2"	18' 2-5/8"	7' 5/8"	4' 11-1/4"	7' 11-7/8"	8' 6-7/8"	11' 5-3/4"	8	8	2	2	3
LRT 8-125	5190	11030	2	50	68790	6' 11-1/2"	18' 2-5/8"	6' 5/8"	3' 11-1/4"	7' 11-7/8"	8' 6-7/8"	11' 5-3/4"	8	8	2	2	3
LRT 8-126	5410	11250	2	40	64560	7' 11-1/2"	18' 2-5/8"	7' 5/8"	4' 11-1/4"	7' 11-7/8"	8' 6-7/8"	11' 5-3/4"	8	8	2	2	3
LRT 8-127	5520	11360	2	50	68790	7' 11-1/2"	18' 2-5/8"	7' 5/8"	4' 11-1/4"	7' 11-7/8"	8' 6-7/8"	11' 5-3/4"	8	8	2	2	3
LRT 8-128	5840	11670	2	50	68700	8' 11-1/2"	18' 2-5/8"	8' 5/8"	5' 11-1/4"	7' 11-7/8"	8' 6-7/8"	11' 5-3/4"	8	8	2	2	3

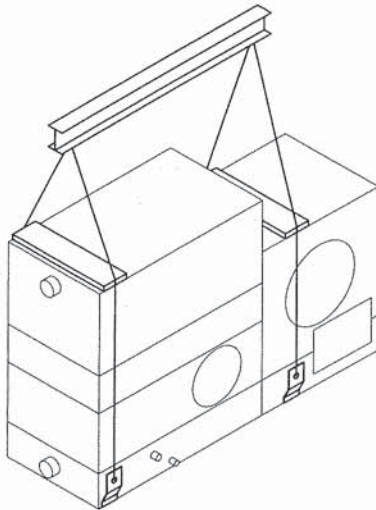
Notes:

- 1) An adequately sized bleed line must be installed in the cooling tower system to prevent buildup of impurities in the recirculated water.
- 2) Do not use catalog drawings for certified prints. Dimensions subject to change.
- 3) For external static pressure up to 1/2", use next size fan motor.

LRT Applications

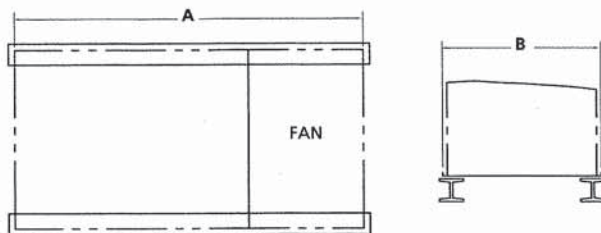
LRT Ships Factory Assembled

The compact, unitary design of the LRT Cooling Tower allows them to be shipped completely assembled. This results in lower transportation costs and no assembly requirements at the job site. Only one lift is required to rig the LRT. *Note: Options such as attenuation and discharge hoods will require additional lifts.*



Structural Steel Support

The recommended method of support for the LRT cooling tower is two structural "I" beams located under the outer flanges and running the entire length of the unit. Mounting holes 3/4" in diameter, are located at the bottom channels of the pan section to provide for bolting to the structural steel. Refer to certified drawings from the factory for bolt hole locations. See the drawing and chart below for unit dimensions.



DIMENSIONS		
Model No.	A	B
LRT 3-61 to 3-66	10' 1-7/8"	3' 4-1/2"
LRT 5-61 to 5-69	12' 2-3/4"	5' 5/8"
LRT 5-91 to 5-96	15' 2-1/4"	5' 5/8"
LRT 5-121 to 5-127	18' 2-5/8"	5' 5/8"
LRT 8-91 to 8-97	15' 2-1/4"	7' 10"
LRT 8-121 to 8-128	18' 2-5/8"	7' 10"

Note:

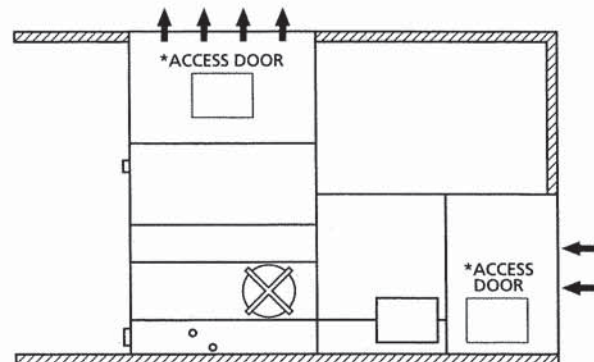
- 1) Beams should be level before setting the unit in place.
- 2) Do not level the unit by shimming between it and the "I" beams as this will not provide proper longitudinal support.
- 3) Beams should be sized in accordance with accepted structural practices. Support beams and anchor bolts are to be furnished by others.

Indoor Installation

All LRT Cooling Towers can be installed indoors where they normally require ductwork to and from the unit. The design of the ductwork should be symmetrical to provide even air distribution across both intake and discharge openings. Guidelines for Ducted Applications:

- 1) The static pressure loss imposed by the ductwork must not exceed 1/2". The fan motor size must be increased for ESP up to 1/2".
- 2) For ducted installations, the solid bottom panel option should be ordered. A blank off plate will also be provided in lieu of the side air inlet screens with this option.
- 3) * Access doors must be located in the ductwork for service to the fan drive components and water distribution system.

Drawings are available showing recommended ductwork connections. See EVAPCO's Layout Guidelines for additional information.





LRT Applications

Design

EVAPCO LRT Cooling Towers have heavy-duty construction and are designed for long, trouble-free operation. However, proper equipment selection, installation and maintenance are necessary to insure good unit performance. Some of the major considerations in the application of a cooling tower are presented below. For additional information, contact the factory.

Air Circulation

In reviewing the system design and unit location, it is important that enough fresh air is provided to enable proper unit performance. The best location is on an unobstructed roof top or on ground level away from walls and other barriers. Care must be taken when locating towers in wells or enclosures or next to high walls. The potential for recirculation of the hot, moist discharge air back into the fan intake exists. Recirculation raises the wet bulb temperature of the entering air causing the leaving water temperature to rise above design. For these cases, a discharge hood or ductwork should be provided to raise the overall unit height even with the adjacent wall, thereby reducing the chance of recirculation. For additional information see the EVAPCO Equipment Layout Manual. Engineering assistance is also available from the factory to identify potential recirculation problems and recommend solutions.

Capacity Control

The design wet bulb for which the cooling tower is sized occurs only a small percentage of the time. Unless colder water temperatures are beneficial to the process being cooled, some form of capacity control will be needed. A common control practice is to cycle the fans off when leaving water is below the minimum allowable temperature. However this does not provide close control of the leaving water temperature.

Another method is to use two-speed fan motors which add a second step of control. Two speed fan motors are an excellent method of capacity control for the LRT. This arrangement gives capacity steps of 10% (fans off), 60% (fans half-speed) and 100%. A temperature controller can be supplied to set control at 5° increments, so fairly close temperature control can be maintained without excessive cycling of the fan motor.

Two-speed motors also save operating costs. At half-speed the motor draws approximately 15% of full load power. Since maximum wet bulb and maximum load very seldom coincide on air conditioning systems, the cooling tower will actually operate at half speed 80% of the time. Thus, power costs will be reduced by approximately 85% during the major portion of the operating season.

Caution: The water circulation pump must be interlocked with the fan motor starter(s) to insure water flow over the tower fill during fan operation.

Piping

Cooling tower piping should be designed and installed in accordance with generally accepted engineering practices. All piping should be anchored by properly designed hangers

and supports with allowance made for possible expansion and contraction. No external loads should be placed upon cooling tower connections, nor should any of the pipe supports be anchored to the unit framework.

Maintaining the Recirculated Water System

The cooling in a tower is accomplished by the evaporation of a portion of the recirculated spray water. As this water evaporates, it leaves behind all of its mineral content and impurities. Therefore, it is important to bleed-off an amount of water equal to that which is evaporated to prevent the buildup of impurities. If this is not done, the mineral content and/or the corrosive nature of the water will continue to increase. This will ultimately result in heavy scaling or a corrosive condition.

Bleed-off

A bleed line should be installed in the piping, external to the unit. The bleed line must be properly sized for the application and provided with a metering connection and globe valve. The recommended bleed off for a cooling tower is equivalent to the evaporation rate of 3 gpm per 100 tons of cooling. If the make-up water supplying the unit is relatively free of impurities, it may be possible to cut back the bleed, but the unit must be checked frequently to make sure scale is not forming. Make-up water pressure must be maintained between 20 and 50 psig for proper operation of the float valve.

Water Treatment

In some cases the make-up water will be so high in mineral content that a normal bleed-off will not prevent scaling. In this cases water treatment will be required and a reputable water treatment company familiar with the local water conditions should be consulted.

Any chemical water treatment used must be compatible with the stainless and galvanized construction of the unit. The pH of the water should be maintained between 6.5 and 8.0. In order to prevent "white rust", the galvanized steel in the unit may require routine passivation of the steel when the system is operating in higher pH levels. Batch chemical feeding is not recommended because it does not afford the proper degree of control. If acid cleaning is required extreme caution must be exercised and only inhibited acids compatible with galvanized steel construction should be used.

Control of Biological Contamination

Water quality should be checked regularly for biological contamination. If biological contamination is detected, a more aggressive water treatment and mechanical cleaning program should be undertaken. The water treatment program should be performed by a qualified water treatment company. It is important that all internal surfaces be kept clean of accumulated dirt and sludge. In addition, the drift eliminators should be maintained in good operating condition.

Note: The location of the cooling tower must be considered during the equipment layout stages of a project. It is important to prevent the discharge air (potential of biological contamination) from being introduced into the fresh air intakes of the building.

LRT Optional Equipment for Low Sound Applications

Sound Attenuation Packages

The standard LRT is the quietest, low silhouette centrifugal fan cooling tower in the industry. This is achieved by providing the first stage of inlet sound attenuation as part of the LRT's standard design. The LRT drive system, including the fan housing(s), electric motors, belts, bearings and drives, is completely enclosed by a protective housing which covers the drive system and also provides a significant level of sound reduction.

If the standard LRT sound pressure level is not quiet enough for certain applications, the sound levels can be further reduced by adding various stages of sound attenuation. The sound attenuation options of the LRT can be provided in stages and will provide varying degrees of attenuation based on the stage of attenuation selected. Consult the factory for Factory Certified Sound Data for each option.

Fan Side Inlet Attenuation

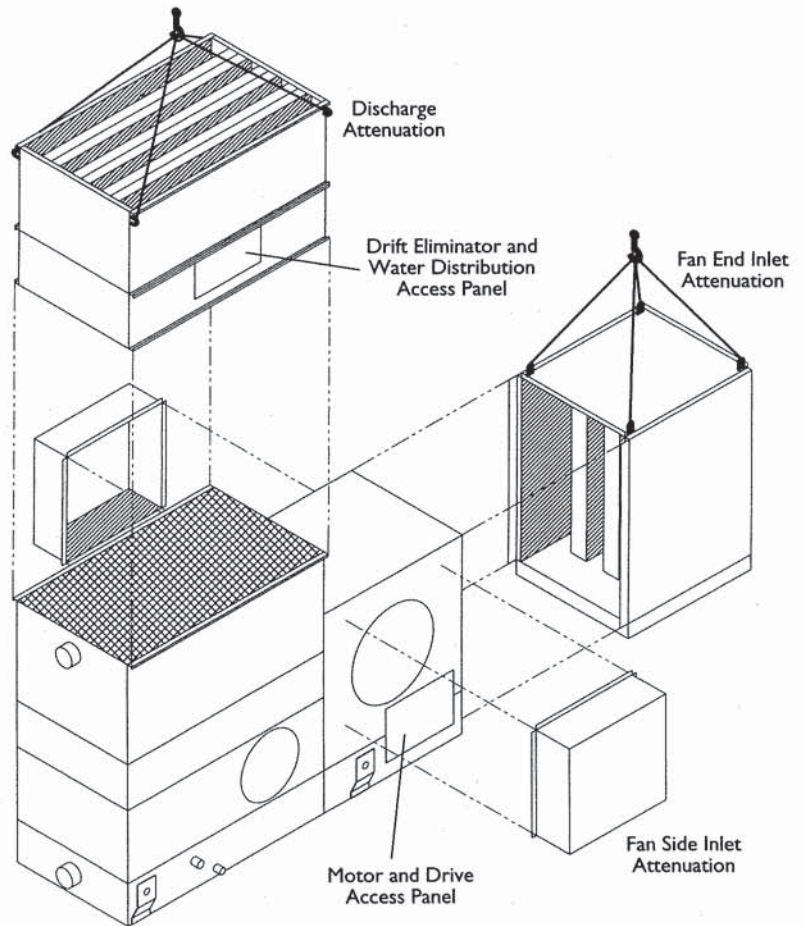
Reduces sound radiated from the fan side air intakes and has an open bottom to allow for air entry. This attenuation package ships loose to be mounted in the field on each side of the cooling tower over the fan intakes.

Fan End Inlet Attenuation

Reduces sound radiated through the end air intakes. It consists of baffled panels to change the path of the air entry and to capture the radiated noise thus reducing the overall sound levels generated. In addition, the external belt adjustment mechanism is extended through the inlet attenuator to allow easy belt adjustment without having to enter the unit.

Discharge Attenuation

The discharge attenuation hood features a straight sided design with insulated baffles to reduce the overall sound levels of the discharge air. The discharge attenuation incorporates a large access panel to allow entry to the drift eliminators and water distribution system. If a higher discharge velocity is required with minimal sound attenuation, a tapered discharge hood is available.





LRT Optional Equipment

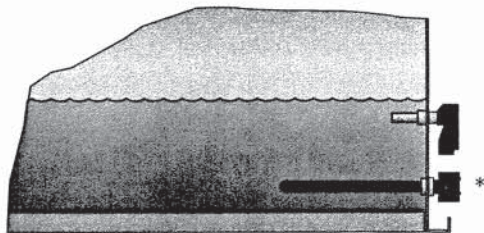
Pan Freeze Protection

Remote Sump

Whenever a cooling tower is idle during sub-freezing weather, the water in the sump must be protected from freezing and damaging the pan. The simplest and most reliable method of accomplishing this is with a remote sump tank located in a heated space in the building under the tower. With this system, the water in the tower drains to the indoor tank whenever the pump is shut-off. When a tower is ordered for remote sump operation, the standard float valve and strainer are omitted, and the unit is provided with an oversized water out connection. When a remote sump is not possible, a supplementary means of heating the pan water must be provided.

Electric Heaters

Electric immersion heaters are available factory installed in the basin of the tower. They are sized to maintain a +40°F pan water temperature at 0°F ambient with the fans off. They are furnished with a combination thermostat/low water protection device to cycle the heater on when required and to prevent the heater elements from energizing unless they are completely submerged. All components are enclosed in rugged, weather proof enclosures for outdoor use. Heater control packages are available as an option. Contact your local EVAPCO representative for further details.



BASIN HEATER

*See factory certified prints for detailed drawings.

Electric Pan Heaters

Model No.	KW
LRT 3-61 to 3-66	(1) 2
LRT 5-61 to 5-69	(1) 3
LRT 5-91 to 5-96	(1) 3
LRT 5-121 to 5-127	(1) (6)
LRT 8-91 to 8-97	(1) (7)
LRT 8-121 to 8-128	(1) (9)

* Electric heater selection based on 0°F ambient temperature. For alternate low ambient heater selections, consult the factory.

Steam or Hot Water Coils

Pan coils are available as an alternate to the electric heaters described above. Constructed of galvanized pipe installed in the cooling tower basin, they are supplied less controls and are ready for piping to an external steam or hot water source. Pan water heater controls should be interlocked with the water circulating pump to prevent their operation when the pump is energized.

Electric Water Level Control

EVAPCO LRT Cooling Towers are available with an optional electric water level control system in place of the standard mechanical makeup valve and float assembly. This package provides accurate control of the pan water level and does not require field adjustment, even under widely variable operating conditions.

The control was designed by EVAPCO and consists of multiple heavy duty stainless steel electrodes. These electrodes are mounted external to the unit in a vertical stand pipe. For winter operation, the stand pipe must be wrapped with electric heating cable and insulated to protect it from freezing. The weather protected slow closing solenoid valve for the makeup water connection is factory supplied and is ready for piping to a water supply with a pressure between 20 psig (minimum) and 50 psig.(maximum).

Vibration Isolators

The fans on EVAPCO cooling towers are balanced and run virtually vibration free. In addition, the rotating mass is very small in relation to the total mass of the cooling tower, further reducing the possibility of objectionable vibration being transmitted to the building structure. As a result, vibration isolation is generally not required.

In those cases where it is determined that vibration isolation is necessary, spring type vibration isolator rails can be furnished. The rails are constructed of heavy gauge G-235 hot-dip galvanized steel for superior corrosion resistance. Rails are designed to be mounted between the cooling tower and the supporting steel framework. They are 90% efficient and have approximately 1" static deflection. Rails are designed for wind loading up to 50 mph.

It is important to note that vibration isolation must be installed continuously along the full length of the cooling tower on both sides of the unit. Point isolators may be used between the supporting steel and the building framework, but not between the unit and the supporting steel.

Screened Bottom Panels

Protective inlet screens are provided on the front of the fan section on the LRT. Screens are not provided on the bottom of the fan section since most units are mounted on the roof or at ground level.

If units are installed in an elevated position, bottom screens are recommended for safety protection.

Other Options Available:

Capacity Dampers and Controls

Pony Motors

Ladders

Inverter Duty and 2 Speed Motors

Steam Injectors

Additional Stainless Steel Material Options

Stainless Steel Fan Shafts

Tapered Discharge Hoods

LRT Specifications

Furnish and install EVAPCO Model(s) LRT _____ Counterflow, Blow-Through Cooling Tower with single side air entry to cool _____ GPM of water from _____°F to _____°F with a _____°F entering wet bulb temperature. Unit height shall not exceed _____ feet. The tower(s) shall operate against _____ w.g. external static pressure. Cooling tower(s) shall be fully assembled with all moving parts factory mounted and aligned.

Cold Water Basin

The complete cold water shall be constructed of Type 304 stainless steel for long life and durability.

Standard cold water basin accessories shall include Type 304 stainless steel overflow, drain, anti-vortexing hood, strainers and brass make-up valve with unsinkable, foam filled plastic float. A circular access door shall be located above the basin to allow easy access to the pan interior.

The outlet shall be Type 304 stainless steel grooved for a mechanical coupling and beveled for welding or a threaded connection.

Casing and Fan Section

The casing and fan section shall be constructed of G-235 galvanized steel for long life and durability. Fan section shall include fans, motors and drives. The entire drive system (including fans, motors, sheaves and belts) shall be located in the dry entering air stream.

Centrifugal Fans and Drives

The complete drive system, including the fan housing, electric motor, belts, bearings and drives shall be completely enclosed by a protective housing which covers the drive system and provides sound reduction.

Fans shall be forwardly curved centrifugal type of hot-dip galvanized construction. The fans shall be factory installed, statically and dynamically balanced for vibration free operation. The fans shall be mounted on either a solid steel shaft or a hollow steel foamed filled shaft with forged bearing journals. The fan shaft shall be supported by heavy-duty, self aligning ball bearings with cast iron housings and lubrication fittings for maintenance. The fan drive shall be V-Belt type adjustable from outside the unit, with taper lock sheaves designed for 150% of the motor nameplate horsepower. Drives are to be mounted and aligned at the factory.

A belt adjustment device shall be provided as standard.

Fan Motor

Fan motor(s) shall be _____ Horsepower T.E.F.C. design with 1.15 service factor and suitable for outdoor installation on _____ volts, _____ hertz, and _____ phase electrical service. Motor(s) shall be mounted on an adjustable base.

Fill Section*

The cooling tower fill shall be PVC (Polyvinyl Chloride) of cross-fluted design for optimum heat transfer and efficiency. The cross-fluted sheets shall be bonded together for strength and durability. The fill shall have special drainage tips to allow high water loading and low pressure drop. The fill section shall be easily removed from the cooling tower casing section. The PVC fill shall be self-extinguishing for fire resistance with a flame spread rating of 5 per ASTM E84-81a. It shall also be resistant to rot, decay or biological attack.

Water Distribution System

The spray header and branches shall be constructed of Schedule 40 PVC (Polyvinyl Chloride) pipe for corrosion resistance and shall have a steel connection which is either beveled for weld/grooved for a mechanical coupling or threaded to attach the external piping. The water shall be distributed over the fill by precision molded threaded ABS spray nozzles with large 3/8 by 1 inch orifice openings and integral sludge ring to prevent clogging. The internal tower water distribution system piping shall be removable for cleaning and have threaded end caps to allow debris to be removed.

Eliminators

The eliminators shall be constructed of inert polyvinyl chloride (PVC) that has been specially treated to resist UV degradation. Assembled in easily handled sections, the eliminators shall incorporate three changes in air direction to assure removal of entrained moisture from the discharge air stream.

The drift rate shall not exceed .001% of the recirculated water rate.

Finish

The complete cold water basin shall be constructed of Type 304 stainless steel for maximum corrosion protection. The casing and fan section shall be constructed of G-235 heavy gauge mill hot-dip galvanized steel. During fabrication, all panel edges shall be coated with a 95% pure zinc compound.

Coated finishes shall not be acceptable.

Mechanical Equipment Warranty

The motor and drive system shall carry a 5 year warranty from the date of shipment, against defects in materials and workmanship including the fan(s), bearings, sheaves, shafts, fan motor(s) and mechanical equipment supports

* The LRT uses the patented EVAPAK® fill (U.S. Patent No. 5,124,087) which is designed to induce highly turbulent mixing of the air and water for superior heat transfer.



EVAPCO PRODUCTS ARE MANUFACTURED WORLDWIDE



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